LIBRARY BUREAU OF THE CENSUS



IC80-2-132

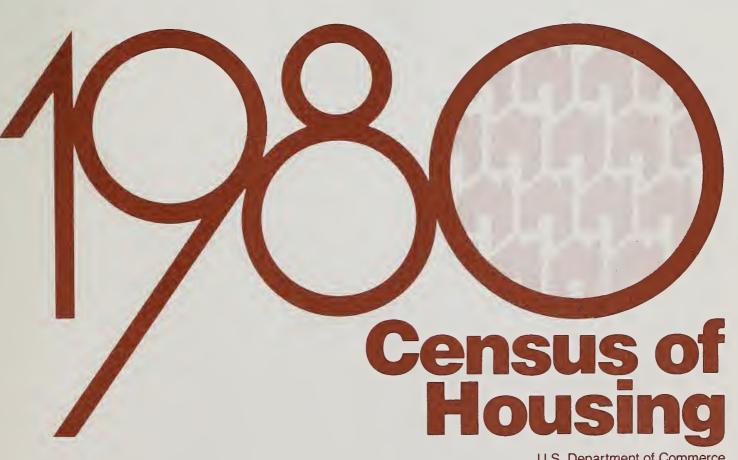
Census HD 7293 .A56x 1933 v.2 pt.132

# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

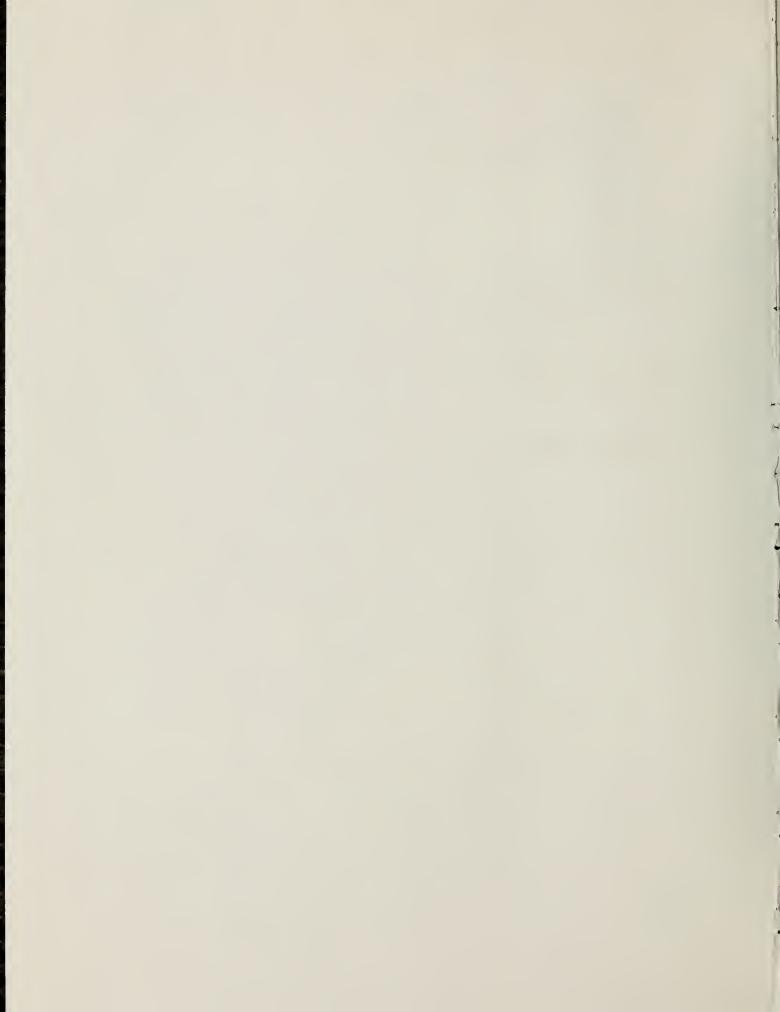
DANBURY, CONN.

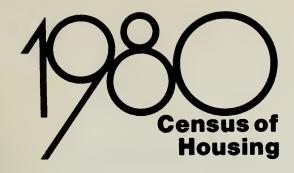
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

Bureau of the Census Library



U.S. Department of Commerce
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS





**VOLUME 2** 

# **Data Index**

# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

# DANBURY, CONN.

HC80-2-132

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

Table
1, 14, 25, 36, 47, 58
2, 15, 26, 37, 48, 59
3, 16, 27, 38, 49, 60
4, 17, 28, 39, 50, 61
5, 18, 29, 40, 51, 62
. 6, 19, 30, 41, 52, 63
7, 20, 31, 42, 53, 64
. 8, 21, 32, 43, 54, 65
9, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66
. 10, 23, 34, 45, 56, 67
. 11, 24, 35, 46, 57, 68
. 12
. 13



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

# **Acknowledgments**

Many persons participated in the diverse activities of the 1980 census. These acknowledgments generally reflect staff during the postcensus data publication process. The Bureau was guided by Director, Bruce Chapman and Deputy Director, C. L. Kincannon. Primary direction of the data publication program was performed by William P. Butz, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by Peter A. Bounpane, Assistant Director for Demographic Census, in conjunction with Barbara A. Bailar, Associate Director for Statistical Standards and Methodology, Howard N. Hamilton, Acting Associate Director for Information Technology, James D. Lincoln, then Associate Director for Administration, and Stanley D. Moore, Associate Director for Field Operations. The Director's staff was assisted by Sherry L. Courtland. Direction of the census enumeration and early processing activities was provided by Vincent P. Barabba, former Director; Daniel B. Levine, former Deputy Director; and George E. Hall, former Associate Director

Responsibility for the overall planning, coordinating, processing, and publication of the 1980 census was in the Decennial Census Division under the direction of Stanley D. Matchett, Chief, assisted by Rachel F. Brown and Roger O. Lepage, Assistant Division Chiefs. The following Branch Chiefs were responsible for support services: Donald R. Dalzell, H. Ray Dennis, Stephen E. Goldman, Dennis W. Stoudt, and Richard R. Warren.

Responsibility for developing the housing portion of the 1980 census questionnaire content, designing the tabulations, and preparing this report was in the Housing Division under the supervision of Arthur F. Young, Chief; Leonard J. Norry, Assistant Chief; and William A. Downs, Chief, Decennial Planning and Data Services Branch. This report was prepared by Robert W. Bonnette, Carol A. Comisarow, Richard G. Knapp, and Charles N. Moore. Important contributions were made by Carmina F. Young, Special Assistant.

Administration support was provided by the Administrative Services Division, Robert  $L_{\star}$ 

Kirkland, Chief, and William C. Fanning, Assistant Chief.

Computer processing was performed in the Computer Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Chief, James E. Steed, George M. Bowden, and Joseph J. Sferrella, Assistant Chiefs.

Questionnaire processing procedures were developed in the Decennial Processing Staff, James S. Werking, then Chief, under the direction of Harry O'Haver, then Assistant Chief. The clerical coding and microfilming of the sample questionnaires were performed at three decennial processing locations as follows: Data Preparation Division, Don L. Adams, Chief; Jeffersonville Processing Office, Robert L. Kirkland, then Processing Manager; New Orleans Processing Office, Robert L. Allen, Chief; and Laguna Niguel Processing Office, Robert N. Scheller, Chief.

User services were provided by the Data User Services Division under the supervision of Michael G. Garland, Chief, Marshall L. Turner, Jr., and Paul T. Zeisset, Assistant Chiefs.

Data collection activities were supervised in the Field Division by Lawrence T. Love, Chief, under the direction of Richard Blass, Charles Hancock, and George T. Reiner, Assistant Chiefs, with the assistance of the directors and assistant directors of the Bureau's regional offices.

Geographic programs and plans were developed in the Geography Division under the direction of Robert W. Marx, Chief; Joseph J. Knott and Silla G. Tomasi, Assistant Chiefs; and Donald I. Hirschfeld, Special Assistant.

Publications editing, design, composition, and printing procurement were performed by the staff of the Publications Services Division, Raymond J. Koski, Chief; Milton S. Andersen, Arlene C. Duckett, and Gerald A. Mann, Branch Chiefs.

The Statistical Methods Division was largely responsible for weighting sample data and

producing variance estimates. This work was supervised by Charles D. Jones, Chief; Susan M. Miskura and Robert T. O'Reagan, Assistant Chiefs. Important contributions were made by David H. Diskin, Milton C. Fan, Thomas W. Harahush, Robert S. Jewett, J. Kim, Teresa A. Passalacqua, Charles E. Talbert, John H. Thompson, and Henry F. Woltman.

The system design, technical specifications, assembly, and installation of the FOSDIC and Automated Camera Technology System were the responsibility of the Technical Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Acting Chief, and Robert J. Varson, Branch Chief.

Many other persons participated in the various activities of the 1980 census. For a list of key personnel, refer to the *History of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing*, (PHC80-R2).

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

1980 census of housing. Volume 2, Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HC80-2-

Issued August 1983-

1. Housing—United States—Statistics. 2. Households—United States—Statistics. 3. United States—Census, 20th, 1980. I. United States. Bureau of the Census. II. Title: Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HD7293.A6114 312'.9'0973 81-607957 AACR2

For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Postage stamps not acceptable; currency submitted at sender's risk. Remittances from foreign countries must be by international money order or by draft on a U.S. bank.

# List of HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics, Reports

Report	t	Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
1	U.S. Summary	'41	Rhode Island	77	Atlanta, Ga.	114	Charleston-North
2	Alabama	42	South Carolina	78	Atlantic City, N.J.		Charleston, S.C.
3	Alaska	43	South Dakota	79	Augusta, GaS.C.	115	Charleston, W. Va.
4	Arizona	44	Tennessee	80	Austin, Tex.		
5	Arkansas	45	Texas			116	Charlotte-Gastonia, N.C.
				81	Bakersfield, Calif.	117	Charlottesville, Va.
6	California	46	Utah	82	Baltimore, Md.	118	Chattanooga, TennGa.
7	Colorado	47	Vermont	83	Bangor, Maine	119	Chicago, III.
8	Connecticut	48	Virginia	84	Baton Rouge, La.		omougo, m.
9	Delaware	49	Washington	85	Battle Creek, Mich.	120	Chica Calif
10	Not assigned	50	West Virginia			120	Chico, Calif.
10	Not assigned	30	West wilding	86	Bay City, Mich.	121	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.
11	Florida	E 1	Wisconsin	87	Beaumont-Port Arthur-	122	Clarksville-Hopkinsville,
12	Georgia	51			Orange, Tex.	400	TennKy.
13	Hawaii	52	Wyoming	88	Bellingham, Wash.	123	Cleveland, Ohio
14		53	Puerto Rico	89	Benton Harbor, Mich.	124	Colorado Springs, Colo.
	Idaho	54	Not assigned	90	Billings, Mont.	125	Columbia, Mo.
15	Illinois	55	Not assigned				
10	Ladiona			91	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	126	Columbia, S.C.
16	Indiana	56	Not assigned	92	Binghamton, N.YPa.	127	Columbus, GaAla.
17	lowa	57	Not assigned	93	Birmingham, Ala.	128	Columbus, Ohio
18	Kansas	58	Abilene, Tex.	94	Bismarck, N. Dak.	129	Corpus Christi, Tex.
19	Kentucky	59	Akron, Ohio	95	Bloomington, Ind.	130	Cumberland, MdW. Va.
20	Louisiana	60	Albany, Ga.				
21	Maine			96	Bloomington-Normal, III.	131	Dallas-Fort Worth, Tex.
22		61	Albany-Schenectady-	97	Boise City, Idaho	132	Danbury, Conn.
	Maryland		Troy, N.Y.	98	Boston, Mass.	133	Danville, Va.
23	Massachusetts	62	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	99	Bradenton, Fla.		Davenport-Rock Island-
24	Michigan	63	Alexandria, La.	100	Bremerton, Wash.	134	•
25	Minnesota	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton,			105	Moline, Iowa-III.
20	Mississippi		PaN.J.	101	Bridgeport, Conn.	135	Dayton, Ohio
26	M ississipp i	65	Altoona, Pa.	102	Bristol, Conn.		
27	Missouri	0.0	,, , <b></b> .	103	Brockton, Mass.	136	Daytona Beach, Fla.
28	Montana	66	Amarillo, Tex.	104	Brownsville-Harlingen-	137	Decatur, III.
29	Nebraska	67	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden		San Benito, Tex.	138	Denver-Boulder, Colo.
30	Nevada	07	Grove, Calif.	105	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	139	Des Moines, Iowa
21	Nov. Homen shine	68	Anch orage, Alaska	100	Bryan Ganage Granen, Ten	140	Detroit, Mich.
31	New Hampshire			100	Puffelo N V		
32		69	Anderson, Ind.	106	Buffalo, N.Y.	141	Dubuque, I owa
33	New Mexico	70	Anderson, S.C.	107	Burlington, N.C.	142	Duluth-Superior, Minn.
34	New York			108	Burlington, Vt.	172	Wis.
35	North Carolina	71	Ann Arbor, Mich.	109	Caguas, P.R.	1/12	Eau Claire, Wis.
		72	Anniston, Ala.	110	Canton, Ohio	143	
36	North Dakota	73	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.			144	El Paso, Tex.
37	Ohio	74	Arecibo, P.R.	111	Casper, Wyo.	145	Elkhart, Ind.
38	O klahom <b>a</b>	75	Asheville, N.C.	112	Cedar Rapids, Iowa		
39	Oregon			113	Champaign-Urbana-	146	Elmira, N.Y.
40	Pennsylvania	76	Athens, Ga.		Rantoul, III.	147	Enid, Okla.

Report		Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
148	Erie, Pa.	187	Indianapolis, Ind.	227	Louisville, KyInd.	265	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-
149	Eugene-Springfield, Oreg.	188	Iowa City, Iowa	228	Lowell, MassN.H.		Portsmouth, VaN.C.
150	Evansville, IndKy.	189	Jackson, Mich.	229	Lubbock, Tex.		
		190	Jackson, Miss.	230	Lynchburg, Va.	266	Northeast Pennsylvania
151	Fall River, MassR.1.		,			267	Norwalk, Conn.
152	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.	101	Jacksonville, Fla.	231	Macon, Ga.	268	Ocala, Fla.
132	Minn.	191 192	Jacksonville, N.C.	232	Madison, Wis.	269	Odessa, Tex.
153	Fayetteville, N.C.			233	Manchester, N.H.	270	Oklahoma City, Okla.
154		193	Janesville-Beloit, Wis.	234	Mansfield, Ohio	270	Okialiolila City, Okia.
134	Fayetteville-Springdale,	194	Jersey City, N.J.	235	Mayaguez, P.R.	074	
166	Ark.	195	Johnson City-Kingsport-	200	mayaguez, i .m.	271	Olympia, Wash.
155	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.		Bristol, TennVa.	226	MaAllan Phan Edinbura	272	Omaha, NebrIowa
				236	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg,	273	Orlando, Fla.
156	Flint, Mich.	196	Johnstown, Pa.	227	Tex.	274	Owensboro, Ky.
157	Florence, Ala.	197	Joplin, Mo.	237	Medford, Oreg.	275	Oxnard-Simi Valley-
158	Florence, S.C.	198	Kalamazoo-Portage, Mich.	238	Melbourne-Titusville-		Ventura, Calif.
159	Fort Collins, Colo.	199	Kankakee, III.		Cocoa, Fla.		
160	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood,	200	Kansas City, MoKans.			276	Panama City, Fla.
	Fla.			239	Memphis, TennArk	277	Parkersburg-Marietta,
		201	Kenosha, Wis.		Miss.		W. VaOhio
161	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, Fla.	202	Killeen-Temple, Tex.	240	Meriden, Conn.	278	Pascagoula-Moss Point,
162	Fort Smith, ArkOkla.	202	Knoxville, Tenn.			2,0	Miss.
163	Fort Walton Beach, Fla.	203	Kokomo, Ind.	241	Miami, Fla.	279	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.
164	Fort Wayne, Ind.		•	242	Midland, Tex.	280	Pensacola, Fla.
165	Fresno, Calif.	205	La Crosse, Wis.	243	Milwaukee, Wis.	200	rensacola, ria.
	,	200	Lafarrada La	244	Minneapolis-St. Paul,	281	Peoria, III.
100	Cadadaa 'Ala	206	Lafayette, La.		MinnWis.	282	Petersburg-Colonial
166	Gadsden, Ala.	207	Lafayette-West Lafayette,	245	Mobile, Ala.	202	
167	Gainesville, Fla.	000	Ind.	243	mobile, Ala.	283	Heights-Hopewell, Va.
168	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	208	Lake Charles, La.	040	M 1 . 0.17		Philadelphia, PaN.J.
169	Gary-Hammond-East	209	Lakeland-Winter Haven,	246	Modesto, Calif.	284	Phoenix, Ariz.
470	Chicago, Ind.		Fla.	247	Monroe, La.	285	Pine Bluff, Ark.
170	Glens Falls, N.Y.	210	Lancaster, Pa.	248	Montgomery, Ala.		
				249	Muncie, Ind.	286	Pittsburgh, Pa.
171	Grand Forks, N.Dak	211	Lansing-East Lansing,	250	Muskegon-Norton Shores-	287	Pittsfield, Mass.
	Minn.		Mich.		Muskegon Heights, Mich.	288	Ponce, P.R.
172	Grand Rapids, Mich.	212	Laredo, Tex.			289	Portland, Maine
173	Great Falls, Mont.		Las Cruces, N. Mex.		Nashua, N.H.	290	Portland, OregWash.
174	Greeley, Colo.	214	Las Vegas, Nev.	252	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.		
175	Green Bay, Wis.	215	Lawrence, Kans.	253	Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.	291	Portsmouth-Dover-
	2.55 22,,			254	New Bedford, Mass.		Rochester, N.HMaine
176	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-	216	Lawrence-Haverhill,	255	New Britain, Conn.	292	Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
170			MassN.H.			293	Providence-Warwick-
177	High Point, N.C. Greenville-Spartanburg, S.C.	217	Lawton, Okla.	256	New Brunswick-Perth		Pawtucket, R.IMass.
		218	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine		Amboy-Sayreville, N.J.	294	Provo-Orem, Utah
178 179	Hagerstown, Md.	219	Lexington-Fayette, Ky.	257	New Haven-West Haven,	295	Pueblo, Colo.
1/9	Hamilton-Middletown,	220	Lima, Ohio		Conn.		
100	Ohio			258	New London-Norwich,	296	Racine, Wis.
180	Harrisburg, Pa.	221	Lincoln, Nebr.		ConnR.I.	297	Raleigh-Durham, N.C.
		222	Little Rock-North Little	259	New Orleans, La.	298	Reading, Pa.
181	Hartford, Conn.		Rock, Ark.	260	New York, N.YN.J.	299	Redding, Calif.
182	Hickory, N.C.	223	Long Branch-Asbury			300	Reno, Nev.
183	Honolulu, Hawaii		Park, N.J.	201	Maurock N. I.	500	
184	Houston, Tex.	224	Longview-Marshall, Tex.	261 262	Newark, N.J.	301	Richland-Kennewick-
185	Huntington-Ashland,	225	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio		Newark, Ohio	301	Pasco, Wash.
	W. VaKyOhio			263	Newburgh-Middletown,	202	
		226	Los Angeles-Long Beach,	204	N.Y.	302	Richmond, Va.
186	Huntsville, Ala.	220		264	Newport News-Hampton,	303	Riverside-San Bernardino-
100	Hulltsville, Mid.		Calif.		Va.		Ontario, Calif.

# List of HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics, Reports

Report		Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
304	Roanoke, Va.	323	San Juan, P.R.	343	State College, Pa.	362	Vineland-Millville-
305	Rochester, Minn.	324	Santa Barbara-Santa	344	Steubenville-Weirton,		Bridgeton, N.J.
			Maria-Lompoc, Calif.		Ohio-W. Va.	363	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville,
306	Rochester, N.Y.	325	Santa Cruz, Calif.	345	Stockton, Calif.		Calif.
307	Rockford, III.					364	Waco, Tex.
308	Rock Hill, S.C.	326	Santa Rosa, Calif.	346	Syracuse, N.Y.	365	Washington, D.CMdVa.
309	Sacramento, Calif.	327	Sarasota, Fla.	347	Tacoma, Wash.	200	Misseshum. Conn
310	Saginaw, Mich.	328	Savannah, Ga.	348	Tallahassee, Fla.	366	Waterbury, Conn.
		329	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	349	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	367	Waterloo-Cedar Falls,
311	St. Cloud, Minn.	330	Sharon, Pa.	350	Terre Haute, Ind.	200	
312	St. Joseph, Mo.					368 369	Wausau, Wis. West Palm Beach-Boca
313	St. Louis, MoIII.	331	Sheboygan, Wis.	351	Texarkana, Tex	303	Raton, Fla.
314	Salem, Oreg.	332	Sherman-Denison, Tex.		Texarkana, Ark.	370	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
315	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey,	333	Shreveport, La.	352	Toledo, Ohio-Mich,	370	valleeting, va. vaonto
• • •	Calif.	334	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	353	Topeka, Kans.	371	Wichita, Kans.
		335	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	354	Trenton, N.J.	372	Wichita Falls, Tex.
316	Salisbury-Concord, N.C.		•	355	Tucson, Ariz.	373	Williamsport, Pa.
317	Salt Lake City-Ogden,	336	South Bend, Ind.			374	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
317	Utah	337	Spokane, Wash.	356	Tulsa, Okla.	375	Wilmington, N.C.
318	San Angelo, Tex.	338	Springfield, III.	357	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	3/3	William Con, W.o.
319	San Antonio, Tex.	339	Springfield, Mo.	358	Tyler, Tex.	376	Worcester, Mass.
320	San Diego, Calif.	340	Springfield, Ohio	359	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	377	Yakima, Wash.
320	Jan Diego, Jan.	0.0	opting.co.c, o	360	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa,	378	York, Pa.
321	San Francisco-Oakland,	341	Springfield-Chicopee-	300	Calif.	379	Youngstown-Warren,
321	Calif.	341	Holyoke, MassConn.		ouin.	0.0	Ohio
322	San Jose, Calif.	342	Stamford, Conn.	361	Victoria, Tex.	380	Yuba City, Calif.
322	Jan Juse, Cam.	J-72	Otalinital a, otalini.	301	+ 10 toria, 1 on		. 252 010, 001111



#### **APPENDIXES**

Α.	Area Classifications	-1
B.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics	<b>—</b> 1
C.	General Enumeration and Processing Procedures	_1
D.	Accuracy of the Data D	1
E.	Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages E	1
F.	Publication and Computer Tape Program F	_'

# Introduction

GENERAL	VII
CONTENTS OF THE REPORT	VII
DERIVED FIGURES (Means,	
Medians, and Percents)	VIII
SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC	
ABBREVIATIONS	VIII
SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR	
CONFIDENTIALITY	AIII

#### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

### **CONTENTS OF THE REPORT**

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

# DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

# SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

# SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics DANBURY, CONN.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-132

# Contents

# Arrangement of Tables This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin householders appear	IX
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	x
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII
Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places	XIV

#### **INDEX OF TABLES**

follows:

Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

Area	Prefix letter	Tables 1-13 Total	Tables 14-24 White	Tables 25-35 Black	Tables 36-46 American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	Tables 47-57 Asian and Pacific Islander	Tables 58-68 Spanish Origin
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total Danbury	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	g <del>-</del>	=		<u>-</u>	

#### LIST OF TABLES

(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

#### **TABLES**

- 1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980
- Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980
- 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980
- 14. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 15. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 16. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 17. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

#### **TABLES**

- 18. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 19. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 20. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 21. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 22. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 23. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 24. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 25. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 26. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 27. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 28. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 29. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing
  Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 30. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 31. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 32. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 33. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 34. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 35. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

#### **TABLES**

- 36. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 37. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 38. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 39. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 40. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 41. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 42. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 43. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 45. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 47. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 48. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 49. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 50. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 51. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

#### **TABLES**

- 52. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 53. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 54. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 55. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 56. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 57. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 58. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 59. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 60. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 61. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 62. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 63. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged
  Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 64. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 65. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 66. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 67. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 68. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980

# Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject			poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied	poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged
	Value	Gross rent	housing units	housing units	housing units	housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1	_ 2	- 3	_ 4	_ 5	_ 6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1	2	_	_	5 5	6
Bedrooms	1	2 2	3		- 5	<del>-</del> 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	_ 1 _	2 2 2	- - -	-	<u>-</u> 5	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	-	-
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS						
Heating equipment	1	2 2	3	4	5 5	6 6
Vehicles available		-	3 -	4 4 -	5 -	6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	- -	_ _	-	_ _	5 -	6 -
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	-	-	3	-	_	-
percentage of household income	-	-	-	-	5	6
Contract rent	_	-	_	4	_	_
Rent askedGross rent as percentage of	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
household income	-	2	-	4	-	-
owner costs as percentage of household income	1	-	3	-	-	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of						
householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income below poverty level	i	2	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_
The table numbers listed above show data if the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro	for all house oup comprise	holds. Similar d es 10 percent of	ata are shown in the the area population	tables listed below was . For further explana	when there are 10,00 ation, see the Introdu	0 or more persons of uction on page VII.
White	14	15	16	17	18	19
Black	25	26	27	28	29	30
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	40 51 62	41 52 63

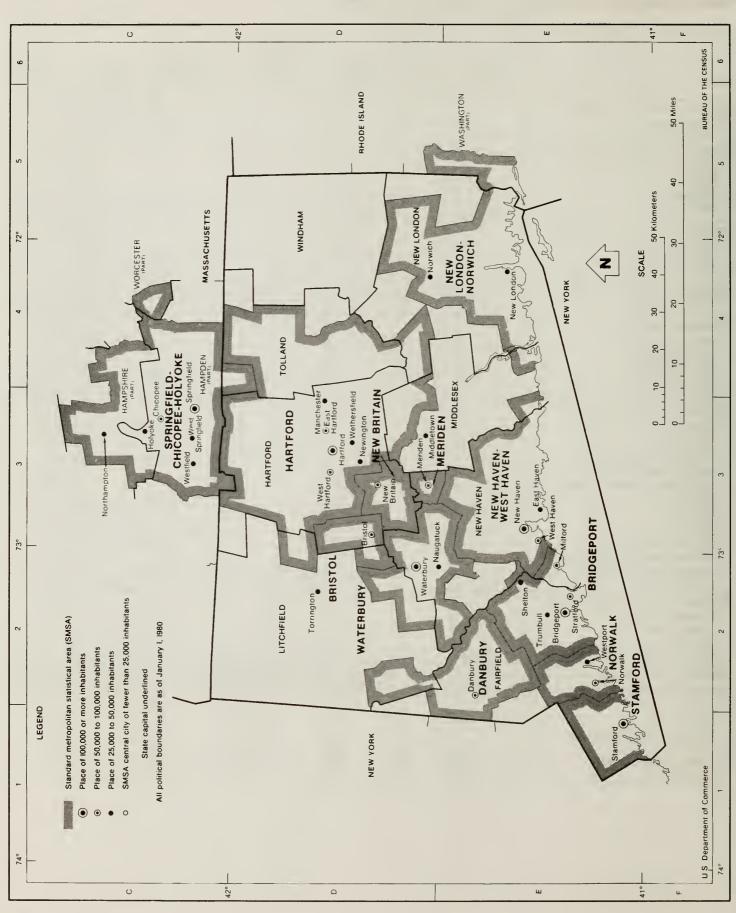
Income and

Income and

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

				Household	Age and sex of		Price asked
Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	composition by age of householder	householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	- 7	8 8	<u>-</u>	-	=	<u>-</u>	=
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	- 10 - -	=======================================	12 - 12 12	  13 
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	- -	9 -		11 _ _	12 12 -	13 13 –
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	7 7 - 7 -	8 8 8 8	-	- - - -	= =	12 - - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value	-	Ξ	9 - -	-	- - 11	_ 12 _	- -
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	- - - -	-	9 - 9 -	- - - -	11 - 11 -	 - - 12	- - - -
household income	-	_	9	10	11	-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	- 9 9		- 11 11	111	-
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro							
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	=	-
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	-	

# Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places



SMSA boundaries are as defined on April I, 1980

#### CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

#### NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as 45+, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



# Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Uafa are estima	ies bused on	o sumple, sei	inn odochun	. For medium	g or symbols	, see illiidad	non. Tor der	initions of ter	ms, see oppen	uixes A olid o		
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 ta \$19,999	\$20,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 ar mare	Median (dallors)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	29 103	11	116	242	591	1 433	2 611	9 700	7 022	5 512	1 865	79 700	88 900
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	23 369	_	23	129	276	948	1 832	7 630	6 012	4 854	1 665	82 400	92 100
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	272 5 333	=	_	11	13	26 177	50 400	172 1 959	1 609	7 947	217	64 800 81 000	64 400 87 900
35 to 44 years	7 297 8 088	_	5	17 44	32 106	178 337	394 665	1 888 2 649	2 078	2 008 1 656	697 633	89 600 82 100	100 000 93 300
65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 731	11	13 <b>23</b>	48 <b>28</b>	125 1 <b>32</b> 5	230 1 <b>56</b> 14	323 189	962 <b>521</b> 28	324 310	236 272	118 <b>89</b>	68 500 <b>75 300</b> 62 400	76 400 80 900 63 500
25 to 34 years	339 381	11	-	5	9	35 9	43 48	106 128	63 115	65 49	11	77 000 79 300	80 200 84 800
45 to 64 years65 years and over	364	-	7 16	18	51 67	49 49	59 39	173 86	103 29	80 71	53 7	75 100 63 900	86 400 70 900
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	42	-	70 - 7	85	183 	329 - 10	<b>590</b> 14 71	1 549 17 144	700 - 71	386 11 20	111	69 700 74 200 69 800	7 <b>3 700</b> 81 200 76 800
35 to 44 years	1 363	-	_ 31	_ 15	30 63	63 122	41 175	233 500	161 279	79 149	23 29	75 400 71 400	79 000 74 600
65 years and over	1 627 44.8	27.5	32 <b>65.7</b>	70 <b>64.1</b>	85 <b>62.7</b>	134 <b>54.0</b>	289 <b>51.8</b>	655 46.0	189 <b>42.2</b>	127 <b>42.6</b>	46 44.3	66 800	70 100
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 126	_	18	15	12	83	237	885	757	814	305	86 900	97 900
1975 to 1978	8 480 5 745	11	9 20	36 5	67 79	333 176	547 438	2 424 1 930	2 264 1 587	2 034 1 120	755 390	86 100 82 200	96 600 92 200
1960 to 1969	6 884 4 868	_	7 62	62 124	161 272	364 477	690 699	2 611 1 850	1 681 733	1 025 519	283 132	77 300 68 300	83 800 73 100
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	234	_	33	34	30	50	12	35	21	19	-	43 600	51 300
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 raoms	1 415 4 445 6 787	11 - -	47 16 9	72 70 38	146 202 157	307 452 348	311 957 911	376 2 018 3 272	76 460 1 465	62 206 484	7 64 103	53 300 63 400 71 900	56 400 67 300 75 100
7 rooms	7 062 9 160	-	5 6	12 16	44 12	151	284 136	2 568 1 431	2 622 2 378	1 161 3 580	215 1 476	82 700 105 800	88 300 116 100
Median	6.7	4.0	4.0	4.7	5.1	5.3	5.5	6.2	7.1	7.9	8.5+	•••	•••
BEDROOMS None	7 546	-	7 23	_ 41	_ 62	73	69	_ 135	_ 71	_ 51	_ 21	16 300 61 000	16 300 68 200
23	4 590 14 985	11	62 18	41 99 69	246 223	606 602	948 1 349	1 613 6 115	572 4 281	326 1 881	107 447	61 000 63 200 77 700	68 500 82 700
5 or more	7 596 1 3 <b>7</b> 9	-	- 6	23 10	56 4	107 45	232 13	1 627 210	1 878 220	2 748 506	925 365	98 500 117 500	107 800 129 000
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	3 944	_	7	10	_	14	56	638	1 054	1 505	660	105 600	116 100
1970 to 1974	4 410 8 332	- . <del>.</del>	19 2 <u>1</u>	4 23	55	45 299	174 759	1 155 3 176	1 517 2 420	1 213 1 298	283 281	88 500 79 200	98 900 85 000
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	5 626 2 158 4 633	11	7 9 53	99 17 89	155 139 242	372 238 465	665 308 649	2 535 759 1 437	990 324 717	602 231 663	190 133 318	71 900 67 000 69 900	78 000 77 800 81 800
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 065 1 942 1 056	-	36 28 13	45 60 2	141	87 226	140 304 169	405 681	170 269	79 189 79	39 44 27	69 200 65 300 67 800	71 900   69 900
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 253 3 035	11	18	25 25	61 4 <b>9</b> 83	126 136 265	146 367	386 540 1 410	193 192 580	131 241	23 46	67 700 70 400	71 600 73 300 74 000
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	4 178 7 728	_	8 –	26 43	87 71	227 239	432 753	1 790 2 726	1 027 2 201	448 1 481	133 214	75 100 80 300	80 100 86 000
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	5 765 3 081 \$27 144	\$13.750	6 7 80 464	10 6	22 13 \$14,005	107 20 \$17 239	229 71 \$21,403	1 393 369 \$23 966	1 764 626	1 799 1 065 \$35 539	435 904 \$48 733	90 800 121 900	100 400 131 400
Meon	\$29 850	\$13 750 \$14 070	\$9 464 \$14 593	\$13 900 \$16 416	\$14 005 \$16 032	\$17 239 \$19 096	\$21 603 \$22 603	\$23 966 \$24 923	\$29 389 \$30 853	\$35 539 \$37 632	\$54 275	:::	
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent	22 696 4 979	-	32	<b>93</b> 13	<b>239</b> 51	<b>856</b> 205	1 <b>694</b> 478	7 356 1 557	6 016 1 354	<b>4 791</b> 935	1 619 373	<b>83 000</b> 82 100	92 800 92 800
15 to 19 percent	4 487 4 691	=	13 7 -	33	40 28 49	169 159	273 341	1 354 1 541	1 318	1 033 1 051	260 331	84 800 83 700	93 000 93 500
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	3 051 1 837	-	5	10 11	26	139 36	166 133	946 644	761 497	715 354	265 131 259	85 100 81 900	94 800 91 400
35 percent or more Not computed Median	3 562 89 22.0	-	7 - 17 1	18 - 20.3	45 - 25.1	148 - 21.7	303 - 21.4	1 263 51 22.4	828 26 21.3	691 12 22.0	259	79 900 78 500	91 300 81 900
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	6 407 1 850	11 11	17.1 <b>84</b> 22	1 <b>49</b> 49	352	577	91 <b>7</b> 272	2 344 670	1 006 344	721 234	246 107	69 300 73 600	<b>75 000</b> 79 700
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	1 519 863 542	-	11 13 27	7 10	76 94 52 31	65 129 102	190 158	540 339 190	267 120	230 61 34	51 8	73 600 64 500 62 600	78 700 67 700 64 200
25 to 29 percent	463 188	=	- - -	15 30 17	38 19 37	75 60 29	81 52 34	176 176 51	- 89 60 11	15	32 7	66 000 56 400	73 400 66 200
35 percent or more Not computed	880 102	-	11	11 10	5	106 11	130	352 26	98 17	20 119 8	16 25	67 900 79 600	72 400 100 100
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	14.3	10	18.5	21.2	15.3	19.4	14.9	14.5	12.8	12.7	10.3		•••
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	29 080 278 23	11	111 7 5	242	<b>591</b> 15	1 422 41 11	2 611 40	9 693 123	7 022 34	5 512 18	1 865	79 800 63 100 48 000	89 000 65 600 46 800
1.01 or more persons per room	29 103	11	116	242	591	1 433	2 611	9 700	7 022	5 512	1 865	79 700	88 900
Central heating system	27 684 <b>12 885</b>	11	84 <b>27</b>	220 51	552 142	1 307 <b>507</b>	2 434 1 147	9 243 <b>4 599</b>	6 702 3 122	5 310 2 400	1 821 879	80 000 79 900	89 500 90 400
Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	1 286 832 2.9	=	19	10 4.1	34 5.8	59 4.1	33 <b>81</b> 3,1	225 312 3.2	279 <b>163</b> 2.3	396 101 1.8	346 <b>53</b> 2.8	73 100	128 500 83 100

# Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Doto are estimat	es bused on o	sumple, see ii	irroduction. Fo	or meuning at	symbols, see ii	niriduuciion. ri	or definitions o	i ieims, see u	ppendixes A un	uвj	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 ta \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 ar more	Na cosh rent	Median (dallars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 768	530	467	959	1 629	2 051	2 091	1 651	1 754	1 047	589	311
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	5 063 809 1 919 685	<b>64</b> 6 14	89 4 10 7	289 47 71 5	505 46 179 30	633 129 300 67	966 259 343 109	784 188 342 96	874 102 387 160	623 13 238 178	236 15 35 33	343 332 354 407
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 071 579	44	43 25	73 93	151 99	124 13	171 84	107 51	137 88	161 33	104 49	407 327 258
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	2 964 711	72 -	147 19	<b>243</b> 46	<b>436</b> 98	577 143	<b>421</b> 134	311 106	<b>394</b> 104	180 35	183 26	<b>293</b>   314
25 ta 34 years	1 097 376	7	35 8 47	57 7	212 68 58	250 56	175 44	98 36	136 89	67 61 7	67	295 348
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	488 292 4 741	15 50 <b>394</b>	38 231	89 44 <b>427</b>	688	89 39 <b>841</b>	55 13 <b>704</b>	36 35 <b>556</b>	56 9 <b>486</b>	10 244	36 54 170	258 192 <b>284</b>
15 to 24 years	694 1 313	18	42 38	52 41	108 206	134 283	123 253	76 175	90 204	40 106	11 7	296 317
35 to 44 years	632 865	4 33	44 24	24 97	104 135	103 138	99 159	117 123	89 68	33 57	15 31	315 294
65 years and over	1 237 <b>34.5</b>	339 <b>73.1</b>	83 <b>48.2</b>	213 <b>57.9</b>	135 <b>34.2</b>	183 31.3	70 <b>30.8</b>	65 <b>31.8</b>	35 <b>32.7</b>	8 35.8	106 5 <b>7.2</b>	176
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	5 146 4 760 1 345	96 257 92	154 157 71	221 346 145	442 674 251	818 806 210	916 829 203	797 657 119	968 560 116	651 309 41	83 165 97	344 303 266
1960 to 1969 1959 ar eorlier	969 548	79 6	67 18	144	164 98	179 38	93 50	33 45	53 57	36 10	121 123	241 244
ROOMS 1 room	658	99	111	100	81	162	76.	12	_	_	17	207
2 rooms	1 117 2 624	182 160	95 117	243 257	210 526	181 611	90 486	50 288	40 116	4 25	22 38	205 271 319
4 rooms5 rooms	3 692 2 661	67 13	40 77	232 78	479 239	666 332 82	790 434 127	586 482 174	597 640	124 225	111 141	319 359 399
6 rooms	1 143 873	9	18 9 2.7	43 6 3.0	66 28	17	88	59	236 125	279 390	109 151	399 500+
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4.0	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.3	4.7	6.0	5.3	•••
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	12 768	530	467	959	1 629	2 051	2 091	1 651	1 754	1 047	589	311
Complete plumbing far exclusive use 0.50 or less	12 462 7 119	504 338 155	420 176	898 550	1 609 969	2 010 1 134	2 044 1 112	1 630 936	1 738 885	1 042 584 380	567 435 127	312 308
0.51 to 1.00	4 830 416	5	221 19	324 10	595 37	781 79	868 47	609 73 12	770	380 66 12	127	312   308   316   356   301   235   252   199   450   165
1.51 or mare Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use 0.50 or less	97 306 102	6 26 20	4 47 11	14 61 8	20	16 41 24	17 47 17	21	16	5	22	235
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	188	6	36	49	13	17	30	15	9 7	5	8	199 450
1.51 or more	9 1 483	234	105	4	- 105	198	211	- 110	-	-	5	165 <b>260</b>
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 434	214	105	156 150 7	185 185 8	198 14	202	110	169 160 13	65 60 14	<b>50</b> 50	260
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	49	20	_	6	=	=	9 -	-	9 -	5		364 158
BEDROOMS None	826	136	132	121	134	184	90	12	_	_	17	206
2	4 247 4 820	305 67	199 63	540 229	773 597	876 729	738 942	438 837	219 932	41 269	118 155	265 334
3 4	2 251 475	22	54 19	47 16	113 12	223 27	261 53	329 13	541 49	459 193	202 93	396 500+
5 or moreUNITS IN STRUCTURE	149	-	-	6	-	12	7	22	13	85	4	500+
1, detached or attached	2 924 3 238	21	36 89	103 205	202 562	162 724	331 662	369 389	548 402	707 124	445 81	403 300
2	2 418 1 198	83 47	50 93	154 138	418 182	493 211	516 177	318 162	274 122	89 59	23	300 283 300
10 to 49 50 ar mare	1 830 1 056	105 274	128 71	186 130	175 60 30	313 138	322 74	267 146	262 139	53 15	19	245
Mobile hame ar trailer, etcYEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	104	_	-	43	30	10	9	_	· /	-	5	205
1975 ta March 1980 1970 ta 1974	1 620 1 353	126	69 34	85 108	80 77	166 127	142 218	303 263	393 302	222 122	34 37	371 356
1960 ta 1969 1950 ta 1959	1 697 1 672	179 122	34 67 76	100 135	137 290	178 228	322 234	192 158	207 113	214 183	101 133	356 321 287
1940 to 1949 1939 ar earlier	1 300 5 126	38	35 186	69 462	222 823	271 1 081	260 915	174 561	172 · 567	52 254	45 239	306 293
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	12 151	317	410	867	1 562	1 973	2 054	1 620	1 719	1 040	589	316
4 ar more With elevator	617 415	213 213	57 50	92 66	67 32	78 16	37 15	31 16	35 7	7 -	_	180 96
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent15 to 19 percent	1 729 1 831	122 88	172 45	210 104	352 355	324 365	197 280	197 253	84 252	71 89		251 296
20 to 24 percent	2 110 1 565	126 82	81 65	165 124	198 156	347 171	416 280	348 240	290 290	139 157		296 317 333 329 328 326 299
30 to 34 percent	1 217 1 585	35 64	45 26	61 98	125 144	233 315	191 262	164 187	224 264	139 225		329 328
50 percent or more Not computed Medion	2 029 702 26.2	13 - 22.2	33 21.0	181 16 24.8	286 13 22.6	268 28 24.6	441 24 27.5	249 13 25.4	339 11 29.2	219 8 32.3	589	299
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS												
Heating equipment  Centrol heating system  Air conditioning	12 750 11 465 4 504	530 511 160	<b>460</b> 416 <b>100</b>	959 840 297	1 <b>629</b> 1 326	2 045 1 751	2 091 1 922	1 651 1 509 675	1 754 1 625	1 047 995 442	584 570 195	311 316 339
Central system	4 <b>504</b> 390	88	12	297 46	<b>442</b> 21	<b>637</b> 21	<b>670</b> 30	6/5 34	886 41	97	193	312

# Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

					Но	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	35 279	1 402	2 537	1 485	1 597	3 769	5 057	9 120	6 552	3 760	26 611	29 564	1 071
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Morried-couple families	27 446 380 6 117 8 162 9 711 3 076 2 489 83 511 505 831 559 5 344 42 494 785 1 828 2 195 45.8	302  43 50 116 93 172 11 13 7 7 32 109 928  44 4 55 55 194 635 68.4	1 075 7 93 95 257 623 326 111 188 184 1136 1987 100 319 611 66.8	839 18 72 100 184 465 126 6 10 26 37 47 520 - 32 98 179 211 64.3	897 297 149 152 268 299 134 33 33 35 35 566 15 66 60 22 247 136 54.5	2 731 66 782 558 893 432 329 21 101 56 709 - 84 4117 254 47.3	4 179 95 1 334 1 230 1 214 306 324 104 42 2 145 33 554 - 58 120 262 214 40.6	8 097 135 2 190 2 800 2 573 399 530 20 91 174 443 6 75 127 200 85 41.4	5 941 30 1 116 2 097 2 461 237 324 55 91 110 80 38 287 2 2 35 46 122 43.7	3 385 338 1 080 1 745 222 224 - 49 50 112 13 20 51 67 47.6	29 173 23 941 26 834 31 5100 32 206 615 545 22 551 15 804 23 668 29 103 24 288 9 428 12 833 12 833 14 455 14 747 8 400	32 576 23 579 29 065 34 626 34 626 36 626 15 979 29 303 303 303 307 28 286 14 036 15 993 14 169 18 820 17 912 12 745	360 - 76 98 128 122 - 13 7 37 65 589 6 76 80 197 230 55.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	3 842 10 446 6 704 7 969 6 318	87 201 180 357 577	176 336 347 575 1 103	149 234 254 339 509	151 345 322 369 410	292 1 042 728 825 882	628 1 632 1 079 1 072 646	1 197 3 066 1 819 2 084 954	742 2 308 1 172 1 579 751	420 1 282 803 769 486	27 808 29 278 27 162 26 932 18 242	30 754 32 470 30 842 29 383 22 909	119 198 203 268 283
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearting equipment Centrol hearting system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House hearting fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	35 156 367 123 35 279 33 558 16 055 1 845 34 341 8 129 26 212 27 279 3 513 192 5 135 25 141 1 298 6.6	1 383 19 1 402 1 304 366 39 1 035 733 302 1 402 1 58 9 122 1 061 52 5.4	2 526 6 11 2 537 2 445 878 878 879 2 194 1 426 768 2 537 280 37 202 1 960 58 5.6	1 480 -5 -1 485 1 413 649 92 1 372 837 535 1 485 1 417 11 108 1 164 55 5.5	1 573 - 24 - 1 597 1 519 628 71 1 562 813 1 597 187 6 170 1 179 55 5.7	3 758 48 11  3 769 3 505 1 616 104 3 735 1 263 2 472 3 769 396 9 469 2 710 185 6.1	5 057 58 — 5 057 4 699 2 423 267 5 047 1 048 3 999 5 057 658 37 656 3 397 656 3 399 6.3	9 100 127 20 9 120 8 668 4 554 400 9 108 7 900 9 120 987 37 1 643 6 091 362 6.7	6 528 78 24 - 6 552 6 336 3 004 336 554 5 584 5 524 27 1 063 4 790 1 48 7.3	3 751 50 9 3 760 3 669 1 937 451 3 754 3 111 3 443 3 760 176 19 702 2 789 74 7.9	26 624 30 990 18 068 	29 588 33 925 22 753 29 757 31 412 40 743 30 142 19 649 25 742 25 742 25 742 25 742 26 094 27 742 28	1 058 6 13 
Specified owner-occupied housing units	29 103	1 065	1 942	1 056	1 253	3 035	4 178	7 728	5 765	3 081	27 144	29 850	832
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$330 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion Not martgaged Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$7 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Medion	22 696 240 240 521 1 269 1 995 2 281 5 071 4 132 3 457 3 730 \$ 499 6 407 5 38 1 47 308 572 1 938 1 768 1 631 \$ 5206	427 43 36 40 49 66 84 55 27 27 27 3384 638 7 53 91 99 151 109 128 8173	832 76 43 73 106 128 158 132 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	505 34 32 44 72 92 136 31 128 338 551 - 13 28 83 174 70 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99	722 599 83 111 52 180 85 57 \$427 \$31 43 27 44 164 136 117 \$196	2 185 -1 811 167 369 2295 631 359 164 1119 \$428 850 - 22 - 64 394 2222 148 \$193	3 511 40 75 5220 325 510 957 739 432 213 \$455 <b>667</b> - 26 57 77 77 175 271	6 731 7 120 435 497 611 1 633 1 444 850 \$504 997 - - 3 3 3 3 3 300 289 \$218	5 119 34 477 179 383 368 884 955 1 065 1 206 5570 646 — — — 16 101 213 316 \$248	2 664 6 28 28 83 159 408 332 454 1 166 \$695 417 — 20 32 101 264 \$250 +	29 299 10 074 20 104 24 1984 24 169 24 4792 26 480 31 985 36 614 17 177 8 7504 10 865 7 100 10 873 15 551 120 524 26 408	32 177 15 938 22 97 25 208 26 215 27 615 29 087 31 080 35 705 45 003  21 608 9 905 8 452 9 682 10 456 14 237 17 608 22 453 31 554 	485 28 24 33 44 62 106 93 27 68 \$451 347 - 13 - 66 60 60 68 40 100 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 33 to 34 percent 345 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	22 696 4 979 4 487 4 691 3 051 1 837 3 562 89 22.0 6 407 1 850 1 519 863 542 463 188 880 102	427 7 7 	832 7 - 8 8 23 48 8 746 - 50+ 1 110 5 6 114 156 293 131 385	505 7 7 7 33 33 37 49 49 372 - 42.5 551 8 47 201 170 555 322 38	722 - 25 85 125 70 00 417 - 37.9 531 55 95 205 212 47 112 5	2 185 31 212 469 441 379 653 29.3 850 66 441 274 62 7	3 511 162 677 963 716 473 520 24.8 667 155 436 56 14 6	6 731 1 261 1 614 1 783 1 036 594 443 21.4 997 601 377 7 7 12	5 119 1 871 1 443 1 013 520 208 64 - 17.4 646 548 92 6	2 664 1 640 502 337 153 16 16 16 17 412 412 412	29 299 41 571 32 852 28 798 26 150 23 627 14 490 2500— 17 177 35 706 21 809 13 921 11 279 7 275 4 921 2500—	32 177 48 804 35 025 30 710 28 293 24 601 15 344 -1 068  21 608 40 661 22 707 7 730 5 154 8 945 7 730 5 154 453	485 - - - - - - - 390 89 50+ 347 6 - 6 14 7 212 102

# Table A-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	Dolo ore esimol	C3 000CG 011				ousehold incor		1011. 101 401		ma, acc oppend	1 One 0	,	
The SMSA		Less thon	\$5,000 to	\$10,000 to	\$12,500 to	\$15,000 to	\$20,000 to	\$25,000 to	\$35,000 to	\$50,000 or	Medion	Meon	Income in 1979 below poverty
	Total	\$5,000	\$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	more	(dollors)	(dollors)	level
Renter-occupied housing units	13 154	1 773	2 500	1 411	1 086	2 502	1 616	1 553	528	185	14 556	16 079	1 512
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Morried-couple families	5 322	188	573	488	372	1 211	1 046	989	348	107	19 287	20 589	263
15 to 24 years	809 2 016 736	53 27	78 142 30	103 155 68	74 152 27	211 541 158	175 461 189	87 483 193	13 51 67	15 4 4	17 255 19 919 21 756	18 143 20 109 22 901	85 76 14
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over	1 148 613	46 62	118 205	101	97 22	178 123	173 48	179 179 47	210	46 38	20 944 11 619	23 753 16 693	47 41
Male householder, no wife present	3 <b>026</b> 722	<b>307</b> 54	<b>532</b> 175	<b>313</b> 104	257 83	710 165	362 59	<b>366</b> 75	112	<b>67</b> 7	15 590 13 343	16 <b>896</b> 14 245	223 77
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 135 376	56 13	139 23	108 21	85 13	362 100	199 48	122 95	31 52	33 11	16 943 22 250	18 327 23 357	56 13
45 to 64 years65 years and over	488 305	59 125	88 107	69 11	50 26	83	47 9	60 14	20	12	13 900 6 528	16 974 9 752	28 49
Female householder, no husband present	4 806 694 1 332	1 <b>278</b> 165 161	1 <b>395</b> 233 421	610 83 223	<b>457</b> 67 205	<b>581</b> 77 195	<b>208</b> 40 70	198 21 35	68 8 17	11 - 5	8 901 8 762 10 942	10 572 10 119 11 882	1 <b>026</b> 198 265
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	641 865	100	183 213	59 149	62 75	142 107	43 45	48 75	4 26	- 6	11 589 10 847	12 541 12 945	140
65 yeors and over Median age	1 274 34.6	683 <b>63.5</b>	345 <b>37.3</b>	96 <b>32.4</b>	48 31.8	60 <b>31.8</b>	10 <b>31.6</b>	19 <b>34.2</b>	13 46.7	48.6	4 791	6 846	313 35.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	5 273 4 891	612 608	982 838	640 540	412 426	1 047 963	634 714	714 552	167 199	65 51	14 942 15 164	16 107 16 390	647 470
1970 to 1974	1 376 1 024	212 238	323 223	95 82	83 109	318 114	157 49	108 129	53 60	27 20	14 247 11 555	15 274 15 007	181 161
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	590	103	134	54	56	60	62	50	49	22	12 679	16 990	53
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 848	1 722	2 399	1 400	1 053	2 427	1 604	1 539	528	176	14 644	16 164	1 463
0.50 or less	7 388 4 938 425	1 214 490 16	1 481 835 42	910 464 26	630 377 40	1 208 1 125 78	777 752 66	768 647 112	269 215 33	131 33 12	12 853 16 178 20 610	15 275 16 887 22 988	759 617
1.01 to 1.50	97 <b>306</b>	2 51	41 101	11	6	16 75	9	12	11	- q	14 792 10 227	17 131 12 520	62 25 49
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	102 188	28 19	13 83	11	18 15	22 46	6	6	~	9 -	13 889 9 310	15 202 11 217	20 29
1.01 to 1.50	7 9	4	5	_	_	7	-	_	_	_	18 750 5 250	18 140 4 972	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment Centrol heating system	13 136 11 784	1 773	2 488 2 187	1 411	950	2 502 2 248	1 616 1 451	1 <b>547</b> 1 423	<b>528</b> 474	185 167	14 563 14 661	16 084 16 178	1 512
Air conditioning  Centrol system  Vehicles available	4 642 404 11 139	515 133 <b>853</b>	711 58 1 <b>78</b> 5	420 23 1 267	337 32 1 012	960 59 2 400	670 41 1 597	712 32 1 521	222 26 528	95 - 176	16 594 11 196 16 202	17 987 13 430 17 714	367 70 800
12 or more	6 261 4 878	703 150	1 421 364	997 270	685 327	1 264	552 1 045	444	149 379	46 130	12 535 20 860	14 160 22 276	613 187
House heating fuel	13 136 2 243	1 773 334	2 488 442	1 411 248	1 086 201	2 502 427	1 616 244	1 547 237	<b>528</b> 76	185 34	14 563 13 713	16 084 15 369	1 <b>512</b> 342
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	288 3 664	77 526	73 600	27 380	19 285	12 804	65 411	15 499	115	44	9 750 15 206	11 817 16 095	59 403
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Median rooms	6 731 210	827 9	1 352 21 <b>3.7</b>	741 15	548 33 <b>4.1</b>	1 185 74	882 14	772 24 <b>4.6</b>	330 7 <b>5.5</b>	94 13 <b>5.3</b>	14 532 16 350	16 420 18 609	699 9 3.8
	12 768	3.1		3.9		4.1	1 552	1 511	487	172	14 473	15 968	1 483
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 700	1 /40	2 454	1 363	1 038	2 443	1 332	1 311	407	172	14 4/3	13 700	1 403
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$!49	733 1 163	472 201	155 321	32 124	9 129	31 193	8 108	13 60	13 23	- 4	4 271 11 200	6 435 12 734	283 183
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 718 2 379	366 246	403 552	193 358	163 182	266 540	144	120 241	48 39	15 11	11 166 12 960	13 400 14 355	232
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	2 587 1 755	181	398 314	296 167	280 108	653 352	408 260	257 333	74 101	40 12	15 943 17 618	17 016 18 319	240 124
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 027 534	66 12	108 28	87 44	89 56	222 66	196 98	218 140	30 66	- 11	18 811 22 628	19 063 24 252	100
\$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	283 589 \$252	96	12 163 \$221	20 42	22 \$254	54 66 \$260	64 56 \$287	64 65 \$305	36 57 \$309	24 33 22 \$321	24 455 12 113	29 813 17 059	50 \$204
GROSS RENT	\$232	\$162	<b>⊅</b> ∠∠1	\$243	<b>\$234</b>	\$20U	<b>\$207</b>	\$303	\$307	<b>4321</b>	•••	• • •	\$204
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	530 467	400 130	82 168	22 40	41	21 54	_ 14	5 8	- 8	<del>-</del>	3 935 7 310	4 929 10 116	234 105
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	959 1 629	239 255	320 367	129 205	87 141	64 364	48 146	45 97	27 39	15	8 943 12 348	10 760 13 762	156
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	2 051	201 200	455 410	302 258	181 209	425 511	230 244	200 211	41 30	16	13 432 14 623	14 955 15 388	198 211
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 651 1 754	76 129	237 173	113 174	153 134	392 380	297 294	295 358	65 99	18 23 13	17 860 18 642	19 173 19 070	110 169
\$500 or more No cosh rent Median	1 047 589 \$311	22 96 \$208	79 163	78 42 \$294	70 22	166 66	223 56	227 65 \$377	121 57 \$405	61 22 \$398	22 260 12 113	24 648 17 059	65 50 \$260
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	<b>4311</b>	<b>\$200</b>	\$270	<b>\$274</b>	\$314	\$325	\$361	φ3//	<b>р403</b>	<b>4370</b>	•••	•••	\$200
Less thon 15 percent	1 729 1 831	32 65	50 70	57 41	67 107	194 538	275 421	613 472	297 111	144	27 810 21 125	30 167 21 538	16 60
20 to 24 percent	2 110 1 565	109	170 210	203 216	220 208	696 521	439 216	251 79	22	-	17 479 15 255	17 294 14 856	76
30 to 34 percent	1 217 1 585	73 132	238 711	329 356	197 201	254 135	103 42	23 8	_	_	12 261 9 715	12 907 10 113	45 57 159
50 percent or more Not computed	2 029 702	) 013 209	842 163	119 42	16 22	39 66	- 56	65	57	22	5 006 9 382	5 319 14 271	907 163
Medion	26.2	50+	43.9	32.2	27.7	23.3	20.6	16.2	12.6	10-		• • •	50+

# Table A -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

	Logid ore estimo	ores bosed on a	somple, see intro	duction. For m	eoning of symbo	is, see introducti	on. For definitio	ns or terms, se	oppendixes A	ona Bj	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	22 696	240	521	1 269	1 995	2 281	5 071	4 132	3 457	3 730	499
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	1 107 4 876 4 659 6 681 3 604 1 321 311 137 3.61	75 58 43 7 43 14 - - 2.28	49 159 132 113 48 20 - - 2.90	136 310 313 231 182 57 23 17 3.10	69 483 406 588 321 89 37 2 3.57	192 484 433 633 421 67 31 20 3.55	223 1 085 1 031 1 478 846 328 62 18 3.63	184 880 910 1 183 581 299 66 29 3.58	101 716 686 1 241 480 178 31 24 3.68	78 701 705 1 207 682 269 61 27 3.82	411 488 497 525 493 529 504 540
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	19 644 261 5 249 7 093 6 294 747 1 080 41 280 359 310 90 1 972 31 321 571 782 267 41.0	151 	421 19 16 80 243 63 12 5 - 7 - - 88 8 - 13 8 19 9 53.3	975 	1 657 5 210 455 868 119 67 	1 860 18 318 619 814 91 138 -26 42 56 14 283 18 24 81 125 35 44.9	4 408 65 1 364 1 461 1 376 1142 201 55 54 64 64 28 462 - 90 127 209 36 40.1	3 592 69 1 2300 9 916 77 201 7 60 84 50 - 339 95 84 119 95	3 134 64 1 061 1 206 6 733 70 152 5 68 36 35 8 171 - 69 48 50 4 38.0	3 446 21 959 1 593 823 500 200 117 44 92 47 - 84 6 6 19 30 33	510 534 551 542 546 381 506 645 553 539 464 414 388 514 433 394 307
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	2 940 8 062 4 996 5 432 1 266	32 55 16 84 53	19 65 38 286 113	37 58 197 751 226	50 256 395 1 072 222	79 429 684 864 225	272 1 862 1 493 1 242 202	500 1 940 983 587 122	597 1 827 706 264 63	1 354 1 570 484 282 40	721 567 475 380 354
ROOMS  I to 3 rooms	113 789 2 881 4 769 6 010 8 134 7.0	16 50 69 39 32 34 5.3	5 80 153 174 90 19 5.6	5 63 475 422 168 136 5.7	7 66 509 566 514 333 6.2	14 132 377 556 687 515 6.6	24 217 708 1 210 1 490 1 422 6.8	23 133 345 877 1 265 1 489 7.0	20 188 584 1 040 1 625 7.4	19 28 57 341 724 2 561 8.0	425 401 381 448 502 611
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to March 1980	3 766 4 100 7 260 3 641 1 241 2 688	33 ; 6 ; 79 ; 65 ; 41 ; 16	12 - 170 171 - 66 102	18 50 555 371 80 195	50 162 969 450 139 225	69 237 904 505 161 405	503 1 046 1 711 842 276 693	641 964 1 382 545 223 377	986 892 761 406 123 289	1 454 743 729 286 132 386	685 557 453 427 442 453
VALUE Less than \$10,000. \$10,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$29,999. \$30,000 to \$39,999. \$40,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 to \$59,999. \$60,000 to \$79,999. \$100,000 to \$99,999. \$100,000 to \$149,999.	- 32 93 239 856 1 694 7 356 6 016 4 791 1 619 \$83 000	- 7 11 13 37 27 111 27 7 - \$63 100	7 9 28 61 135 199 74 6 2 \$61 400	- 24 60 110 254 635 160 18 8	- 7 5 42 181 224 896 506 119 15 \$71,900	- 6 15 38 172 259 823 669 269 30 \$77 200	- 5 19 44 196 402 2 185 1 395 757 68 \$77 500	- 10 14 86 280 1 366 1 387 861 1 128 \$83 800	- - 13 92 813 1 154 1 089 296 \$93 500	- - - 21 328 644 1 665 1 072 \$126 300	314 325 322 361 390 443 513 649 750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	4 979 4 487 4 691 3 051 1 837 3 562 89 22.0	101 14 28 16 26 49 6 20.4	301 75 47 26 14 58 -	689 280 111 43 41 98 7	872 431 317 137 34 198 6 16.4	761 596 416 140 82 272 14	1 144 1 192 1 218 593 272 612 40 20.7	515 908 966 739 401 587 16 23.3	308 611 842 590 430 676 - 24.8	288 380 746 767 537 1 012 - 27.9	385 471 522 577 617 584 441
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Hearling equipment Steom or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air canditianing Central system 1 or more individual room units House hearling fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	22 696 12 725 5 411 3 230 167 1 163 10 551 1 046 9 505 22 696 1 926 92 3 664 16 063 951	240 102 59 40 - 39 65 - 65 240 24 11 47 139 19	521 256 168 14 16 67 247 33 214 521 116 - 14 323 68	1 269 788 309 82 16 74 585 35 550 1 269 199 6 82 908 74	1 995 1 266 438 161 38 92 938 7 7 931 1 995 252 18 1700 55	2 281 1 342 559 232 13 135 1 073 61 1 012 2 281 203 21 280 1 703 74	5 071 2 620 1 311 734 44 362 2 549 201 2 368 5 071 588 19 841 3 291 332	4 132 2 186 1 004 774 31 137 1 955 166 1 789 4 132 349 17 832 2 831 103	3 457 1 947 691 689 - 130 1 606 209 1 397 3 457 131 - 783 2 419	3 730 2 218 872 504 9 127 1 513 334 1 179 3 730 64 615 2 949 102	499 500 488 545 401 439 491 614 482 499 430 376 548 506 448

# Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

	[DOTO GIE ESTITIOTE	3 00364 011 0 3011	pie, sec infroducti	on. For meoning	or symbols, see i	initiodoction. For	detailinons of fern	io, oce oppendixes	A dila oj	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	6 407	5	38	147	308	572	1 938	1 768	1 631	206
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person2 persons	1 706 2 838	5	32	75 65	160 95	212 268	553 973	373 807	296 630	183 201
3 persons	907	_	-	7	38	69	206	286	301	223
4 persons5 persons	558 243		6	_	15	13	137 60	178 75	209 104	230 238
6 persons	115	Ξ.	_	=	_	6	9	41	59	250+
7 persons	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	16	250+
8 or more persons	16 2.03	1.00	1.09	1.48	1.46	1.78	1.93	2.13	16 2.32	250+
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	2 705		,	2,	***	0.50	1 104	1 116	3 000	27.5
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	3 725		6	36	114	258	1 104	1 115	1 092	215 138
25 to 34 years	84	-	-	7	6	6	31	22	12	187
35 to 44 yeors	204 1 794	_	6	- 6	68	21 80	48 444	40 595	89 601	234 225
65 years and over	1 632	-	-	23	40	140	581	458	390	203
Mole householder, no wife present	651 13	5	6	43	47	66	196	169	119	190 148
25 to 34 years	59	_	_	16	_		14	เก้	18	198
35 to 44 years	22	-	- 6	-	5	1-	12		5	175
45 to 64 years65 years and over	283 274	5	0 -	27	28 14	18	80 90	93 59	58 38	205 178
Female householder, no husband present	2 031	-	26	68	147	248	638	484	420	191
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	20	_		_	_	1	_	8	11 12	250+ 250+
35 to 44 years	59	-	-			.=	29	8	22	203
45 to 64 years65 years and over	581 1 360	Ī	8 18	23 45	23 124	199	165 444	185 283	128 247	206 183
Median age	65.3	67.5	64.6	71.1	68.6	70.2	67.1	63.8	61.3	103
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	186	_	6	11	11	18	49	31	* 60	198
1975 to 1978	418	-	6	39	. 6	36	89	117	125	214
1970 to 1974	749 1 452	_	12	14	25 75	68 147	198 424	199 380	247 405	218 208
1959 or earlier	3 602	5	7	83	191	303	1 178	1 041	794	200
ROOMS	,,,		,	4.4	00				1,	,,,,
1 to 3 rooms	121 626	_	19	44 44	22 96	28	5 251	106	16 19	112
5 rooms	1 564	5	7	28	116	167	635	413	193	186
6 rooms	2 018	-	-	25	33 41	192 57	695	586 389	487 354	205 228
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	1 052 1 026	_	6	6	41	37	205 147	274	562	250+
Medion	5.9	5.0	4.2	4.2	4.8	5.5	5.6	6.1	6.8	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	178	_	6	6	_	13	52	32	69	219
1970 to 1974	310	-	_	9		35	50	100	116	230
1960 to 1969	1 072 1 985		8 7	8 52	46 75	89 158	307 626	289 559	325 508	213
1940 to 1949	917	-	6	52 11	75 102	58	270	283	187	207 202
1939 or eorlier	1 945	5	11	61	85	219	633	505	426	197
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	11	-	-	11	=		,_	- ;	-	.88
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	149	5	8	20 24	50	25	19 41	15	- 6	127
\$30,000 to \$39,999	352	_	10	15	38	13 93 97 103 159	135	51	10	126 157 182 179
\$40,000 to \$49,999	577	-	7	5	47	97	216	132	80 88	182
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	917 2 344	_	7	35 23	89 64	159	382 821	213 772	498	l 206 l
\$80,000 to \$99,999	1 006	-	-	8	-	65	191	417	325	229
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	721 246		6	6	13	17	113	161	418 206	250 + 250 +
Median	\$69 300	\$16 300	\$50 700	\$48 500	\$51 300	\$54 300	\$63 600	\$71 900	\$86 700	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	1 850	5	8	73	76	153	521	524	490	208
10 to 14 percent	1 519	-	17	73 10	47	153 93 125 37 48	480	459 231	413	212 191
15 to 19 percent	863 542	_	6 7	11 21	35 30 40 13	37	312 140	178	143 129	210
25 to 29 percent	463	-	<u>-</u>	32	40	48	168	103	72	183
30 to 34 percent	188 880	Ξ	_	_	13 46	17 99	79 232	30 221	49 282	191 214
Not computed	102	_	_	_	21	, · · · ·	232	22	53	250+
Median	14.3	10—	13.2	10.2	17.9	16.6	14.6	13.8	13.6	• • • •
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	6 407	5	38	147	308	572	1 938	1 768	1 631	206
Steam or hot water systemCentral warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	3 581 2 131	_	4	51	143	253 202	944 785	1 122	1 064	218 194
Other built-in electric units	2 131	_	15	59 5	100 16	202	112	529 78	441 94	198
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	88	_	-	5	-	49	-	22	12	145
Other meansAir canditioning	256 2 334	5	19	27 <b>36</b>	49 <b>69</b>	140	97 <b>709</b>	17 <b>691</b>	20 <b>689</b>	153 <b>215</b>
Centrol system	240	_	Ξ.	-	-	13	34	43	150	250+
for more individual room units	2 094	- 5	-	36	69	127 572	675	648 1 768	539 1 <b>631</b>	211 206
House heating fuel	6 <b>407</b> 627	-	<b>38</b> 4	147 20	<b>308</b> 29	52	1 938 250	1 /68	1 631	192
Bottled, tank, or LP gos	37	_		-	_	-	5	14	18	248
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	390 5 191	_	22	5 95	23 220	46 454	1 525	78 1 503	126 1 372	206 209
Other	162	5	12	95 27	36	20	46	1 12	4	126
						I				

# Table A-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		0.	wner-occupied h		Rei	nter-occupied h	ousing units					
The SMSA	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier
Occupied housing units	35 279	4 823	5 376	9 442	8 831	6 807	13 154	1 646	1 365	1 780	3 080	5 283
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years ond over  Alale householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  25 to 34 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  15 to 24 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  55 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 65 years and over  Median age	27 446 380 6 117 8 162 9 711 3 076 2 489 83 511 505 831 1 555 5 344 42 494 785 1 828 2 195 45.8	4 177 73 1 582 1 645 793 84 247 7 92 64 60 24 399 - 75 115 149 60 37.5	4 443 52 1 279 1 801 1 091 220 304 13 121 62 87 21 629 15 157 146 230 81 39.6	7 770 93 1 219 2 652 3 098 708 512 7 7 74 165 183 83 1 160 11 85 302 471 291	6 615 125 1 316 1 034 1 116 651 37 136 120 228 130 1 565 16 94 170 544 741 53.0	4 441 37 721 1 030 1 705 948 775 19 88 775 301 1 591 83 52 434 1 022 56.0	5 322 809 2 016 736 613 3 026 722 1 135 376 488 305 4 806 694 1 332 641 1 865 1 274 34.6	700 107 293 111 61 128 391 53 41 71 37 555 65 147 45 80 218	552 96 192 111 77 76 239 70 122 18 574 82 137 105 69 181	691 98 214 132 144 103 403 50 64 61 686 92 154 74 116 250 38.4	1 205 221 467 129 285 103 776 183 325 100 92 76 1 099 195 343 172 242 247 227	2 174 287 850 253 581 203 1 217 295 392 168 249 113 1 892 260 551 245 358 358 478
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 842 10 446 6 704 7 969 6 318	1 567 3 256 - - -	705 1 897 2 774 - -	622 2 287 1 774 4 759	580 1 776 1 163 1 912 3 400	368 1 230 993 1 298 2 918	5 273 4 891 1 376 1 024 590	1 042 604 - - -	491 619 255 —	612 665 251 252	1 283 1 131 257 250 159	1 845 1 872 613 522 431
ROOMS  1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Medion	58 405 2 623 6 070 7 893 18 230 6.6	- 71 146 396 693 3 517 7.4	11 40 358 491 843 3 633 7.2	4 65 563 1 671 2 076 5 063 6.6	22 105 950 2 160 2 593 3 001 6.0	21 124 606 1 352 1 688 3 016 6.3	658 1 132 2 660 3 781 2 722 1 211 990 4.1	200 216 403 428 206 91 102 3.5	53 134 300 409 303 109 57 4.0	128 198 331 476 344 147 156 4.0	65 182 586 969 718 316 244 4.2	212 402 1 040 1 499 1 151 548 431 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	35 156 22 757 12 032 342 25 123 104 19	4 823 3 356 1 458 9 - - - -	5 360 3 239 2 095 26 - 16 16	9 442 5 506 3 814 112 10 	8 811 5 809 2 885 107 10 20 20	6 720 4 847 1 780 88 5 87 68 19	12 848 7 388 4 938 425 97 306 102 188 7	1 639 945 650 28 16 7 - 7	1 330 763 523 40 4 35 7 23	1 721 1 009 665 47 	3 036 1 625 1 256 128 27 44 26	5 122 3 046 1 844 182 50 161 48 102 7
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	4 096 9 711 6 683 8 273 4 264 2 252 3.07	367 1 103 936 1 496 739 182 3.50	390 1 016 956 1 887 749 378 3.67	730 2 389 1 825 2 253 1 452 793 3.38 32 268	1 219 3 048 1 852 1 511 758 443 2.58 25 613	1 390 2 155 1 114 1 126 566 456 2.43 19 855	4 578 4 049 2 190 1 266 600 471 1.99 29 626	715 572 164 143 38 14 1.69	471 401 205 156 69 63 2.03 3 110	736 488 283 153 70 50 1.82 3 700	814 1 038 580 342 189 117 2.20	1 842 1 550 958 472 234 227 2.02
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or mare Mobile home or trailer, etc.	31 768 1 624 475 383 463 59 507	4 341 51 32 149 117 14	4 803 83 41 111 203 6	8 924 126 54 35 50 19 234	8 344 294 77 43 28 20 25	5 356 1 070 271 45 65	3 310 3 238 2 418 1 198 1 830 1 056 104	196 162 212 203 392 469	186 165 124 225 394 226 45	621 160 183 161 379 236 40	1 156 877 523 179 272 73	1 151 1 874 1 376 430 393 52 7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	35 279 19 034 9 723 4 469 332 1 721 16 055 1 845 14 210 35 279 3 513 1922 5 135 25 141 1 298 1 071 3.0	4 823 2 730 1 064 831 26 172 2 064 549 1 515 4 823 213 6 1 019 3 433 152 88 1.8	5 376 1 995 823 2 246 28 284 2 748 324 2 424 5 376 141 20 2 602 2 379 234 153 2.8	9 442 5 860 2 118 1 003 42 419 4 854 496 4 358 9 442 1 208 54 1 066 6 769 345 260 2.8	8 831 4 681 3 288 245 107 510 4 034 3 689 8 831 619 56 288 7 494 277 3.1	6 807 3 768 2 430 144 129 336 2 355 131 2 224 6 807 1 332 56 160 5 066 193 293 4.3	13 136 5 254 3 445 2 920 165 1 352 4 642 404 4 238 13 136 2 243 288 3 664 6 731 1 1.5	1 646 305 409 892 - 40 1 037 122 915 1 646 91 1 18 1 139 398 - 120 7.3	1 360 144 280 893 - 43 773 66 707 1 360 39 25 1 074 222 - 164 12.0	1 780 592 446 617 15 110 663 79 584 1 780 249 17 785 721 8 234	3 067 1 343 1 008 199 69 448 841 40 801 3 067 504 97 284 2 099 83 379 12.3	5 283 2 870 1 302 319 81 711 1 328 97 1 231 5 283 1 360 131 382 3 291 119 615
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or \$49,999 \$40,000 or \$40,999	1 402 2 537 1 485 1 597 3 769 5 057 9 120 6 552 3 760 \$26 611 \$29 564	68 145 151 131 351 652 1 355 1 232 738 \$31 351 \$34 009	112 242 167 199 444 731 1 689 1 163 629 \$29 392 \$31 874	307 536 312 345 1 040 1 421 2 528 1 988 965 \$27 700 \$30 200	423 850 501 521 1 066 1 309 2 150 1 310 701 \$24 052 \$26 629	492 764 354 401 868 944 1 398 859 727 \$22 735 \$27 515	1 773 2 500 1 411 1 086 2 502 1 616 1 553 528 185 \$14 556 \$16 079	228 224 202 84 289 229 270 94 26 \$16 265 \$17 876	179 259 104 99 291 185 186 56 6 \$15 540 \$15 989	311 311 147 161 316 231 189 78 36 \$14 379 \$15 958	343 588 306 278 620 369 437 102 37 \$15 173 \$16 425	712 1 118 65? 464 986 602 471 198 80 \$13 359 \$15 382

# Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	Owner-occupied housing units				Renter-occupied housing units							
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or ottached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Tatal	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	<b>35 279</b> 1 135	<b>31 768</b> 351	<b>3 004</b> 784	<b>5</b> 07	13 154 550	<b>3 310</b> 97	<b>3 238</b> 18	2 418 53	1 198 151	1 <b>830</b> 205	1 <b>056</b> 26	104
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	27 446 380 6 117	<b>25 282</b> 315 5 590	1 883 44 488	281 21 39	5 322 809 2 016	1 <b>681</b> 169 624	1 558 229 623	902 200 370	283 67 83	532 84 215	<b>327</b> 60 87	39 - 14
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	8 162 9 711 3 076 <b>2 489</b>	7 802 8 886 2 689 2 017	328 724 299 <b>406</b>	32 101 88 <b>66</b>	736 1 148 613 <b>3 026</b>	306 422 160 <b>774</b>	205 371 130 <b>536</b>	76 176 80 <b>521</b>	56 49 28 <b>377</b>	59 85 89 <b>569</b>	34 38 108 <b>237</b>	7 18 12
Mole householder, no wife present	83 511 505	54 377 466	23 115 39	6 19 -	722 1 135 376	155 321 110	140 238 48	174 183 64	61 133 83	163 190 53	29 70 11	- - 7
45 to 64 years	831 559 <b>5 344</b> 42	693 427 <b>4 469</b> 42	120 109 <b>715</b>	18 23 <b>160</b>	488 305 <b>4 806</b> 694	110 78 <b>855</b> 48	57 53 <b>1 144</b> 165	56 44 <b>995</b> 194	74 26 <b>538</b> 156	129 34 <b>729</b> 93	57 70 <b>492</b> 38	5 - <b>53</b>
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	494 785 1 828	389 692 1 522	105 80 206	13 100	1 332 641 865	216 167 186	372 144 270	320 119 141	131 67 69	235 116 131	54 28 53	4 - 15
65 years and over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	2 195 <b>45.8</b>	1 824 <b>45.2</b>	324 <b>50.9</b>	47 <b>60.0</b>	1 274 <b>34.</b> 6	238 <b>37.0</b>	193 <b>33.4</b>	221 <b>31.5</b>	115 <b>33.1</b>	154 <b>33.7</b>	319 <b>62.9</b>	65.0
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 842 10 446 6 704 7 969 6 318	3 362 9 274 6 179 7 466 5 487	356 987 423 427 811	124 185 102 76 20	5 273 4 891 1 376 1 024 590	1 226 1 195 331 309 249	1 147 1 223 342 324 202	1 055 930 177 177 79	519 422 165 63 29	870 647 228 54 31	443 448 94 71	13 26 39 26
ROOMS 1 room	_	_	_	-	658	32	20	49	75	288	189	5
2 rooms	58 405 2 623 6 070	28 241 1 619 4 871	30 151 668 1 059	13 336 140	1 132 2 660 3 781 2 722	106 273 630 749	51 397 1 338 983	226 774 731 509	213 362 344 142	278 513 477 240	250 327 239 44	8 14 22 55
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	7 893 18 230 6.6	7 361 17 648 6.7	514 582 5.1	18 - 4.2	1 211 990 4.1	673 847 5.3	353 96 4.4	97 32 3.7	47 15 3.4	34 3.2	2.8	4.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use  0.50 or less  0.51 to 1.00	35 156 22 757 12 032	31 728 20 500 10 929	2 921 1 856 1 003	<b>507</b> 401 100	12 848 7 388 4 938	3 304 2 075 1 067	3 178 1 720 1 302	2 346 1 271 1 004	1 158 749 394	1 746 892 780	1 017 608 372	99 73 19
1.01 to 1.50	342 25 <b>123</b>	279 20 <b>40</b>	57 5 <b>83</b>	6 -	425 97 <b>306</b>	143 19 6	133 23 <b>60</b>	60 11 72	15 - <b>40</b>	47 27 <b>84</b>	20 17 <b>39</b>	7 - 5
0.50 or less	104 19 - -	40 - - -	64 19 - -	-	102 188 7 9	6 -	26 34 - -	34 38 - -	20 20 - -	7 66 7 4	15 24 - -	- - - 5
BEDROOMS None 1	20 988	13 616	7 316	_ 56	826 4 308	47 496	20 723	68 1 118	119 602	342 756	225 584	5 29
2	6 961 17 056 8 543	5 125 16 142 8 312	1 427 878 225	409 36 6	4 939 2 392 521	1 015 1 184 435	1 723 688 65	930 302	390 74 3	604 111 11	233 7 7	44 26
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999.	1 711 1 402 2 537	1 560 1 197 2 108	151 146	59 93	1 773	133 235	353 570	338 490	10 242	269 457	315	21 19
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 485 1 597 3 769	1 176 1 354 3 287	336 227 167 409	73 82 76 73	2 500 1 411 1 086 2 502	484 258 250 620	372 351 677	375 236 425	221 88 72 239	201 132 364	259 102 36 150	15 9 27
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	5 057 9 120 6 552	4 547 8 357 6 195	444 720 351	66 43 6	1 616 1 553 528	547 577 223	391 420 94	249 183 95	169 77 77	186 178 33	61 118 6	13 - -
\$50,000 or more	3 760 \$26 611 \$29 564	3 547 \$27 176 \$30 206	\$22 533 \$25 230	\$13 141 \$15 023	185 \$14 556 \$16 079	\$18 000 \$20 416	10 \$14 808 \$15 814	\$12 564 \$14 550	13 \$14 167 \$15 216	10 \$12 351 \$13 877	\$9 094 \$12 028	\$12 000 \$11 713
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	<b>35 279</b> 19 034 9 723	<b>31 768</b> 17 471 8 434	3 004 1 542 843	<b>507</b> 21 446	13 136 5 254 3 445	3 310 1 325 1 242	<b>3 238</b> 1 677 830	2 411 1 049 475	1 192 433 212	1 <b>830</b> 523 360	1 <b>056</b> 238 248	99 9 78
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other meons Air conditioning	4 469 332 1 721 16 055	3 975 302 1 586 14 142	494 18 107 <b>1 593</b>	12 28 <b>320</b>	2 920 165 1 352 <b>4 642</b>	371 46 326	261 41 429 <b>908</b>	468 53 366 <b>540</b>	395 7 145 <b>455</b>	850 11 86 <b>870</b>	563 7 - <b>697</b>	12
Centrol system	1 845 34 341 8 129	1 523 31 020 6 657	225 2 820 1 159	97 <b>501</b> 313	404 11 139 6 261	1 117 61 3 099 1 200	22 2 893 1 570	14 1 989 1 281	37 <b>938</b> 608	106 1 451 1 006	128 <b>680</b> 535	55 36 89 61
2 or more  House heating fuel  Utility gas	26 212 <b>35 279</b> 3 513	24 363 <b>31 768</b> 2 739	1 661 3 004 774	188 <b>507</b>	4 878 13 136 2 243	1 899 3 310 339	1 323 <b>3 238</b> 846	708 <b>2 411</b> 665	330 1 192 232	445 1 830 124	145 1 <b>056</b> 37	28 99 -
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	192 5 135 25 141	151 4 528 23 089	607 1 585	34 - 467	288 3 664 6 731	80 449 2 307	69 335 1 943	90 544 1 101	29 507 405	16 1 109 581	708 311	12 83
Other Water heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	1 298 35 255 4 333 1 959	1 261 <b>31 744</b> 3 315 1 836	31 3 004 1 010 96	507 8 27	210 13 132 3 153 997	135 <b>3 304</b> 496 488	3 238 1 206 234	2 418 960 188	19 1 198 266 54	1 814 178 9	1 <b>05</b> 6 47 7	104
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	10 378 18 470 115	9 121 17 375 97	844 1 042 12	413 53 6	4 972 3 980 30	1 108 1 212 -	662 1 129 7	711 552 7	553 314 11	1 148 479 -	722 280	68 14 5
Family householder With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	30 606 17 645 6 563 2 346	28 011 16 554 6 042	2 273 1 017 457	322 74 64	<b>7 455</b> 4 057 2 143	2 196 1 276 594	2 237 1 303 710	1 334 731 452	464 240 134	791 372 190	378 120 58 51	65 15 5 19
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder	1 112 147 4 673	2 007 1 007 136 3 757	298 100 11 731	41 5 - 185	1 840 1 346 483 5 699	422 312 53 1 124	600 434 174 1 001	369 281 123 1 084	155 118 74 734	224 146 46 1 039	45 13 <b>678</b>	10
Percent below poverty level	1 <b>071</b> 3.0	908 2.9	125 4.2	<b>38</b> 7.5	1 512 11.5	214 6.5	338 10.4	312 12.9	17 <b>0</b> 14.2	284 15.5	182 17.2	12 11.5

# Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

	[Doto ole evillion	les based on a s	omple, see illist	oduction. For me	ming or symbols,	see iiii dddciidi	1. FOI desiliation	is of ferms, see	oppendixes A of	10 0 1	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	<b>35 279</b> 1 059	4 096 -	9 711 450	6 <b>683</b> 220	<b>8 273</b> 157	<b>4 264</b> 85	1 643 91	<b>415</b> 45	194 11	<b>3.07</b> 2.86	113 527 3 584
ROOMS  1 to 3 rooms  4 rooms  5 rooms  7 rooms  8 ar more rooms  Median	463 2 623 6 070 7 893 7 774 10 456 6.6	262 818 1 182 896 536 402 5.3	119 1 153 2 334 2 551 1 839 1 715 6.0	38 388 1 207 1 724 1 567 1 759 6.5	23 196 825 1 569 2 330 3 330 7.2	16 48 393 805 1 132 1 870 7.3	5 20 95 284 274 965 7.8	30 52 89 244 7.9	- 4 12 7 171 8.4	1.38 1.93 2.29 2.79 3.46 3.91	857 5 398 15 464 23 654 26 260 41 894
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 156 34 789 342 25 123 123	4 037 4 037 - - 59 59	9 675 9 675 - - 36 36	6 671 6 671 - 12 12 -	8 273 8 250 23 - - - -	4 248 4 184 48 16 16	1 643 1 523 115 5 -	415 333 82 - - - -	194 116 74 4 - - -	3.08 3.05 6.37 5.28 1.57	113 264 111 066 2 030 168 263 263
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc  VALUE	31 768 3 004 507	3 277 646 173	8 533 944 234	6 001 624 58	7 797 446 30	4 059 205 -	1 566 65 12	373 42 -	162 32 -	3.18 2.41 1.84	103 913 8 619 995
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000. \$10,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$29,999. \$30,000 to \$349,999. \$40,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 to \$59,999. \$60,000 to \$79,999. \$80,000 to \$79,999. \$100,000 to \$149,999.	29 103 11 116 242 591 1 433 2 611 9 700 7 022 5 512 1 865 \$79 700	2 813 - 57 79 189 247 490 961 395 278 117 \$67 700	7 714 11 34 67 207 469 896 2 714 1 722 1 178 416 \$76 700	5 566 	7 239 - 7 44 13 211 424 2 270 1 960 1 754 556 \$85 400	3 847 - 12 13 57 142 231 1 171 1 103 860 258 \$84 600	1 436 - - 6 14 35 64 428 382 357 150 \$86 300	335 - - 5 22 23 130 90 43 22 \$78 000	153 - - 4 10 7 66 37 24 5	3.22 2.00 1.53 2.13 2.01 2.50 2.41 3.10 3.53 3.66 3.61	95 238 17 258 555 1 379 4 001 6 905 30 517 23 940 20 824 6 842 
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged. Income in 1979 belaw poverty level Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgaged. Not mortgaged.	35 279 \$26 611 20.7 22.0 14.3 1 071 \$2 714 50+ 50+ 50+	4 096 \$10 683 27.5 31.7 24.5 439 \$2500— 50+ 50+	9 711 \$24 071 19.4 21.7 14.5 195 \$3 410 50+ 50+ 50+	6 683 \$27 193 20.3 22.1 10.8 146 \$2 813 50+ 50+	8 273 \$29 794 21.2 22.0 10— 162 \$3 214 50+ 50+ 50+	4 264 \$30 347 20.8 21.5 10— 110 \$5 705	1 643 \$35 209 18.7 19.9 10— 11 \$8 750 37.5 37.5	\$37 430 16.0 16.3 13.1 5 \$2500—	\$37 703 16.4 17.4 10- 3 \$8 750 50+ 50+	3.07  1.99	113 527   
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	13 154 1 488	4 578	4 049 912	2 190 288	1 266 160	<b>600</b> 57	276 46	130 12	65 13	1.99 2.32	29 626 3 873
ROOMS 1 room	658 1 132 2 660 3 781 2 722 1 211 990 4.1	605 803 1 528 974 422 142 104 3.1	34 291 904 1 351 984 259 226 4.1	9 22 195 832 536 304 292 4.6	2 8 21 454 398 230 153 4.9	8 12 116 235 137 92 5.2	- - 37 95 60 84 5.6	- 8 - 10 49 42 21 5.5	- - 7 3 37 18 6.1	1.04 1.20 1.37 2.18 2.45 3.17 3.07	709 1 457 3 968 8 743 7 305 4 140 3 304
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	12 848 12 326 425 97 306 290 7	4 421 4 421 - 157 157 - -	3 986 3 961 - 25 63 54 - 9	2 135 2 111 15 9 55 48 7	1 258 1 227 21 10 8 8	582 446 116 20 18 18 -	271 139 132 - 5 5	130 21 91 18 - - -	65	2.00 1.94 5.96 4.72 1.47 1.42 3.00 2.00	29 021 26 129 2 411 481 605 565 16 24
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached 2	3 310 3 238 2 418 1 198 1 830 1 056 104	778 754 890 588 868 661 39	1 019 992 767 346 594 284 47	667 770 367 146 162 67	410 382 267 76 114 17	219 208 62 32 52 27	127 69 37 6 30 -	47 48 21 4 10 -	43 15 7 - - - -	2.36 2.37 1.92 1.53 1.58 1.30 1.78	8 677 8 339 5 155 2 215 3 435 1 577 228
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	12 768 530 467 959 1 629 2 051 2 091 1 651 1 754 1 047 589 \$311	4 491 404 256 555 747 908 554 428 258 114 267 \$258	3 893 82 101 221 490 598 814 558 619 246 164 \$323	2 142 27 16 106 191 273 464 329 414 261 61 \$346	1 214 12 36 40 145 137 175 174 246 185 64 \$359	569 5 41 9 32 88 57 90 142 87 18	264 - 10 21 12 39 7 7 29 65 75 6	130 - - 12 8 16 37 2 46 9 \$383	65 - 7 7 7 - 4 6 8 33 - \$500+	1.99 1.16 1.41 1.36 1.64 1.70 2.10 2.21 2.50 3.13 1.67	28 642 718 842 1 600 3 092 4 048 4 665 4 121 4 797 3 394 1 365
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage of household income = Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	13 154 \$14 556 26.2 1 512 \$3 386 50+	4 578 \$9 317 30.4 634 \$2500— 50+	4 049 \$17 032 23.5 310 \$3 573 50+	2 190 \$16 690 26.3 247 \$4 409 50+	1 266 \$17 488 24.8 149 \$5 365 50+	\$20 946 20.8 95 \$6 278 50+	276 \$19 833 24.2 36 \$7 885 48.6	\$20 000 23.5 28 \$6 875 45.0	\$23 958 21.3 13 \$9 821 24.6	1.99  1.89	29 626  

Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980 Table A — 10.

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	Luara are estima	ires based on a	sample, see	Male hous		see introducti	duction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]  Female householder						
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	4 096	1 381	44	280	240	438	379	2 715	25	173	106	799	1 612
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 037 59	1 337 44	44	264 16	240	438	351 28	2 700 15	25 _	165 8	106	799 	1 605
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	3 277 646 173	1 052 269 60	18 20 6	195 72 13	227 13	332 88 18	280 76 23	2 225 377 113	25	109 64	79 19 8	636 105 58	1 376 189 47
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	933 1 021	159 238	11 7	13	7	32 64	96 130	774 783	_ 19	25	20	144 209	630 510
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	344 323 489 337	98 70 187 173	6 6 14 -	6 22 53 64	21 5 35 21	26 12 57 63	39 25 28 25	246 253 302 164	6 -	8 24 52 20	8 16 13 18	101 108 109 77	129 99 128 49
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	333 168 148 \$10 683	223 127 106 \$18 507	- - \$11 667 \$11 369	48 38 6 \$20 952	76 34 34 \$27 308	93 38 53 \$22 333	6 17 13 \$8 278	110 41 42 \$8 591	- - \$8 839	28 8 8	26 5 - \$16 731	34 17 - \$11 151	22 11 34 \$6 350
Meon MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$15 013	\$21 858	\$11 369	\$21 816	\$30 072	\$26 587	\$12 441	\$8 591 \$11 531	\$8 839 \$8 937	\$17 305 \$22 857	\$16 731 \$19 535	\$12 262	\$9 467
OWNER COSTS  Specified awner-occupied housing units  With a mortgage	2 813 1 107	877 541	18 5	163 150	172 161	289 158	235 67	1 936 566	25 14	70 62	58 46	558 242	1 225 202
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	75 49 136	6 5 71	5	- 12	- 15	- - 29	6 - 15	69 44 65	Ξ	=	- - 6	12 29 25 30	57 15 34 14 22 21 31
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	69 192 223	25 99 105	=	18 37	35 25	13 32 31	12 14 12	44 93 118	9	10	12 16	50 71	14 22 21
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	184 101 78	85 73 72	=	41 38 4	24 20 42	20 7 26	- 8 -	99 28 6	5 - -	26 26 -	12 - -	25 _ _	2 6
Median Not martgaged Less than \$50	\$411 1 706 5	\$445 <b>336</b> 5	\$225 13	\$520 13	\$523 11	\$410 <b>131</b> -	\$352 1 <b>68</b> 5	\$383 1 <b>370</b>	\$389 11	\$581 <b>8</b> —	\$425 12 -	\$375 <b>316</b>	\$293 1 <b>023</b>
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	32 75 160	6 32 38	=	5	- - 5	6 - 28	27 5	26 43 122	Ξ	Ξ	=	8 6 16	18 37 106
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	212 553 373	28 123 61	7 - 6	8	6	40 31	21 69 24	184 430 312	Ξ	- - 8	- - 8	46 105 86	106 138 325 210
\$250 or more Medion	296 \$183	43 \$174	\$148	\$159	\$154	26 \$189	17 \$169	253 \$186	11 \$250+	\$225	\$238	49 \$189	189 \$183
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly awner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	27.5	23.5	<b>50</b> +	28.6	24.3	15.3	25.2	30.3	<b>50</b> +	31.5	23.5	27.3	33.5
With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level	31.7 24.5 439	27.3 14.0 <b>104</b>	50+ 14.6	29.5 10.9 13	24.9 20.4	23.0 11.7	32.5 22.4 <b>52</b>	39.7 27.2 335	50+ 24.6	33.5 22.5	21.8 36.3	39.1 18.5 119	50 + 29.3 216
Percent below poverty level  Renter-occupied housing units	10.7	7.5 2 005	406	4.6 <b>750</b>	2.9	32 7.3 375	13.7 268	12.3	309	537	155	14.9 <b>39</b> 8	13.4
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 421	1 897	385	717	206	337	252	2 <sub>.</sub> 573 2 <sub>.</sub> 524	303	527	155	385	1 154
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	157	108	21	33	-	38	16	49	6	10	-	13	20
1, detached or attached 2	778 754 890	432 298 353	81 47 102	177 162 143	57 12 28	63 34 39	54 43 41	346 456 537	7 67 72	31 95 167	17 32 24	69 102 68	222 160 206
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	588 868 661	232 458 227	32 125 19	58 140 70	52 46 11	64 113 57	26 34 70	356 410 434	99 33 31	66 142 36	33 41 8	50 69 40	108 125 319
Mobile home or trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	39	5	-	-	-	5	-	34	-	-	-	-	34
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 ta \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 238 1 207 627	281 432 267	47 113 99	45 139 80	7 7 14	57 75 63	125 98 11	957 775 360	65 150 41	48 152 132	44 38 11	131 108 94	669 327 82
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	406 661 224	197 444 193	70 54 19	65 281 99	13 51 41	42 58 25	7 - 9	209 217 31	30 15 8	123 75 7	13 49 -	15 32 6	82 28 46 10 12
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	147 44 24	123 44 24	4 - -	31 7 3	31 37 5	43 - 12	14 - 4	24 _ _	=	-	-	12 - -	12
Median Mean	\$9 317 \$10 616	\$12 786 \$14 013	\$11 086 \$10 613	\$15 632 \$14 766	\$22 115 \$23 423	\$12 202 \$14 999	\$5 500 \$8 444	\$6 855 \$7 969	\$7 870 \$8 070	\$11 297 \$10 945	\$8 393 \$9 567	\$8 276 \$8 773	\$4 622 \$6 097
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	4 491 404	1 962 59	395	727 _	206	3 <b>75</b>	<b>259</b> 50	2 529 345	309	530	155	<b>398</b> 18	1 137 323
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	256 555 747	117 228 314	13 37 70	21 57 159	8 7 27	47 83 58	28 44 –	139 327 433	19 42 66	11 29 119	14 _ 51	12 62 69	83
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	908 554 428	424 243 201	89 51 72	190 127 43	39 17 36	58 67 35 24	39 13 26	484 311 227	90 39 31	136 129 64	39 17 23	57 70 52	128 162 56 57
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	258 114 267	164 81 131	48 - 15	50 29 51	37 35	20 7 25	10	94 33 136	7 8 7	35 7 -	7 -	17 10 31	28 8 98
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$258	\$275	\$287	\$285	\$357	\$224	\$193	\$244	\$265	\$293	\$257	\$263	\$174
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 below poverty level	30.4 634	25.6 168	30.9 47	24.4 45	20.8	21.7 26	29.9 43	34.5 466	34.9 51	31.5 35	35.1 31	44.8 50	35.8 299
Percent below poverty level	13.8	8.4	11.6	6.0	3.4	6.9	16.0	18.1	16.5	6.5	20.0	12.6	25.5

# Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	<u> </u>							*	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than 2 manths	2 up ta 6 manths	6 ar mare manths	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 manths	2 up ta 6 months	6 ar mare manths
Vacant for sale anly hausing units	736	265	289	182	Vacant for rent housing units	738	346	303	89
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	45 82 131 143 122 213 6.3	33 39 33 71 52 37 5.9	12 18 68 45 51 95 6.5	25 30 27 19 81 7.0	1 raam	46 69 82 245 172 69 55 4.2	33 37 46 115 58 33 24 4.0	4 17 36 111 95 18 22 4.4	9 15 - 19 19 18 9 4.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	736	265	289	182	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	730	-	-	-	Camplete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	715 23	323 23	303	89
None	_	_	_	-	BEDROOMS				
1	62 194 292 151 37	37 59 115 38 16	12 77 130 49 21	13 58 47 64 -	None	53 163 323 167 23	36 94 140 56	4 55 154 83 7	13 14 29 28 5
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	9	9	-	-
1975 to March 1980	297 71 147 77 16 128	109 38 37 39 4 38	96 15 74 27 9 68	92 18 36 11 3 22	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to March 1980  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949	163 83 75 64 54	78 49 43 11 28	69 26 17 41 20	16 8 15 12 6
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	(0.1	.,,	05/	100	1939 or earlier	299	137	130	32
), detached or attached 2 or mare Mobile hame ar trailer	604 132 -	166 99 -	256 33 -	182	UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2	185 179	75 73	66 83	44 23
HEATING EQUIPMENT  Central heating system	720 16 -	262 3 -	276 13 -	182	3 and 4	137 86 129 22	61 19 96 22 -	69 56 29 - -	7 11 4 - -
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vecent for sale only housing units	518 - - 4 7 57 166 86 198 \$83 700	166 - - 4 7 23 43 20 69 \$83 000	211 - - - 23 85 49 54 \$79 500	141 	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 or more Median	722 19 38 50 169 166 202 78 \$271	346 4 38 26 77 94 85 22 \$261	303 8 - 24 71 68 90 42 \$286	73 7 - 21 4 27 14 \$316

# Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

	Price asked—Specified vacant for sale only housing units									d — Specified	vacant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Tatal	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dallars)
Tatel	518	-	-	11	309	198	83 700	722	19	88	335	202	78	271
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	518 -	Ξ	Ξ	11	309	198	83 700 -	699 23	19	77 11	323 12	202	78 -	272 202
BEDROOMS														
None	- 4 97 249 136 32	-	- - - - -	- 4 7 - -	66 189 37 17	24 60 99 15	32 500 70 300 81 100 119 900 88 800	53 163 323 151 23	7 - 12 -	11 33 35 6 - 3	42 77 147 52 11 6	38 108 48 8	- 8 33 33 4 -	238 241 287 313 304 281
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	189 42 114 70 16 87	-	-	- 7 - 4	71 27 74 50 13 74	118 15 33 20 3	109 600 85 700 81 100 73 200 77 200 62 300	163 83 75 64 54 283	- 8 7 - - 4	6 16 - 13 10 43	34 23 32 26 34 186	79 26 25 16 6 50	44 10 11 9 4	369 283 298 285 243 234
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	518 	:::	:::	11 :::	309	198	83 700	169 553	15 -	28 60 -	64 271 -	39 163 -	34 44 	282 269 -

# 

		[Data are estimat	es pasea ou	o somple, se	r mirodoction.	ror median	y or symbols,	see introduc	non. For der	illions of let	ins, see oppen	TIVES M CHIC D		
	Danbury	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
	Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 921	-	45	116	224	618	1 171	3 723	2 362	1 328	334	75 700	80 700
	HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no wife present	7 813 89 1 654 2 109 2 951 1 010 638	- - - -	14 - - 5 - 9 5	70 - 11 10 30 19	85 - 7 7 26 45 61	411 3 57 42 192 117 74	861 25 138 152 382 164	2 868 55 657 726 1 031 399 208	2 034 6 511 593 779 145 105	1 177 - 225 477 374 101	293  48 97 137 11	77 700 66 600 78 800 82 900 77 200 66 700 73 500	83 500 66 200 83 700 90 300 83 500 70 300 75 200
))	15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female heuseholder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	5 112 171 180 170 1 470 15 94 170 550 641	-	- - - 26 - 7 - 7	41 	22 39 78 - 5 7 20	12 24 38 133 - - 18 65 50	7 28 29 11 <b>235</b> 9 6 6 88	5 47 64 65 27 <b>647</b> 6 53 64 242 282	22 52 26 5 <b>223</b> - 17 65 99	19 22 14 38 58 - 6 4 13 35	- 5 - 7 29 - 6 11 12	77 500 69 400 79 100 68 300 52 500 67 200 59 200 70 300 73 500 68 000 65 400	77 500 75 600 85 900 67 200 72 600 68 500 63 500 68 900 75 500 70 200 65 300
	65 years and over	894 2 344 1 904 2 343 2 436	-	66.3 - 12 - 33	64.1 6 25 16 69	67.2 7 8 23 44 142	58.6 20 68 69 189 272	86 195 158 312 420	309 898 743 913 860	209 613 563 620 357	205 411 282 203 227	52 126 54 46 56	81 100 79 600 78 900 75 400 66 800	91 600 88 200 83 700 77 200 70 500
	ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	67 518 1 732 2 519 2 521 2 564 6.5	-	6 13 12 9 5 - 4.8	29 28 36 5 8 10 4.5	- 44 77 70 33 - 5.4	6 110 143 196 77 86 5.8	12 126 422 431 122 58 5.6	5 141 803 1 188 1 034 552 6.3	5 39 143 481 956 738 7.0	4 17 79 108 269 851 7.9	- 17 31 17 269 8.5	24 900 54 100 63 200 70 600 79 800 94 300	45 900 57 100 65 600 71 600 81 300 104 900
	BEDROOMS None	266 1 685 5 446 2 131 393	-	12 19 14 -	34 37 22 23 -	23 77 103 21	49 218 258 64 29	43 355 663 108 2	- 65 626 2 350 592 90	- 24 198 1 510 555 75	- 16 126 454 587 145	- 29 72 181 52	53 000 63 900 75 500 87 100 100 200	55 900 67 900 77 300 97 400 109 500
	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	925 1 501 2 636 2 132 780 1 947	-	5 - - 9 31	10 - 10 26 12 58	31 56 42 95	24 91 158 77 268	56 314 251 155 389	182 453 1 200 933 286 669	268 566 733 426 118 251	346 338 216 227 64 137	113 59 41 55 17 49	99 600 85 400 75 800 72 800 65 400 63 700	110 700 93 300 78 200 76 600 71 500 68 400
	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$25,000 or more Median Median	461 804 403 407 1 102 1 481 2 653 1 772 838 \$25 827 \$27 772	-	13 21 6 - 5 - - - - - - - 88 631 \$8 605	30 12 - 11 14 26 13 10 - \$16 563 \$16 961	35 38 23 17 43 29 20 11 8 \$14 853 \$16 320	39 113 29 39 120 101 99 69 9 \$18 198 \$20 130	75 139 77 58 126 206 370 95 25 \$21 842 \$22 198	170 328 150 182 505 659 1 052 503 174 \$23 993 \$25 037	57 93 70 50 219 341 695 609 228 \$29 640 \$30 713	30 60 37 50 54 85 364 393 255 \$34 532 \$36 516	12 - 11 - 16 34 40 82 139 \$43 955 \$50 391	65 000 64 300 71 300 67 200 69 800 72 000 77 000 85 000 96 500	66 900 65 300 73 600 69 800 71 200 74 800 80 600 91 300 112 700
	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent on 35 percent 35 percent on 35 percent 35 percent on 36 percent 35 percent on 37 percent	7 230 1 578 1 389 1 535 932 552 1 232 2 22.1 2 691 740 626 343 218 213 99 420		12	45 5 26 8 8 6 - 18.4 71 23 3 - 6 6 1	71 13 4 25 25 25 27,9 153 19 53 27 7 12 	311 78 78 72 28 55 20.0 307 307 82 62 62 21 34 22 55	698 221 137 139 42 35 124 19.7 473 133 105 58 59 36 19	2 752 515 518 601 338 255 520 22.8 971 294 218 100 71 87 27 148 26	1 983 500 415 371 245 159 286 7 7 21.0 379 146 89 45 30 15 5	1 084 186 188 259 199 92 160 23.2 244 61 60 32 25 4 6	274 60 23 81 49 6 55 52 23 3 19 	78 400 78 700 77 800 78 900 81 600 75 600 81 400 64 700 62 100 64 100 64 200 76 200	84 600 84 000 80 500 87 500 89 800 83 000 79 800 70 200 74 100 72 900 64 000 64 000 64 000 68 000 54 900 68 000 105 000
	Medion  SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	9 909 61 12 - 9 921 9 538 4 792 480 263 2.7		19.4 40 - 5 - 45 33 6 - 7 15.6	26.3 116 - - 116 111 30 - -	224 224 213 23 53 14 6.3	17.9 618 5 - 618 591 240 - 13 2.1	14.9  1 171 16 - 1 171 1 091 565 13 45 3.8	3 716 34 7 3 723 3 7571 1 878 131 122 3.3	2 362 6  2 362 2 305 1 240 107 40 1.7	15.2 1 328 - - 1 328 1 307 592 120 10 0.8	334 	75 700 66 900 65 700 - 75 700 76 100 76 700 97 500 68 300 	80 800 67 600 46 100 80 700 81 100 82 500 118 900 72 900

# Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		Less than	\$100 to	\$150 to	\$200 to	\$250 to	\$300 to	\$350 to	\$400 to	\$500 or	No cash	Median
Danbury	Total	\$100	\$149	\$199	\$249	\$299	\$349	\$399	\$499	more	rent	(dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	8 225	444	357	613	1 263	1 470	1 325	1 004	1 107	407	235	295
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	3 104	49	72	185	396 41	<b>451</b> 70	576	478	559	235	103	330
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	521 1 132 367	5	10 7	30 37 5	140 30	222 38	152 199 62	123 190	88 216 94	100	13 19	336 337 378 303 260 280 312 286 305 231 180 275 292 301 282 273 168
45 to 64 years65 years and over	721 363	38	39 12	60 53	122	108	104 59	57 70 38	113 48	55 55 18	50 21	303
Male householder, no wife present	1 975 473	38 72	125	194	63 <b>347</b> 59	376	285	38 200 81	240 78	63	73	280 312
25 to 34 years	686 251	7	12 28 8	51	172 68	102 157 31	86 115 38		81	24 14	14	286 306
45 to 64 years65 years and over	362 203	15 50	8 47 30	75 21	48	31 59 27	38 33 13	23 30 22	55 26 -	10	22 30 59	231 180
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	3 146 526	323 18	1 <b>60</b> 36	234 25 27 24 93	520 94	<b>643</b> 104	<b>464</b> 97	326 47	<b>308</b> 77	109 21 57	7	275 292
25 to 34 years	895 385	4	36 38 37 17	27 24	163 94	212 68	150 43	120 56	121 46 50	13	7 -	301 282
45 to 64 years65 years and over	636 704	33 268 <b>72.8</b>	32	65 <b>55.0</b>	92 77	126 133	128 46	56 75 28	14	18	41	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	34.4	/2.5	44.6	33.0	34.0	31.6	31.5	31.2	31.7	34.0	61.6	•••
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	3 357 2 966	90 226	115 122	168 204	367 511	564 571	586 507	531 357 70	660 313	252 106	24 49	331 283
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	844 701	55 67	122 50 60	204 73 91	188 143	157 140	114 87	70 17	63 49	21 18	53 29 80	283 259 242
1959 or earlier	357	6	10	77	54	38	31	29	22	10	80	241
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	541 790	93 134	63 67	75 149	69 167	149 127	70 71	10 42	18	-	12 11	227 210
2 rooms	1 800 2 339	134 137 67	87	155	395 399	386 446	327 439	212 333	88 329	65	13	266 303
5 rooms6 rooms	1 779 617	13	40 77 18	155 54 19	178 55	291	275 95	273 116	442 148	118	66 58 27	345 371
7 or more rooms	359 3.9	2.5	3.1	3.0	3.5	3.7	48 3.9	18	82 4.8	141 5.7	48 4.8	482
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM												
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	8 225	444	357	613	1 263	1 470	1 325	1 004	1 107	407	235	295
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	7 976 4 313 3 309	424 264 149	318 131 164	552 323 216	1 256 709 502	1 429 736 628	1 303 713	983 536 396	1 091 565 469	402 184 180	218 152 61	296 294
1.01 to 1.50	284 70	5 6	19	6	37 8	49 16	544 29 17	47	49	38	5	297 341 281 197
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  0.50 or less	249 85	20 20	39 11	61 8	7	- 41 24	22	21	16	5	17	197
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	153	-	28	49	7	17	15	15	9 7	5	8 -	197 450
1.51 or more Income in 1979 below poverty level	4 1 125	206	- 77	93	- 161	- 151	- 157	- 87	126	63	-	165 258
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 085	186	77	87	161	151	157	87 14	117	58 14	4	260 359
Locking complete plumbing far exclusive use	40	20	_	6	Ě	_	-		9 -	5	_	125
BEDROOMS	474	110	(2)	04	100	171	00	10			,,,	222
None 1 2	676 2 884 3 052	119 245 67	63 162	96 316	122 593 460	171 540 547 173	83 540 496	10 309 411	126 608	16 131	12 37 103	222 260 317 371
34	1 332 190	13	63 50 19	166 18 11	88	173	187 19	261	322 38	166	54 25	371 417
5 or more	91	-	- '-	6	-	12	-	13	13	43	4	496
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached	1 190	6	29	52	105	77	186	161	236	203	135	373
3 ond 4	2 311 1 786	45	79 26	132 86	452 341	579 368	450 390	247 228	262 211	53 76	57 15	290 302
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	788 1 233 874	41 99 253	51 101 71	87 160 72	170 139	171 167 108	89 161 40	80 154 134	76 196 126	16 44 15	12	262 279
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	43	-	(-)	24	46 10	-	9	-	-	-	-	244 186
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	1 210	111	42	42	44	129	130	259	342	101	10	370
1960 to 1969	653 819	32 150	20 46 58 35	20 76	36 105	65 69	137 99	124 84	168 90	36 67	15 33	354 257
1950 to 1959	1 086 899	122	58 35	106 50	243 181	170 206	137 165	87 105	66 123	35 29	62	248 294 283
1939 or earlierSTORIES IN STRUCTURE	3 558	29	156	319	654	831	657	345	318	139	110	
1 to 34 or more	7 628 597	231 213	300 57	521 92	1 202 61	1 392 78	1 288 37 15	973 31	1 079 28	407 -	235	302 175
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	415	213	50	66	32	16	15	16	7	-	-	96
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	1 106	88	154	129	263	200	102	110	43	17		234
15 to 19 percent	1 311	76 108	154 32 75 51 21	87 112	305 142	200 257 238	159 254	179 173	173 198	43 43	• • •	234 284 299 324 302 306 320 302
25 to 29 percent	982 759	64	51 21	68	105	117 187	176 129	150 96	192 132	59 28		324 302
35 to 49 percent50 percent or more	1 061 1 344	64	5 19	66 124	113 214	262 181	176 305	121 169	166 198	88 121		306 320
Not computed	319 26.0	22.7	18.8	24.0	13 22.0	28 26.1	24 28.8	26.2	5 28.6	8 36.8	235	302
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	8 212	444	350	613	1 263	1 464	1 325	1 004	1 107	407	235	295
Centrol heating system	7 177 2 913	425 1	306 <b>76</b> 12	509 164 29	989	1 464 1 239 463	1 201 431	892 447 28	1 002 585	383 164 58	231 95	295 300 325 273
Central system	295	140 74	12	29	<b>348</b> 18	16	23	28	37	58	-	273

# Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Data ore estimate					usehold inco				,		<u>.                                      </u>	
Danbury	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	12 794	636	1 189	672	579	1 412	1 933	3 268	2 084	1 021	24 935	27 000	400
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no wrife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 62 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years	9 592 129 1 978 2 424 3 715 1 346 1 062 21 226 235 289 291 2 140	103 - 12 7 66 18 79 - - 7 13 59 454 - 12	507 -24 37 119 327 188 7 36 11 25 109 494 9	388 6 25 16 109 232 60 6 - 6 21 27 224 -	315 10 35 58 97 115 52 - 17 6 18 11 212 6	988 19 230 175 353 211 161 - 49 36 46 30 263	1 639 56 522 483 448 130 97 - 43 15 20 19 197	2 893 32 718 856 1 127 160 227 3 38 86 90 10 148	1 857 6 318 565 901 67 140 5 22 566 31 26 87	902 	27 208 22 379 26 141 30 164 30 552 14 587 19 753 11 458 21 964 27 569 25 170 8 722 11 362 9 583 16 818	30 171 22 501 28 688 31 782 33 879 19 947 23 421 21 452 28 199 28 481 26 504 12 703 14 566 10 392 22 555	114 17 12 67 18 55 - 7 13 35 231
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	237 786 924 <b>46.8</b>	112 330 <b>69.7</b>	33 154 258 <b>67.</b> 9	31 78 100 <b>66.2</b>	42 116 34 <b>55.8</b>	32 101 94 <b>52.0</b>	50 100 33 <b>40.1</b>	31 78 17 <b>43.5</b>	12 18 45 <b>45.8</b>	6 29 13 48.8	16 645 13 556 6 626	19 661 15 719 10 806	107 100 <b>61.9</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 234 3 285 2 344 2 755 3 176	45 89 71 124 307	96 131 159 219 584	74 78 116 108 296	62 106 150 115 146	93 320 251 309 439	253 570 431 388 291	333 986 687 772 490	198 693 314 522 357	80 312 165 198 266	24 885 27 700 24 913 26 307 17 974	27 298 30 507 26 812 27 777 22 723	60 70 64 61 145
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Litting as	12 735 124 59 12 794 12 311 6 351 788 12 215 3 468 8 747 12 794 2 511	629 - 7 - 636 588 183 24 388 296 92 636 120	1 178 - 11 189 1 157 493 58 985 695 290 1 189 213	672 - - 672 654 292 64 600 420 180 672 123	566 - 13 - 579 555 256 54 561 307 254 579	1 412 5 - 1 412 1 344 611 59 1 393 477 916 1 412 319	1 933 12 - 1 933 1 856 1 042 130 1 933 419 1 514 1 933 537	3 253 61 15 - 3 268 3 123 1 737 130 3 263 537 2 726 3 268 651	2 071 33 13 - 2 084 2 026 1 091 111 2 071 207 1 864 2 084 2 92	1 021 13 	24 939 30 812 14 712 24 935 25 003 26 390 25 272 25 554 15 142 28 421 24 935 23 241	27 027 34 911 21 237 27 000 27 147 29 476 33 159 27 941 18 621 31 636 27 000 24 842	393 - 7 - 400 357 137 11 290 183 107 400 63
Utility gos	83 1 681 8 274 245 6.2 9 921	43 460 13 5.1 461	21 72 864 19 5.5	6 27 509 7 5.1	6 64 360 5.4 407	9 146 922 16 5.9	7 225 1 107 57 6.1	25 529 1 963 100 6.5 2 653	337 1 420 26 7.1	238 669 7 7.5	17 361 28 503 24 548 25 905  25 827	21 137 32 430 26 653 25 582 	48 276 13 5.2 263
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less than \$200	7 230 69 183 464 764 776 1 721 1 250 1 043 960 \$479	168 12 31 14 27 26 23 10 12 13 \$350	300 18 13 25 44 38 82 57 - 23 \$414	176 	231 - 15 32 27 13 62 33 22 27 \$443 176	715 -41 75 128 94 174 125 30 48 \$413	1 257 11 19 111 136 161 326 273 149 71 \$454	2 252 7 30 171 210 235 640 378 338 243 \$474	1 489 21 7 19 142 134 263 255 350 298 \$562	642 - 14 6 21 58 96 97 123 227 \$635	27 551 22 250 16 597 22 500 24 486 25 644 26 144 26 885 32 145 35 074 	30 286 20 802 21 846 23 144 25 640 29 009 28 079 30 246 35 717 38 867 	131 6 18 8 22 7 20 20 12 18 \$432
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$79 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	5 7 38 96 246 872 775 652 \$205	7 20 29 57 75 51 54 \$172	504 5 - 6 48 51 201 111 82 \$185	5 46 56 110 10 \$203	- 5 - 18 59 52 42 \$206	- 7 - 34 182 87 77 \$192	- - 6 10 73 100 35 \$211	- - - 8 7 157 100 129 \$214	16 46 89 132 \$245		8 750 3 750 4 875 6 159 10 815 16 184 18 494 26 512	9 905 3 315 7 867 8 472 13 534 17 943 22 622 28 931	7 7 18 29 28 20 30 \$171
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	7 230 1 578 1 389 1 535 932 552 1 232	168 - - - - - - 156	300 7 - - 7 17 269	176 - 13 6 16 141	231 - 5 30 21 31 144	715 12 90 160 124 141 188	1 257 53 269 338 269 156 172	2 252 464 605 575 328 129 151	1 489 636 331 311 143 62 6	642 406 89 108 34 -	27 551 39 700 30 254 27 462 25 717 21 888 13 368	30 286 45 962 31 860 30 001 27 451 23 301 14 370	131 - - - - - 119
Not computed  Median  Not mortgaged  Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	12 22.1 2 691 740 626 343 218 213 99 420 32 14.7	12 50+ 293 - - 13 19 13 216 32 50+	50 + 504 5 - 52 55 124 74 194 - 31.1	44.9 227 - 19 67 97 34 - 10 - 21.4	39.3 176 5 18 96 28 17 12 -	28.9 387 13 230 112 25 7 - - 13.9	24.5 224 45 157 16 - 6 - 12.1	20.5 401 243 152 - 6 - 10	16.6 283 238 45 - - - - - - - 10—	12.8 196 191 5 - - - - 10—	2500—  16 837 37 552 21 620 13 867 11 057 8 733 6 573 4 916 2500— 	21 017 40 596 23 252 13 962 10 944 9 483 7 181 4 962 -951	12 50+ 132 - - 7 7 86 32 50+

# Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	Household income in 1979												
Danbury	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	8 285	1 229	1 700	924	686	1 573	889	889	315	80	13 555	15 184	1 125
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Martied-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male householder, no wrife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years ond over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years	3 150 521 1 147 374 745 363 1 975 473 686 251 362 203 3 160 526 895 385 636 718	137 36 20 39 49 42 261 54 42 42 13 57 95 831 127 134 59 123 388	385 45 102 30 86 122 370 121 108 23 58 60 945 175 253 124 183 210	295 80 85 36 69 225 75 61 11 411 63 31 42 110	194 57 63 6 68 - 151 34 46 61 33 39 19 341 50 0 154 43 62 2 32	757 122 307 95 146 87 486 113 240 72 61 - 330 61 137 69 55 8	570 92 287 79 30 193 28 116 22 27 - 126 32 24 22 33 29	571 61 288 94 124 34 195 41 49 95 54 37 14 123 10 27 27 25 42	195 13 25 31 126 - - 73 - 18 8 40 15 - 47 8 5 - - 26	46 15 - 8 23 28 7 6 6 6 5 4 4 6 - -	18 699 16 417 19 945 20 980 18 675 11 750 14 793 12 050 16 327 19 698 12 692 8 831 8 831 10 585 10 523 4 770	19 891 18 664 19 779 21 902 21 509 16 616 15 418 13 318 16 279 21 929 15 576 10 344 10 024 11 287 11 560 12 603 6 767	191 599 52 14 399 277 185 777 42 13 26 27 749 151 232 93 94
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	34.5	57.1	38.0	31.6	32.4	31.3	30.6	35.0	47.5	48.8	•••	•••	33.4
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 379 2 980 852 711 363	471 420 87 176 75	684 548 221 168 79	436 325 70 69 24	236 266 64 78 42	673 574 208 85 33	391 362 82 18 36	382 327 71 72 37	98 122 34 33 28	8 36 15 12 9	13 543 14 352 14 375 10 417 12 708	14 693 15 895 15 539 13 457 16 466	501 360 100 131 33
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	8 036 4 365 3 317 284 70 249 85 153 7	1 178 785 385 8 - 51 28 19	1 633 968 598 33 34 67 7 60	919 598 302 19 - 5	660 353 274 33 - 26 11 15 -	1 502 712 718 56 16 71 18 46 7	883 363 477 34 9 6	875 414 405 56 - 14 6 8	315 133 138 33 11 	71 39 20 12 - 9 9	13 591 11 796 15 553 19 611 15 278 12 644 14 205 9 728 18 750 3 750	15 247 13 931 16 225 23 663 16 820 13 137 15 896 11 607 18 140 4 300	1 065 504 516 49 16 40 20 20
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearting equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Ufility gos Bortled, tank, or IP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	8 272 7 222 2 934 295 6 780 4 185 2 595 8 272 1 962 183 2 140 3 891 96 3.9	1 229 1 082 330 102 569 467 102 1 229 288 60 612 9 3.1	1 693 1 439 484 37 1 164 956 208 1 693 408 45 363 870 7	924 826 322 23 808 648 160 924 228 12 205 472 7	686 608 215 27 630 444 186 686 152 19 148 361 6	1 573 1 359 604 45 1 492 848 644 1 573 393 7 517 601 55 4.0	889 768 378 30 870 369 501 889 196 32 243 412 6	883 803 435 22 857 317 540 883 204 8 330 341 4.5	315 268 128 9 315 111 204 315 74 62 179 5.2	80 69 38 - 75 25 50 80 19 - 12 43 6	13 557 13 586 15 801 10 924 15 624 12 621 19 980 13 557 13 438 8 945 15 662 12 455 16 532	15 183 15 227 17 049 12 451 16 952 14 203 21 384 15 183 15 097 10 318 16 234 14 845 16 542	1 125 958 265 59 59 59 451 129 1 125 295 35 236 550 9
Specified renter-occupied housing units CONTRACT_RENT	8 225	1 229	1 686	918	676	1 564	882	889	301	80	13 534	15 137	1 125
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	570 921 1 250 1 649 1 646 1 038 663 184 69 235 \$237	364 152 236 168 130 89 43 7 40 \$156	123 260 275 439 283 170 66 12 - 58 \$216	23 83 140 266 171 134 50 29 - 22 \$238	9 101 136 126 149 62 62 19 - 12 \$236	25 185 207 339 422 171 150 27 17 21 \$251	62 128 118 241 154 120 23 15 21 \$284	13 60 77 165 169 169 148 52 16 20 \$283	13 18 36 28 41 83 24 9 17 32 \$298	- 15 - 40 6 - 6 4 9 \$283	4 260 11 461 12 036 12 044 15 900 16 684 18 268 19 583 30 577 12 216	6 450 12 728 13 988 13 587 17 122 17 908 18 716 21 159 29 102 17 578	234 145 167 173 181 113 85 17 6 4 \$204
GROSS RENT  Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$400 to \$499 \$400 co \$499 \$400 co \$499	444 357 613 1 263 1 470 1 325 1 004 1 107 407 235	329 65 160 193 127 160 55 78 22 40	76 141 182 290 389 246 155 98 51	13 33 91 126 227 183 73 112 38 22	34 57 132 127 129 80 81 24	21 54 34 294 285 336 210 238 71 21	14 26 124 134 134 192 175 62 21	5 8 41 76 140 100 164 260 75 20	- 8 22 20 29 19 58 59 54 32	- - - 8 12 18 17 6 10	3 938 8 323 9 290 12 926 12 412 13 924 17 271 18 857 19 479 12 216	5 013 10 676 11 250 13 505 14 468 14 863 19 332 19 251 21 368 17 578	206 77 93 161 151 157 87 126 63
Medion  GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	\$295 1 106 1 311 1 343 982 759 1 061 1 344 319 26.0	\$208 13 53 91 91 45 105 707 124 50+	\$264 44 57 142 127 187 517 554 58 42.6	\$290 41 34 125 148 233 257 58 22 32.1	\$294 40 97 182 115 111 113 6 12 25.6	\$312 144 415 396 356 159 54 19 21 22.7	\$349 183 275 255 109 24 15 - 21 19.5	\$370 315 148 36 - - 20 16.0	\$381 204 61 4 - - 32 12.1	\$343 67 4 - - - - 9	26 864 19 994 16 619 15 102 11 583 9 264 4 814 7 064	28 719 20 680 16 332 14 275 11 753 9 380 4 985 12 856	\$258 9 60 63 34 37 152 682 88 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Data are estimo		somple, see mine		January Cr. Symbol	5, 500 1111 5000110			-		
Danbury	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified owner-eccepted housing units	7 230	69	183	464	764	776	1 721	1 250	1 043	960	479
Persons IN UNIT   1 person   2 persons   3 persons   4 persons   5 persons   6 persons   7 persons   8 or more persons   8 o	399 1 623 1 402 2 029 1 181 425 132 39 3.59	18 23 12 - 8 8 - - 2.22	24 53 40 40 18 8 - - 2.86	53 134 138 53 77 - 6 3 2.83	30 235 150 206 112 18 11 2 3.28	81 157 121 241 132 18 14 12 3.62	97 352 323 459 323 142 25 - 3.69	41 261 266 346 178 105 44 9	. 37 191 188 423 135 51 5 13	18 217 164 261 198 75 27 - 3.81	396 466 469 504 468 518 523 528
Married-couple femilies  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Male beaseholder, ne wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  25 to 34 years  25 to 34 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years	6 236 78 1 605 2 066 2 184 303 350 5 79 154 76	51 13 26 12	140 - 6 26 73 35 	360 	633 - 74 124 368 67 31 - 11 15	632 6 129 187 284 26 47 - 6 12 22 7	1 484 13 460 523 416 72 78 - 23 19 20 16	1 119 29 274 394 388 34 48 - 14 27 7	941 18 354 356 197 16 58 5 27 19	876 12 264 361 229 10 60 - 9 51	487 569 533 520 430 363 491 675 574 391 386
65 years and over Female heaseholder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	36 644 9 88 146 298 103 42.1	18 - - 12 6 43.3	43 -7  29 7 58.1	76 - - - 58 18 51.4	100 - 50 50 - 50.2	97 9 5 27 38 18 45.4	159 37 34 63 25 39.5	83 - 6 29 25 23 41.7	27 6 11 	24 - 6 - 12 6 38.8	394 375 492 393 350 421
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	841 2 213 1 694 1 889 593	6 27 - 25 11	17 21 103 42	- 19 76 290 79	27 90 128 416 103	27 112 202 307 128	106 582 573 368 92	152 489 343 194 72	195 503 234 68 43	328 374 117 118 23	679 553 471 368 374
To 3 rooms	32 261 1 024 1 679 2 032 2 202 6.8	- 11 18 19 13 8 5.8	27 70 66 15 5	5 6 164 178 72 39 5.8	43 183 228 209 101 6.2	- 62 138 194 245 137 6.5	11 55 283 375 544 453 6.8	6 41 92 302 381 428 7.0	5 60 198 362 418 7.2	10 11 16 119 191 613 7.9	475 385 378 444 483 584
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to Morch 1980	870 1 403 2 322 1 227 391 1 017	6 - 34 12 17	6 - 68 51 - 58	- 14 188 126 16 120	15 54 356 169 54 116	12 69 284 169 53 189	117 401 529 295 117 262	124 304 480 167 57 118	247 351 183 153 40 69	343 210 200 85 37 85	694 554 439 426 452 411
VALUE  Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	12 45 71 311 698 2 752 1 983 1 084 274 \$78 400	- - - 18 5 32 14 - \$68 900	7 5 	- 24 18 35 108 222 46 11 - \$64 200	- - 11 82 108 315 210 38 - \$70 900	- - 5 65 108 293 254 32 19 \$75 400	- 5 6 23 55 160 882 452 124 14 \$75 600	- 10 14 34 96 488 400 193 15 \$79 500	- - 5 24 322 381 257 54 \$86 800	- - - 16 137 206 429 172 \$111 200	243 286 409 353 375 450 499 684 750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	1 578 1 389 1 535 932 552 1 232 12 22.1	46 - - 11 12 - 10.2	82 34 23 7 6 31 -	219 126 57 18 5 39 -	325 197 93 31 29 89 -	279 203 146 48 19 74 7	330 411 475 163 95 242 5	183 197 249 266 137 218 -	77 178 278 196 126 188 - 24.8	37 43 214 203 124 339 -	371 430 494 575 581 559 393
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Hearling equipment Steom or hot water system Central worm-air furmoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furmoce Other means Air caedifficialing Central system 1 or more individual room units Heure hearling fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	7 230 4 187 1 664 1 047 59 273 3 707 371 3 336 7 230 1 246 41 1 198 4 576 169	69 40 13 6 10 39 69 18 1 40 5	183 121 39 - 16 7 125 113 183 82 - 101	464 295 97 33 36 236 12 224 464 124 33 271 36	764 514 161 52 13 24 428 428 5 423 764 177 12 61	776 503 181 52 40 353 12 341 776 125 8 73 544	1 721 883 515 233 13 77 1 000 110 890 1 721 405 9 283 973 51	1 250 684 268 261 7 30 619 51 568 1 250 223 12 277 732 6	1 043 574 187 254 - 28 466 54 412 1 043 61 - 276 678 28	960 573 203 156 7 21 441 115 326 960 31 - 189 723 17	479 470 466 557 340 420 464 558 455 479 425 403 552 484 423

# Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(DOIO GIE ESIMIGIE	5 50360 011 0 3011	pie, see illitodocii	Oil. TO Theoming	or symbols, see i	Torio	definitions of fern	is, see oppendixes	A Old b)	
Danbury	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 691	5	7	38	96	246	872	775	652	205
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	663	5	7.	31	50 32	98	206	181	85	184
2 persons	1 186 386	_	Ξ	7	32	115	476 99	346 90	217 157	197 230
3 persons	269	_	_		Š	6	68	94	93	228
5 persons	102	-	-	-	-	-	18	30 26	93 54 32	250+
6 persons 7 persons	63 15	_	_	Ξ	_	_	5 -	20	32 7	250+ 247
8 or more persons	7		<del>.</del>	_				_	7	250+
Medion	2.08	1.00	1.00	1.11	1.46	1.72	1.98	2.10	2.65	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	1 577	-	_	7	39	85	539	455	452	213
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	11			7	- 6	11	15	17	- 4	138 188
35 to 44 years	43	_	-		-	_	7	7	29	250+
45 to 64 years65 years and over	767 707			_	21 12	27 47	217 300	260 171	242 177	223 199
Male householder, no wife present	288	5	_	17	5	35	84	92	50	199
15 to 24 years	_	- 1	-	_ 5	-	-	-	11	11	- 025
25 to 34 years	33 17	Ξ.	Ξ.	-		[ _	12	<u>''</u>	5	185
45 to 64 years	104	-	-	,-	7	9	25	40	30	222
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	134 <b>826</b>	2	7	12 14	5 <b>52</b>	26 1 <b>26</b>	41 249	41 228	150	225 185 222 173 193
15 to 24 years	6	-	<u> </u>	-	12:	-			6	250+
25 to 34 years	6 24		_	-	_		- 6	- 8	10	250 + 238
45 to 64 years	252	-	-	_	7	32	83	81	49	238 202 184
65 years and over	538 <b>65.4</b>	67.5	67.5	14 <b>75.8</b>	45 71.7	94 73.0	160 <b>67.2</b>	139 <b>63.8</b>	79 59.7	184
	03.4	07.3	67.5	75.0	,,,,	/3.0	07.2	03.0	37.7	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	53 131	-	-	12	- 6	6	12	8	27 27	250+
1975 to 1978	210	Ξ.	Ξ.	-	-	20	30 91	36 51	54	200
1960 to 1969	454	-	7		18 72	60	155	114	107	196 200 198 207
1959 or earlier	1 843	2	′	26	/2	146	584	566	437	207
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	35	-	= =	19	.5	6		.=	.=	98 174 192 205
4 rooms5 rooms	257 708	- 5	7	7	16 38 13	32	138	45 235	12 76	1/4
6 rooms	840	-	-	6	13	32 71 92 21 24	138 283 287 132	235 220 160 115	222	205
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	489 362	_	_	6	24	21	132 27	160	146 196	219 250+
Medion	5.9	5.0	4.0	3.5	5.2	5.7	5.5	6.0	6.6	250 +
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to Morch 1980	55					6	17	12	19	217
1970 to 1974	98	_	_	_			25 97	13 17	38	218
1960 to 1969	314	-	-	5	18	39 38 19	97 312	70 257 151 267	38 90 272	217 218 202 215 204 196
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	905 389			6	18 21 26 31	19	130 291	151	57 176	204
1939 or earlier	930	5	7	27	31	126	291	267	176	196
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	33	5	-	.=		13	15	-	7	147
\$20,000 to \$29,999	71	Ξ.		19	19 5	39	16 61	32	6 10	172
\$40,000 to \$49,999	153 307	-	-	_	_	39 58 38 65	110	32 94 83 319	A5	122 172 193 179 209 236
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	473 971	-	7	13	54 12	38	225 346	83	60 222 145	179
\$80,000 to \$99,999	379	=	_	Ξ.	-	17	59	158	145	236
\$100,000 to \$149,999	244	-	-	-	-	11	28	83	122	250
\$150,000 or mare Median	60 \$66 700	\$16 300	\$67 500	\$27 500	\$54 300	\$52 700	\$60 600	\$69 800	\$78 700	250+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	740	5	_	12	14	46	255	222	186	209
10 to 14 percent	626		-	_	5	60	206	177	178	212
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	343 218		7	6	18	54	120 56	89 91	56 38	189 211
25 to 29 percent	213	-		14	18 20 15	29	51	68	36	198
30 to 34 percent	99 420	= 1	-	-	13 11	57	58 120	11 109	17 123	181 210
Not computed	32	Ξ:		Ī	_	]	6	8	18	250+
Median	14.7	10—	22.5	20.8	22.7	16.6	14.3	14.6	13.7	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	2 691	5	7	<b>38</b> 26	96	246	872	775	652	205
Steam or hot water system Centrol worm-air furnace or electric heat pump	1 709 748	-	-	26	46 19	113 102	514 308	558 171	452 148	214 191
Other built-in electric units	86	_	_	5	5	4	13	24	35	233
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	38	- 5	7	7	-	11	37	22	5 12	218 141
Other means Air conditioning	110 1 085	5		7	26 12	16 <b>68</b>	355	311	339	217
Centrol system	109	-	_		-	13	22	21	53	246
1 or more individual room units	976 2 <b>691</b>	_ 5	7	38	12 96	55 <b>246</b>	333 <b>872</b>	290 <b>775</b>	286 <b>652</b>	215 <b>205</b>
Utility gos	469	~		20	24	45	185	108	87	189
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	100	_	-	5	5	7	13	6 24	- 49	225
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 078	-	7	6	48 19	190	674	637	516	205 189 225 248 209 109
Other	38	5	-	7	19	7	-	-		109

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		0,	wner-occupied I	nousing units				Re	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
Danbury	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	12 794	1 309	1 867	3 151	3 384	3 083	8 285	1 216	653	827	2 010	3 579
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 592	1 022	1 528	2 512	2 550	1 980	3 150	454	256	223	763	1 <b>454</b> 193
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	129 1 978 2 424	13 388 325	23 401 650	38 408 766	49 488 <b>28</b> 6	293 397	521 1 147 374	94 193 64	40 112 56	223 28 60 37	166 244 73	538
45 to 64 years65 years and over	3 715 1 346	325 269 27	359 95	1 063 237	1 266 461	758 526	745 363	64 19 84	56 34 14	43 55	201 79	448 131 848
Mole householder, no wife present	1 062 21 226	123 7 46	113 - 41	193	272 11 65	361 3 47	1 975 473 686	332 69	133 45 54	210 45 82	452 104 185	210 1
35 to 44 yeors	235 289	30 16	48 17	68 56 42	65 58 76	31 124	251 362	69 139 23 64 37	10 12	45 82 25 26 32	185 58 62 43	226 135 198
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	291 2 140 15	24 1 <b>64</b>	7 <b>226</b> 15	42 446	62 5 <b>62</b>	156 <b>742</b>	203 3 160 526	430 59	12 <b>264</b> 44	394	43 <b>795</b> 141	79 1 <b>277</b> 210
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	178 237	27 37	83 17	18 86	18 70	32 27	895 385	123 38 59	90 51	72 74 36 58	249 105	359 155 286 267
45 to 64 years65 years and over	786 924 <b>48.8</b>	65 35 <b>38.4</b>	79 32 <b>39.2</b>	195 147 <b>46.</b> 8	241 233 <b>55.3</b>	206 477 <b>58.0</b>	636 718 <b>34.5</b>	59 151 <b>32.7</b>	29 50 <b>32.9</b>	58 154 <b>39.6</b>	204 96 <b>33.2</b>	286 267 <b>36.1</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 234 3 285 2 344	424 885	238 636 993	215 713 585	218 589 364	139 462 402	3 379 2 980 852	794 422	262 286 105	311 273 106	782 747 202	1 230
1960 to 1969	2 755 3 176	=	- -	1 638	616 1 597	501 1 579	711 363	=	-	137	170 109	439 404 254
ROOMS		_	_	_	_	_	541	172	34	93	50	182
2 rooms	19 203	48	19	29	5 39	14 68	798 1 800	172 301	79 130	126 201	59 99 378	183 322 790 962 794 303 225
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	1 286 2 663 2 986	86 205 202	190 138 269	283 738 644	388 835 1 027	339 747 844	2 348 1 789 631	348 164	159 173 67	144 164 41	735 494 184	962 794
7 or more rooms	5 637 6.2	768 6.8	1 251 7.2	1 457 6.3	1 090 5.9	1 071 5.9	378 3.9	36 23 3.4	11 4.0	58 3.5	61 4.1	225 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 735	1 309	1 867	3 151	3 370	3 038	8 036	1 209	638	774	1 966	3 449
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	8 083 4 528	970 339	1 086 776	1 734 1 385	2 312 1 044	1 981 984	4 365 3 317	695 470	297 310	448 313	969 883 99	1 956 1 341 117
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	113 11 59	=	5 - -	26 6	14 	68 5	284 70 <b>249</b>	28 16 7	27 4 15	13	99 15 44 26	35 I
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	45 14	Ξ	=	Ē	i4 -	45 31 14	85 153	7	7 8	<b>53</b> 15 38	26 18	130 37 82
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	=	-	7	-	=	-	Ξ	7 4
PERSONS IN UNIT	1 744	174	171	339	442	618	2 984	590	219	408	485 713	1 282 1 022
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	3 807 2 343 2 676	407 237 <b>29</b> 7	368 287 625	734 687 690	1 358 584 577	940 548 487	2 478 1 356 806	393 100 87	147 107 88	203 107 81	713 389 196	1 022 653 354 117
5 persons 6 or more persons	1 402 822	146 48	270 146	435 266	272 151	279 211	368 <b>29</b> 3	32 14	52 40	12 16	155 72	151
Medion	2.86 39 682	2.81 3 955	3.67 6 619	3.23 10 498	2.42 9 527	2.48 9 083	1.97 18 839	1.55 2 261	2.23 1 604	1.53 1 572	2.23 5 207	2.00 8 195
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or oftoched	10 629	987	1 625	2 847	3 079	2 091	1 250	57	66	172	489	466
2 3 ond 4	1 020 315	28 13	10 28	46 45	172 56	764 173	2 311 1 786	110 143	49 113	121 84	707 415	1 324
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	169 292 47	67 93 14	25 135 6	22 13 13	28 23 14	27 28	788 1 233 874	125 312 469	91 222 112	57 168 189	142 199 58	373 332 46
Mobile home or troiler, etc.	322	107	38	165	12	-	43	-	- '-	36	-	7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steom or hot woter system	12 794 7 313	1 309 624	1 <b>867</b> 614	3 151 1 999	3 384 2 075	3 083 2 001	8 <b>272</b> 3 589	1 <b>216</b> 208	<b>653</b> 56	8 <b>27</b> 290	1 997 1 003	3 579 2 032
Centrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	3 431 1 436	398 256	317 826	865 165	1 011 125	840 64	1 808 1 699	269 707	107 447	236 203	484 116	712 226
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other meonsAir conditioning	131 483 <b>6 351</b>	13 18 <b>670</b>	20 90 <b>997</b>	17 105 1 <b>773</b>	37 136 <b>1 723</b>	134 1 188	126 1 050 <b>2 934</b>	32 846	43 380	8 90 <b>290</b>	55 339 <b>512</b>	63 546 <b>906</b>
Centrol system  1 or more individual room units	788 5 563	289 381	92 905	199 1 574	160 1 563	48 1 140	295 2 639	88 758	30 350	65 <b>22</b> 5	30 482	82 824
House heating fuel Utility gos 8ottled, tonk, or LP gos	12 794 2 511 83	1 <b>309</b> 182	1 867 127	3 151 746 21	<b>3 384</b> 381	3 083 1 075 35	8 <b>272</b> 1 962 183	1 <b>216</b> 73 7	653 34 25	827 201 10	1 <b>997</b> 454 63	3 579 1 200 78
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	1 681 8 274	296 814	15 988 664 73	188 2 132	137 2 794	72 1 870	2 140 3 891	899 237	541 53	288 320	142 1 301	270 1 980
Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	245 <b>400</b> 3.1	11 31 2.4	73 <b>48</b> 2.6	64 <b>72</b> 2.3	66 11 <b>2</b> 3.3	31 137 4,4	96 1 <b>125</b> 13.6	96 7.9	86 13.2	8 148 17.9	37 <b>319</b> 15.9	51 476 13.3
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	636 1 189 672	42 60 51	37 113 84	124 253 122	187 324 190	246 439 225	1 229 1 700 924	136 174 181	82 120 22	188 188 61	280 437 234	543 781 426
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	579 1 412	46 103	67 152	131 340	18 <b>2</b> 399	153 418	686 1 573	63 251	57 176	55 130	198 361	313 655
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	1 933 3 268 2 084	208 334 306	268 570 402	514 849 584	489 884 441	454 631 351	889 889 315	148 211 47	90 91 15	84 61 41	208 230 57	359 296 155
\$50,000 or more	1 021 \$24 935	159 \$28 785	174 \$27 482	234 \$25 915	288 \$24 174	166 \$20 675	80 \$13 555	\$15 900	\$15 889	19 \$11 537	5 \$13 182 \$14 665	\$12 815
Meon	\$27 000	\$31 047	\$30 075	\$27 693	\$26 603	\$23 148	\$15 184	\$16 830	\$15 606	\$14 126	\$14 665	\$15 083

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(	Owner-occupied 1	ousing units		Renter-occupied housing units							
Danbury	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detoched or attoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units	12 794 554	10 629 70	1 <b>843</b> 484	322	8 285 314	1 250 28	2 311	1 786 44	<b>788</b> 70	1 233 142	874 26	43
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 592	8 303	1 114	175	3 150	626	1 107	728	129	294	254	12
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	129 1 978 2 424	89 1 695 2 232	26 283 187	14	521 1 147 374	93 188 107	157 392 127	164 309 59	30 34	49 146	28 73 27	5
35 to 44 years	2 424 3 715 1 346	2 232 3 197 1 090	426 192	92 64	745 363	172 66	332 99	147 49	26 29 10	28 40 31	25 101	
65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 062	746 5	280 16	36	1 <b>975</b> 473	272 58	387 111	404 139	276 32	406 110	225 23 70	Ś
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	226 235	126 208	87 27	13	686 251	104 37	143 36	140 58	88 76	141 33	- 11	_
45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present	289 291	222 185	67 83	23	362 203	41 32	53 44	39 28	67 13	100 22	57 64	5
15 to 24 years	2 140 15 178	1 580 15 105	73	111	3 160 526 895	<b>352</b> 33 91	817 139 250	654 135 220	383 123 111	<b>533</b> 72 175	395 24 48	26
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	237 786	182 597	42 126	13	385 636	66 76	100 213	71 125	46 57	80 103	22 53	
65 years and over	924 48.8	681 <b>48.0</b>	208 51.8	35 <b>62.2</b>	718 <b>34.5</b>	86 <b>38.3</b>	115 34.4	103	46 33.0	103 33.0	248 • <b>63.1</b>	17 66.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	1 234	955	197	82	3 379	424	779	809	396	587	384 379	_
1975 to 1978	3 285 2 344	2 559 2 034 2 470	620 241	106 69	2 980 852	443 154	863 266	645 137	221 86	424 157	40	5 12
1960 to 1969	2 755 3 176	2 470 2 611	232 553	53 12	711 363	112 117	269 134	143 52	56 29	34 31	71 -	26
ROOMS	, <u>-</u>	-	19	-	541 798	25	14	26	39	248	189	-
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	19 203 1 286	74 605	116 461	13 220	1 800 2 348	56 74 210	22 277 958	151 576 556	166 281 197	188 349	215 239 180	4 8
5 rooms	2 663 2 986	1 841 2 697	739 283	83	1 789 631	323 259	756 226	382 85	78 20	239 175 34	44 7	31
7 or more rooms	5 637 6.2	5 412 6.5	225 4.9	4.2	378 3.9	303 5.3	58 4.4	10 3.8	3.2	3.0	2.6	4.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 735	10 617	1 796	322	8 036	1 244	2 261	1 729	754	1 161	844	43
0.50 or less	8 083 4 528	6 617 3 930	l 175 567	291 31	4 365 3 317	748 418	1 157 984	893 791	478 261	555 541	496 317	38 5
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	113 11 59	64	49 5 47	_	284 70 <b>249</b>	65	109	41	15	40 25	14 17 <b>30</b>	-
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	45 14	12 12	33 14	=	85 153	6	<b>50</b> 16 34	<b>57</b> 27 30	34 20 14	72 7 54	15 15	Ē
1.01 to 1.50	=	_	- 1	-	7	=	=	-	= =	54 7 4	- '-	
BEDROOMS None	7	_	7	_	676	40	14	• 39	63	295	225	_
2	579 3 087	292 1 825	236 1 001	51 261	2 892 3 069	159 366	517 1 252	791 728	460 202	509 308	452 183	30
4	6 309 2 338 474	5 824 2 270 418	481 62 56	6	1 351 206 91	471 151 63	482 34 12	228	50 3 10	104 11 6	7	9 -
5 or more	636	495	97	- 44	1 229	116	253	220	176	178	269	17
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 189 672	859 440	267 170	44 63 62	1 700 924	213 98	415 271	355 280	141	379 140	197 88	-
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	579 1 412	446 1 171	97 202	36 39	686 1 573	95 225	276 474	161	59 183	57 214	29 120	9 17
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	1 933 3 268	1 589 2 829	308 412	36 27	889 889	173 204 92	256 285	340 203 125	104 32	102 138	51 105	=
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	2 084 1 021	1 879 921	199	6 9	315 80	34	81	75 27	46	15	6 9	e12 750
Medion Mean SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$24 935 \$27 000	\$25 805 \$27 950	\$21 664 \$23 635	\$12 177 \$14 908	\$13 555 \$15 184	\$16 764 \$19 562	\$14 461 \$15 543	\$13 090 \$14 913	\$13 771 \$13 948	\$11 062 \$13 410	\$9 316 \$12 356	\$13 750 \$10 791
Heating equipment	12 794 7 313	10 629 6 231	1 843 1 061	<b>322</b> 21	8 272 3 589	1 <b>250</b> 593	2 311 1 273	1 <b>779</b> 781	782 303	1 <b>233</b> 413	874 217	43
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	3 431 1 436	2 657 1 225	491 211	283	1 808 1 699	369 84	480 149	340 310	139 196	237 512	209 448	34
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace	131 483	106 410	13 67	12	126 1 050	22 182	41 368	45 303	7 137	11 60		<u>-</u>
Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available	6 351 788 12 215	5 193 562 10 204	960 145	198 81	2 934 295	<b>401</b> 19	654 15 2 037	347 14 1 505	274 26 595	608 91	616 101 559	34 29
1	3 468 8 747	2 499 7 705	1 <b>689</b> 757 932	322 212 110	6 780 4 185 2 595	1 133 489 644	1 140 897	964 541	427 168	916 692 224	459 100	34 29 35 14 21 43
House heating fuel	12 794 2 511	10 629 1 828	1 <b>843</b> 683	322	8 272 1 962	1 250 272	2 311 745	1 779 590	<b>782</b> 218	1 233 113	874 24	43
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	83 1 681	56 1 407	7 274	20	183 2 140	32 106	52 173	73 356	19 271	7 673	561	
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8 274 245	7 107 231	865 14	302	3 891 96	776 64	1 328 13	760	255 19	440	289	43
Water heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos	12 787 3 169 666	10 622 2 287 624	1 843 882 32	322 - 10	8 263 2 798 384	1 244 417 119	2 311 1 055 100	1 786 868 131	<b>788</b> 252 27	1 217 159	<b>874</b> 47 7	43
Electricity  Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 908 6 014	2 288 5 399	360 569	260 46	2 603 2 460	272 436	313 836	432 355	306 192	704 354	547 273	29 14
Other	30 10 858	9 331	1 331	196	18 4 591	855	1 616	1 049	11 270	494	286	21
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	5 670 2 098	5 118 1 851	533 233	19 14	2 514 1 353	522 202	930 499	569 383	148 91	266 131	74 42	5 5 9
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	891 337 34	713 288 29	157 44	21 5	1 257 900	200 141	<b>457</b> 331 123	269 194 102	115 93 68	175 115 46	32 26 6	-
Income in 1979 below poverty level	1 936 400	29 1 298 284	512 87	126 29	367 3 694 1 125	22 395 123	695 247	737 247	518 142	739 211	588 147	22 B
Percent below poverty level	3.1	2.7	4.7	9.0	13.6	9.8	10.7	13.8	18.0	17.1	16.8	18.6

# Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Oata are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Cond die esimia	ies bases an a .	ompie, see min	oddendin, for the	aning of symbols,	, and milliodocilo	ii. Tor deminio		appendixes A		
Danbury	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Tatal persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	12 794 346	1 744 -	3 807 141	<b>2 343</b> 79	2 676 48	1 <b>402</b> 20	<b>573</b> 24	186 30	<b>63</b> 4	<b>2.86</b> 2.91	39 682 1 187
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	222 1 286 2 663 2 986 2 768 2 869 6.2	152 371 505 377 247 92 5.2	33 645 1 103 855 701 470 5.6	26 177 524 621 497 498 6.2	76 344 639 763 854 6.9	6 6 148 344 390 508 7.0	5 11 26 108 121 302 7.6	- 13 37 49 87 7.4	- - 5 - 58 8.5+	1.23 1.92 2.25 2.92 3.38 3.94	376 2 674 6 681 9 206 9 091 11 654
Plumbing Facilities By Persons Per Room Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	12 735 12 611 113 11 59 59	1 718 1 718 - 26 26	3 788 3 788 - - 19 19	2 336 2 336 - - 7 7	2 676 2 676 - - - - -	1 395 1 383 6 6 7	573 531 37 5 - -	186 136 50 - - -	63 43 20 - - -	2.87 2.84 6.77 5.42 1.68 1.68	39 564 38 753 741 70 118 118
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more  Mobile home or trailer, etc.	10 629 1 843 322	1 181 449 114	3 016 608 183	1 934 384 25	2 450 226 -	1 312 90 -	536 37 -	154 32 -	46 17 -	3.08 2.28 1.76	34 151 4 976 555
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  \$10,000 to \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999	9 921 	1 062 24 41 71 103 198 388 136 82 19	2 809 	1 788 	2 298 - 7 28 8 81 224 847 587 411 105	1 283 - 5 - 11 57 103 474 430 158 45	488 - - - 15 17 151 168 121	147 	46 - - - 6 2 16 17 5	3.11 - 1.44 1.97 1.91 2.40 2.47 3.07 3.60 3.61 3.48	31 941 - 127 253 490 1 703 3 149 11 783 8 266 4 979 1 191
Median  SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgage Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	12 794 \$24 935 20.7 22.1 14.7 400 \$2 796	\$65 300 1 744 \$8 971 32.7 36.3 29.2 208 \$2500—	\$72 300 3 807 \$21 009 19.5 22.1 15.7 84 \$3 098	\$75 500 2 343 \$26 960 19.2 21.4 10.4 30 \$3 500	\$79 100 2 676 \$28 466 20.8 22.0 10.3 25 \$3 264	\$79 700 1 402 \$27 358 21.1 21.8 10.2 53 \$6 058	\$84 500 573 \$35 288 19.0 20.5 10.5	\$71 300 186 \$36 613 17.3 20.3 10.3	\$74 300 63 \$38 281 15.8 17.3 10—	2.86	39 682
household income	50+ 50+ 50+ 8 285	50+ 50+ 50+ 2 984	50+ 50+ 50+ 2 478	50 + 50 + - 1 356	50 + 50 + -	50+ 50+ -	162	- - - 99	32	1,97	18 839
Nonrelatives present	541 798 1 800 2 348 1 789 631 378 3.9	495 587 1 033 533 250 49 37 2.9	29 175 631 840 582 154 67 4.0	9 20 115 545 377 184 106 4.5	95 8 21 342 281 88 66 4.6	8 - - 62 184 75 39 5.1	27 - - 22 63 33 44 5.4	12 - 8 - 4 49 30 8 5.3	- - - 3 18 11 6.2	2.28 1.05 1.18 1.37 2.26 2.67 3.11 3.30	2 366 590 1 049 2 695 5 703 5 157 2 264 1 381
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 ar less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE	8 036 7 682 284 70 249 238 7	2 854 2 854 - 130 130	2 430 2 405 - 25 48 44 - 4	1 316 1 294 13 9 40 33 7	798 769 21 8 8 8	350 280 62 8 18 18	157 72 85 - 5 5	99 8 79 12 - -	32 24 8 -	1.98 1.91 6.04 3.63 1.46 1.42 3.00 2.00	18 343 16 231 1 737 375 496 468 16
1, detached or attached	1 250 2 311 1 786 788 1 233 874 43	262 493 595 416 625 571 22	388 724 590 200 329 231 16	271 539 300 92 111 38 5	149 298 216 47 83 13	86 151 42 23 45 21	55 49 22 6 30 -	16 48 21 4 10 -	23 9 - - - - -	2.44 2.42 2.01 1.45 1.49 1.27 1.48	3 475 6 190 3 939 1 523 2 372 1 253 87
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	8 225 444 357 613 1 263 1 470 1 325 1 004 1 107 407 235 \$295	2 970 333 163 328 572 606 418 279 135 34 102 \$253	2 459 76 88 158 354 436 463 227 443 94 50 \$310	1 337 18 16 78 152 217 263 231 219 105 38 \$332	806 12 36 28 129 119 122 100 162 67 31 \$326	360 5 41 4 32 60 43 49 80 41 5 \$341	162 - 6 17 12 24 - 17 58 28 - \$409	99 - - 12 8 16 31 2 21 9 \$365	32 - 7 8 17 - \$500+	1.96 1.17 1.68 1.43 1.67 1.80 2.03 2.25 2.44 3.22 1.81	18 720 612 703 1 117 2 502 3 035 2 943 2 555 3 190 1 425 638
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	8 285 \$13 555 26.0 1 125 \$3 526 50+	2 984 \$9 216 29.6 414 \$2500— 50+	2 478 \$16 198 23.6 220 \$3 805 50+	1 356 \$16 301 26.9 214 \$4 243 50+	\$16 719 23.7 128 \$5 085 50+	368 \$18 929 19.8 85 \$6 335 50+	\$19 189 22.8 30 \$7 273 46.4	\$19 609 19.6 28 \$6 875 45.0	\$16 500 13.8 6 \$11 250 50+	1.97  2.17 	18 839  

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		Median	48.8	65.0 60.0 60.0 47.4 43.5	48.8 44.2 65.4		### ### ##############################	34.5	33.7 32.7 32.7 39.5 11.1	34.4 40.2 41.7	4.4.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.9.1.4.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8
		65 years and over	924	672 194 194 27 27 6 6 1.19 1.19	912		6.5 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	718	632 78 8 - - - - 1.07	698 20 1	70 38 67 77 77 78 181 181
	and present	45 to 64 yeors	786	347 219 144 38 35 35 1.71	786		28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2	636	296 193 74 35 35 10 1 61	621 7 15	<b>88</b> 88 86 85 85 85
	lder, no husbo	35 to 44 years	237	25.28 633.38	237		24. 146. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28	385	97 108 108 11 11 11 11 11	376 37 9	8832255888 8322553888
	Female hauseholder, no husbond present	25 to 34 years	178	74 42 32 32 18 18 6	170		88 2 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	895	374 191 199 82 41 81 1.88	884	895 297 111 112 126 126 255
		15 to 24 years	15	115 1.000.1	51		25 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 6 - 1 - 1 - 6 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5	526	218 181 98 29 29 1.75	514 12 4	<b>526</b> 7 7 7 129 129 1104
		65 yeors and over	291	201 65 17 17 1.22 1.22	280		25 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	203	181 22 - - - 1.06 208	261	203 18 18 15 15 17 17 18
Deliotxes & Olic	present	45 to 64 years	289	146 59 34 22 24 24 1.49 607	789		180 76 76 113 124 164 186 186 187 187 187 188 188 188 188 188 188 188	362	300 31 18 9 9 7 4 779	8.6 2 4 4 1	36 107 255 33 152 153 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154
	older, no wife	35 to 44 years	235	105 59 53 7 7 7 1.71	235		171 154 154 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 17	251	136 82 82 13 13 7 7 415	244 7 7	<b>25</b> 86 13 13 13 15 15
o supulina	Male householder,	25 to 34 years	226	111 55 8 8 1.54 452	226		29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29.	989	492 145 29 6 6 8 8 8 1.20 950	64 8 8 8 1	<b>686</b> 107 108 108 108 108 108
		15 to 24 years	21	13 1 13 143	27 - 1 - 1		22 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	473	258 180 25 6 4 4 1.42	452 - 21	£4.88.85.04.8888
and a seculiar		65 years ond over	1 346	1 042 208 67 67 11 11 3 091	1 338		303 303 57 57 57 57 58 114 114 114 1160 1160 1160 1160 1160 11	363	255 81 7 7 13 2.21 857	354 9 9	<b>8</b> 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
6	S	45 to 64 years	3 715	1 309 874 828 828 400 304 3.13	3 709 44 6		2 951 9 184 9 901 9 497 1 184 1 185 1 185	745	306 306 135 135 56 2.86 2.86	727 54 18	721 201 119 81 81 84 84 85
	1-couple familie	35 to 44 years	2 424	143 372 372 896 612 401 4.28	2 424 53		2006 401 401 401 401 174 230 230 230 43 43 43 12.5	374	777 833 844 874 1 569	374 69	<b>367</b> 308 308 308 308 308
200	Married	25 to 34 years	1 978	470 456 741 256 3.59 7 009	1 % L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L		1 665 1 605 1 605 2 83 2 24 2 25 2 24 2 5 2 62 2 62 2 62 2 62 3 63 3 63 4 7 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 0 7	1 147	383 316 299 89 3.10 3.04	1 131 85 16	1 132 163 237 164 103
		15 to 24 years	129	76 47 6 6 2.35 330	129		29 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	521	292 131 131 80 80 135 1380	38 14	<b>52</b> 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0
	_1.	Total	12 794	1 744 3 807 2 343 2 676 1 602 1 822 3 682	12 735 124 59		7 230 1 389 1 389 1 389 1 389 2 532 1 232 2 22.1 2 691 2 68 2 68 3 34 2 13 2 13 3 4 2 13 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3	8 285	2 984 2 478 1 356 806 368 293 1 97	8 354 11	8 225 1 106 1 343 1 343 1 061 1 061
		, dansory	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT    person   pe	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	With a mortgage  With a mortgage  15 to 19 percent  25 to 29 percent  25 to 29 percent  30 to 34 percent  30 to 34 percent  Most computed  Not computed  Not computed  Not only percent  15 to 19 percent  16 to 19 percent  25 to 29 percent  30 to 34 percent  30 to 44 percent  25 to 29 percent  30 to 44 percent  30 to 34 percent	Renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 persons 7 persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent 55 to 49 percent

Table B -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Male hous				on, For denim		Female hou			
Danbury	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	1 744	576	13	111	105	146	201	1 168	15	74	60	347	672
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 718 26	565 11	13	111	105	146	190 11	1 153 15	15 -	66 8	60 -	347	665
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or oftached  2 or more  Mobile hame or trailer, etc	1 181 449 114	357 189 30	13	51 53 7	92 13 -	99 47 -	115 63 23	824 260 84	15 	24 50 -	40 12 8	234 72 41	511 126 35
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 - \$5,000 to \$9,999 - \$10,000 to \$12,499 - \$15,000 to \$14,999 - \$15,000 to \$19,999 - \$20,000 to \$24,999 - \$25,000 to \$34,999 - \$35,000 to \$49,999 - \$50,000 ar more - Median -	489 469 155 120 162 120 115 80 34 \$8 971 \$13 336	79 133 49 24 69 59 80 64 19 \$15 208 \$18 784	77 66 	30 	7 7 6 6 - 13 15 31 19 7 \$25 592 \$26 063	13 19 10 - 26 6 35 25 12 \$24 583 \$25 928	59 70 27 7 8 19 - 11 - \$8 125 \$10 467	410 336 106 96 93 61 35 16 15 \$7 081	9 -6 	12 8 8 20 7 11 - 8 \$18 625 \$28 738	13 8 16 - 6 12 5 - \$13 906 \$18 279	80 96 48 44 38 29 7 7 5 - \$9 904 \$10 958	330 206 42 22 35 19 5 6 7 \$5 091
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage	1 062 399	293 164	-	43 38	71 65	69 35	110 26	769 235	15	17 1 <b>7</b>	34 22	225 110	478 77
Less than \$200 \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$500 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion Mot mortgaged \$400 to \$400 \$400 \$400 \$400 \$400 \$400 \$400 \$40	18 24 53 30 81 97 41 37 18 \$396 <b>663</b>	28 16 38 37 7 26 12 \$400	-	- - 6 13 7 12 \$475	15 	5 11 13 6  - \$356		18 24 25 14 43 60 34 11 6 \$392	9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - 6 11 \$634	 - - 6 11 5 - \$450	12 17 13 14 17 37 - - \$346	6 7 12 - 11 12 23 - 6 \$460 <b>401</b>
less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$250 or more Median	5 7 31 50 98 206 181 85 \$184	5 -7 5 10 53 29 10 \$176	· Ξ	5 - - - - - - - *88	- - - - 6 - \$175	- - - - 13 15 6 \$213	5 - 12 5 10 34 14 4 \$165	7 14 45 88 153 152 75 \$187	- - - - - - 6 \$250+	- - - - - -	- - - - - 8 4 \$238	  29 50 30 6 \$178	7 14 45 59 103 114 59 \$187
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage Not martgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	32.7 36.3 29.2 208 11.9	25.4 30.2 16.6 55 9.5	=	<b>32.5</b> 34.3 10—	24.2 24.6 22.5 7 6.7	15.4 32.2 11.0 13 8.9	29.1 40.0 28.0 35 17.4	38.1 50+ 35.7 153 13.1	50+ 50+ 22.5	23.9 23.9 - - -	25.0 20.0 36.3	28.8 39.2 25.8 60 17.3	43.5 50+ 41.4 93 13.8
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	2 984	1 367	258	492	136	300	181	1 617	218	374	97	296	632
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	2 854 130	1 274 93	244 14	459 33	136	262 38	173 8	1 580 37	212 6	370 4	97 -	289 7	612 20
1, detached or ottached	262 493 595 416 625 571 22	151 203 282 175 336 215	26 24 86 19 90 13	57 99 116 41 109 70	20 12 22 45 26 11	25 34 33 57 89 57 5	23 34 25 13 22 64	111 290 313 241 289 356 17	7 47 41 72 27 24	5 50 106 66 111 36	26 20 20 23 8	26 80 58 44 48 40	73 87 88 39 80 248
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 or \$49,999. \$35,000 or more.	804 810 435 254 430 116 96 30 9	239 287 203 109 295 111 84 30 9 \$11 940	47 63 75 21 42 6 4 - - \$10 633	33 108 52 40 179 70 10 -	7 7 8 13 29 17 25 30 -	57 52 57 35 45 18 31 - 5 \$11 798	95 57 11 - - 14 - 4 \$4 854	565 523 232 145 135 5 12 -	40 103 30 30 15 - - - - - \$8 455	36 101 89 75 73 - - - - \$11 404	19 38 7 13 20 - - - - - \$7 379	96 86 67 15 27 5 -	374 195 39 12 - 12 - 12 - \$4 531
GROSS RENT	\$10 343	\$13 125	\$9 604	\$15 288 \$13 784	\$21 667 \$22 044	\$11 798 \$13 775	\$4 854 \$8 571	\$7 990	\$8 455 \$8 212	\$11 034	\$8 895	\$8 456	\$4 531 \$5 756
Specified renter-occupied housing units	2 970 333 163 328 572 606 418 279 135 34 102 \$253	1 367 59 95 179 255 270 196 130 94 34 55 \$263	258 - 6 31 45 54 46 47 29  \$287	492 	136 - 8 7 27 25 11 23 21 14 - \$305	300 9 47 69 48 43 29 24 6 7 18 \$214	181 50 20 21 - 27 13 13 13 - 10 27 \$181	1 603 274 68 149 317 336 222 149 41 -47 \$244	218 - 13 21 59 60 33 25 - 7 \$261	374 - 11 15 104 93 75 52 24 - - \$287	97 4 7 - 41 20 12 13 - - - \$243	296 18 5 62 43 51 64 39 10 - 4 \$262	618 252 32 51 70 112 38 20 7 7 7 - 36 \$154
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	29.6 414 13.9	25.6 140 10.2	32.1 47 18.2	24.6 33 6.7	19.4 7 5.1	21.1 26 8.7	28.5 27 14.9	33.7 274 16.9	34.9 26 11.9	31.1 23 6.1	<b>36.4</b> 19 19.6	<b>40.3</b> <b>35</b> 11.8	34.2 171 27.1

# Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

								·,	
Danbury	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Danbury city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	244	90	90	64	Vecent for rent housing units	448	231	196	21
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	27	15	12	_	,	20			
4 rooms		8	- 12	7	1 room	28 39	24	4	7
5 rooms	15 27 75 27 73	8	19	_	3 rooms	43	23 20 84	23	- 1
6 rooms	75	38	24	13	4 rooms	186	84	91	11
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	73	21	16 19	11 33	5 rooms	91	40 16	49	2
Median	6.2	5.9	6.1	7.6	6 rooms 7 or more rooms	23 38	24	13	71
	-			, , ,	Median	4.1	4.7	4.2	3.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	244	90	90	64	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	~	-	_	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	430	213	196	21
BEDROOMS					Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	18	18	-	-
					BEDROOMS				i
None	31	19	12	_					
2	43	4	18	21	None	28	24 57	.4	= }
3	110	46	41	23	2	91 215	57 90	27 112	13
4	45 15	14	11	20	3	86	40	46	13
5 ar more	15	/	٥	~	4	19	ii l	7	11
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	9	9	-	-
1975 to March 1980	117	59	32	26	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1970 to 1974	27	13	.8	6	1075 - 41 1000	100	76		
1960 to 1969	18 23	8	14 9	4	1975 to Morch 1980	129 38	75 20	53 14	11
1940 to 1949	3	- 1	_	3	1960 to 1969	38	17	12	9
1939 or earlier	56	10	27	19	1950 to 1959	22	6	16	- 1
					1940 to 1949	27	16	11	=1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	179		(7		1939 ar earlier	194	97	90	
1, detached or ottached	177	46	67 23	64	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mabile home or trailer	<u> </u>		-	_	1. detached ar attached	63	35	25	3
					2	107	35 47	25 53 69	ž
HEATING EQUIPMENT	(				3 ond 4	119	43	69	7
Central heating system	244	90	90	64	5 to 9	39 105	19 72	20	7
Other means	-	-	-	-	50 or more	15	15		
None	_	-	_	_	Mobile home or trailer	-	-	-	-
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	177	46	67	64					
Less than \$10,000	-	-	-	-	Specified vacant for rent housing units	448	231	196	2]
\$10,000 to \$19,999	-	-	-	-	Less than \$100	15 29	29	8	7
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999		_ [	_	_	\$150 ta \$199	27	27	_	
\$40,000 to \$49,999	_	_	_		\$200 to \$249	102	52	43	7
\$50,000 to \$59,999	13	6	7	-	\$250 to \$299	116	62	54	=
\$60,000 to \$79,999	64	10	32	22	\$300 to \$399	153	69 19	77 14	7
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	61	21	23	35	Medion	\$283	\$275	\$294	\$213
Median	\$83 600	\$87 800	\$77 300	\$118 800		4200	42.73	42.74	72.0

# Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B

		Price osked	Specified	vocant for s	ale only hou	ising units			Rent oske	d — Specified	d vacant for	rent housing	units	
Danbury	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Tatal	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	177	-	-	-	116	61	83 600	448	15	29	218	153	33	283
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	177 -	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	116	61 -	83 600	430 18	15 -	18 11	21 1 7	153	33	285 108
BEDROOMS														
None	- 36 81 45 15	-	-	-	- 26 71 11 8	10 10 34 7	75 600 79 300 138 700 89 400	28 91 215 86 19 9	7 - 8 - -	11 6 3 6 - 3	17 46 107 31 11 6	32 83 30 8	- 22 11 - -	254 258 298 292 272 272 281
1975 to March 1980	73 23 18 23 3 3	-	-	-	39 12 14 16 3 32	34 11 4 7 - 5	93 800 98 300 84 400 76 300 77 500 63 100	129 38 38 22 27 194	- 8 7 - - -	6 - - 3 20	34 8 17 6 24 129	65 16 14 13 - 45	24 6 - 3 -	364 325 293 319 236 253
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached	177	_			116	61	83 600	63		3	33	21	6	289
2 or more	•••	•••	:::	:::	•••			385	15	26 -	185	132	27	281

# Appendix A.—Area Classifications

REGIONS	A-1
STATES	A-1
PLACES	A-1
Incorporated Places	A-1
Census Designated Places	A-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN	
STATISTICAL AREAS	A-1
Definition	A-1
SMSA Titles	A-1
New SMSA Standards	A-2
BOUNDARY CHANGES	A-2
AREA MEASUREMENT	A2

## **REGIONS**

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

#### **STATES**

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

## **PLACES**

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

#### **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

## **Census Designated Places**

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

# STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

## Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

#### **SMSA Titles**

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

#### **New SMSA Standards**

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

## AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

# Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

GENERAL	B-1	Persons	B-6
LIVING QUARTERS	B-1	Rooms	B-6
Housing Units	B-1	Persons Per Room	B-6
Comparability With 1970		Bedrooms	B-6
Census Housing Unit Data	B-2	STRUCTURAL	
Group Quarters	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
Comparability With 1970 Cen-		Year Structure Built	B-6
sus Group Quarters Data	B-2	Units in Structure	B-6
Rules for Hotels, Room-		Stories in Structure	B-6
ing Houses, Etc	B-2	Passenger Elevator	B-6
Staff Living Quarters	B-2	PLUMBING	
Year-Round Housing Units	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY		Plumbing Facilities	B-6
CHARACTERISTICS	B-2	Comparability With 1970	
Occupied Housing Units	B-2	Census Plumbing Facilities	
Householder	B-2	Data	B-6
Child	B-2	EQUIPMENT AND FUELS	B-6
Nonrelative	B-3	Heating Equipment	B-6
Age of Householder	B-3	Comparability With 1970	D-0
Household Type	B-3	Census Heating Equipment	
Year Householder Moved		Data	B-6
Into Unit	B-3	Air Conditioning	B-7
Vacant Housing Units	B-3	Vehicles Available	B-7
Vacancy Status	B-3	Comparability With 1970	
Duration of Vacancy	B-3	Census Automobiles	
Tenure	B-3	Available Data	B-7
Condominium Housing Units	B-3	Fuels Used for House Heating	
Comparability With 1970		and Water Heating	B7
Census Condominium Housing Unit Data	B-3	FINANCIAL	
Race of the Householder	B-3	CHARACTERISTICS	B-7
Comparability Between Sam-	5-3	Value	B7
ple and 100-Percent Data		Price Asked	B-7
for Race of the Householder.	B-4	Mortgage Status and Selected	
Comparability With 1970	-	Monthly Owner Costs	B7
Census Data on Race of the		Mortgage Status and Selected	
Householder	B-4	Monthly Owner Costs as a	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin of		Percentage of House-	
the Householder	B-5	hold Income in 1979	B-7
Limitations of the Data		Rent	B-7
on Householders of		Gross Rent as a Percentage	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	of Household Income	ъ о
Comparability Between		in 1979	B-8 B-8
Sample and 100-Percent		Household Income in 1979	B-8
Data on Householders of		Median Income	<b>B</b> -0
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data	B-8
Comparability With 1970		Poverty Status in 1979	B-8
Census Data on House-		Tovorty Otatas III 1070	J-0
holders of Spanish Origin and Householders of		GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5	GENERAL	
UTILIZATION	D0	The 1980 census was conducted p	rimarily
CHUZAIUN		THE TODO CENSUS Was CONDUCTED D	

B - 6

CHARACTERISTICS.....

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters - Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

# OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

**Age of Householder**—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

**Household Type**—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved. although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for ren't or for sale. **Duration of Vacancy**—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigérian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

#### **UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS**

**Persons**—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Bedrooms**—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

#### STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

**Stories in Structure**—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

**Passenger Elevator**—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

## PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

#### **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS**

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers. fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see guestion H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more: police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

#### FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

**Price Asked**—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income In 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

**Median Income**—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

# Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Size of Family Unit	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren unde	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686							•••	•••
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • • •
2 persons	4,723 4,876 4,389	4,723 4,858 4,385	5,000 4,981	•••	•••			•••		
3 persons	5,787 7,412	5,674 7,482	5,839 7,605	5,844 7,356	7,382	•••	•••	•••		
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525			• • •	
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512	• • •		
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429	• • •	
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16, 144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



# Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	C-2

### **USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### **Armed Forces**

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

## **Crews of Merchant Vessels**

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

## Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

# Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

## **Americans Abroad**

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

## Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

# Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

1
1
1
2
2
2
2
2
3
3
3
5
5
5
3
3
6
6

#### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

## SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2.500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

## **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

## Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C: and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se<sub>x</sub> and Se<sub>y</sub> of estimates x and y:

Se 
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se  $(x-y) = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$ 

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

#### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

# Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

#### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which cation were obtain ratio estimation pro in the assignment sample person or For any given tabu teristic total was e the weights assign housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

## **PERSONS**

## Stage I—Type of Household

	Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children
ROCEDURE		Under 18
	1	2 persons in housing unit
ch appear in this publi-	2	3 persons in housing unit
ned from an iterative	3	4 persons in housing unit
ocedure which resulted	4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
of a weight to each housing unit record.	5	8 or more persons in housing unit
ulation area, a charac- estimated by summing ned to the persons or		Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18

6-10

Persons in All Other Housing Units

2 persons in housing unit

through 8 or more persons

11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit

in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

## Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

#### Group

Group

65-96

1

Householder

White Race

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

# Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	, ,
	Female
9-16	Same age categories as
	groups 1 to 8
	•
	Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32	Same age and sex cate-
	gories as groups 1 to 16
	Black Race
33-64	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race

categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

Same age-sex-Spanish origin

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

## OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

## Stage I—Type of Household

Group Housing Units With a Family

	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
2	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
6-10	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons

# Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

in housing unit

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
F	Renter
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ Other Renter No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

## **VACANT HOUSING UNITS**

Group

- Vacant for Rent
   Vacant for Sale
   Other Vacant
- 5 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

# CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data. the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

# EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

#### **ALLOCATION TABLES**

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

# Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	2/ Size of publication area													
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 - - -	16 21 30 35 - -	16 22 35 45 55 -	16 22 35 45 65 80	16 22 35 50 65 95 110	16 22 35 50 70 110 140 170	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 200 230	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 210	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270
25 000 75 000 100 000 250 000 1 000 000 5 000 000 10 000 000	-	:	-	:	-	-	250 - - - - - -	310 310 - - - -	340 510 550 - -	350 570 630 790 - -	350 590 670 970 1 120 -	350 610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	350 610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	350 610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{\hat{Y}}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

# Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage												
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	.1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2 3.0	1.8 2.4	1.5 2.1	1.3 1.7	1.0 1.3	0.7 0.9	0.6 0.8	0.5 0.7	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0 4.3	3.3 3.5	2.8 3.1	2.3 2.5	1.8 1.9	1.3 1.4	1.0 1.1	0.9 1.0	0.6 0.6	0.4	0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8 5.0	3.9 4.1	3.4 3.5	2.8 2.9	2.1 2.2	1.5 1.6	1.2	1.1	0.7 0.7	0.5 0.5	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

·[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.8	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	0.8	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.6
Stories in structure	1.0	0.7	0.5
Passenger elevator	1.1	0.6	0.5
Persons in unit	1.1	0.8	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.8	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.8	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.8	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	0.8	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for exclusive use with 1.01 persons per		•••	
room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

# Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units				
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in somple			
The SMSAPLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL	52 849	15.9			
CITIES OF SMSA's  Donbury city	22 581	15.3			



# Appendix E. — Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10**

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- 2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12**

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid: N	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other weel	k 2
Every Other week	^ 4

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20**

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

*Drilled wells*, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. *Dug wells* are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( { ) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

- This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
  - If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.
  - Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.
  - b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
  - c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
    - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
    - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
    - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
    - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school:
  - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26**

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

#### Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

#### Do not count as work:

Housework or vard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most lest week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29**

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what sarvice is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

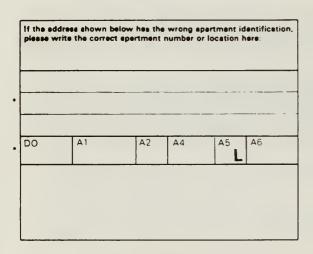
#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33**

- If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.
  - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
  - Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
  - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

## 1980 Census of the United States



### Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

### Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2 Please continue -

### How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover.

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this:

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly.

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

Please start by answering Question 1 below.

### Question 1

#### List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital.
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

### Do Not List in Question 1

- · Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- •Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

•		

#### Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only.
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue >

Here are the	These are the columns	PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2
OUESTIONS	for ANSWERS	Last name	Lust name
<b>↓</b>	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle Initia
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1?  Fill one circle.  If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any odult household member.	If relative of person in column 1:  O Husband/wife O Father/mother Son/daughter O Other relative —— Brother/sister  If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder O Other nonrelative — Partner, roommate Paid employee
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	O Male	O Male Female
4. Is this person		O White O Asian Indian  Black or Negro Hawaiian  Japanese Guarnanian  Chinese Samoan  Filipino Eskimo  Korean Aleut  Vietnamese Other — Specify  Indian (Amer.)  Print  tribe →	White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify — Indian (Amer.) Print tribe ->
5. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday 1 !	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday
a. Print age at	last birthday.		
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0
below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	Signature   Sign	3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 7 7 0 7 0 0 July—Sept. 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0
6. Marital stat	US	Now married	O low married O Separated
Fill one circle		O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced
7. Is this personigin or de		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	pary 1, 1980, has this person ingular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, lementary school, and schooling which school diplome or college degree.		No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related
regular sch attended?	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended:  O Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended:  O Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
person is in.	e. ding school, mark grade if high school was finished cy test (GED), mark "12."	College (ocademic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  O O O O O O  Never attended school — Skip question 10	College (ocademic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  O O O O O O  Never attended school — Skip question 10
	erson finish the highest year) attended? cle.	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year)     Finished this grade (or year)     Did not finish this grade (or year)
		USE ONLY A. OI ON OO	USE ONLY A. OI ON OO

Page 3

PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20.  FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD
First name  If relative of person in column 1:  O Husband/wife O Son/daughter O Brother/sister  Middle initial  Father/mother Other relative	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has enother home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?  O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. O No  I this is a one-family house —  a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?
If not related to person in column 1:  O Roomer, boarder O Other O Partner, roommate nonrelative, O Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?  O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.  No  No  Yes  No  No  Yes  No  No  Yes  No
O Male	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?  O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.  O No  H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?  O One  O 2 apartments or living quarters
o Indian (Amer.)  Print tribe	○ 3 apartments or living quarters          • A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property          ○ 4 apartments or living quarters          ○ Less than \$10,000 ○ \$50,000 to \$54,999          ○ 6 apartments or living quarters          ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ○ \$55,000 to \$59,999          ○ 7 apartments or living quarters          ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 ○ \$60,000 to \$64,999          ○ 8 apartments or living quarters          ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 ○ \$65,000 to \$69,999          ○ 9 apartments or living quarters          ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 ○ \$70,000 to \$74,999          ○ 10 or more apartments or living quarters          ○ \$25,000 to \$24,999 ○ \$75,000 to \$79,999          ○ This is a mobile home or trailer          ○ \$25,000 to \$27,499 ○ \$80,000 to \$89,999
4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0	H5. Do you enter your living quarters —   \$27,500 to \$29,999   \$90,000 to \$99,999
O Widowed O Never married O Divorced O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban	O Yes, for this household only O Yes, but also used by another household O No, have some but not all plumbing facilities O No plumbing facilities in living quarters  H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. O 1 room O 4 rooms O 7 rooms  If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.  Less than \$50  \$50 to \$59  \$170 to \$179  \$60 to \$69  \$70 to \$79  \$190 to \$190  \$80 to \$89  \$200 to \$224
Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic      No, has not attended since February 1     Yes, public school, public college     Yes, private, church-related     Yes, private, not church-related	○ 2 rooms       ○ 5 rooms       ○ 8 rooms       ○ \$90 to \$99       ○ \$225 to \$249         ○ 3 rooms       ○ 6 rooms       ○ 9 or more rooms       ○ \$100 to \$109       ○ \$250 to \$274         H8. Are your living quarters —       ○ \$110 to \$119       ○ \$275 to \$299         ○ 0 wned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household?       ○ \$130 to \$139       ○ \$350 to \$399         ○ Rented for cash rent?       ○ \$140 to \$149       ○ \$400 to \$499         ○ 0 Cocupied without payment of cash rent?       ○ \$150 to \$159       ○ \$500 or more
Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Kindergarten  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  College (scademic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  Never attended school-Skip question 10	FOR CENSUS USE ONLY  A4. Block number  Occupied  First form  Continuation  First form  Continuation  Vacant  Regular  Regular  Regular  Regular  Regular  Regular  Service of the first form  Regular  Re
O Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)  CENSUS USE ONLY A. O I O N O O	S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S

13. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	O Gast from underground pipes	USE
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood  Coal or coke  Wood	H22a.
A one-family house detached from any other house	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	000
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity O No fuel used	III
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8 8 8
O A building for 3 or 4 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	3 3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families     A building for 10 to 10 families	Gas: from underground pipes	4 4 4
A building for 10 to 19 families     A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood O Coal or coke	5 5 5
A building for 50 or more families	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	7 7 7
O A Dulidrig to 50 or more tarrines	O Electricity O Other fuel	8 8 8
O A boat, tent, van, etc.	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
A - 12	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
4a, How many stories (floors) are in this building?  Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	O Gas: from underground pipes O Coal or coke	000
0 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 0 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood O Wood	III
0 4 to 6 0 13 or more stories	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	s s s
O 4 a 0 O THOROSTORIOS	O Electricity — O No finel used —	3 3 3
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	4 4 4
O Yes O No	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5 5
0 140	a. Electricity	7 7 7
ia. Is this building —	\$ 00 OR O Included in rent or no charge O Electricity not used	8 8 8
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	Average monthly cost	9 9 9
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	
	Average monthly cost O Gas not used	0 0 0
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	SSS
from this place amount to —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3 3
O Less than \$50 (or None) O \$250 to \$599 O \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	4 4 4
○ \$50 to \$249  ○ \$600 to \$999  ○ \$2,500 or more	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
	O destruted in read or an above	6 6 6
. Do you get water from —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	? ? ?
	Yearly cost   These fuels not used	8 8 8
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?     An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 ,9 9
An individual drilled well?     An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	Haa 4
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes 🔳 O No	H22d.
7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	1111
	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	SSSS
Yes, connected to public sewer     No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	3 3 3 3
No, use other means	O` 1 bedroom O 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	9-4-4-4
O 110, use other means	O 1 Decironii O 3 Decironiis O 3 Oi mare Decironiis	5555
B. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	6666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	7777
O 1979 or 1980 O 1960 to 1969 O 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	8888
O 1975 to 1978 O 1950 to 1959 O 1939 or earlier	A helf bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	1 2 2 3 3
O 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
When did the namen listed in column 1 mans into	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
). When did the person listed in column 1 move into	1 complete bathroom	0000
	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	IIIII
this house (or apartment)?		5555
this house (or apartment)?  ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959	2 or more complete bathrooms	
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959  1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier	·	3333
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	4444
this house (or apartment)?  ○ 1979 or 1980  ○ 1975 to 1978  ○ 1949 or earlier	·	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5
this house (or apartment)?	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969  this house (or apartment)? Always lived here	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  O Yes  No	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7
this house (or apartment)?	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  O Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?	4444 5555 6666 7777 8888
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated?  Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  O Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  O Yes, a central air-conditioning system	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your fiving quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  O Yes  No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  O Yes, a central air-conditioning system  O Yes, 1 individual room unit	4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  O Yes O No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  O Yes, a central air-conditioning system  O Yes, 1 individual room unit  O Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No  H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No  H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?	4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No  H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?  None  2 automobiles	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 I I I 2 2 2 2
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No  H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?	4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated?  Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard)	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No  H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?  None 2 automobiles  1 automobile 3 or more automobiles	4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No  H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?  None 2 automobiles  1 automobile 3 or more automobiles  H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
this house (or apartment)?  1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969  How are your living quarters heated?  Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.  Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard)  Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?  Yes No  H27. Do you have air conditioning?  Yes, a central air-conditioning system  Yes, 1 individual room unit  Yes, 2 or more individual room units  No  H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?  None 2 automobiles  1 automobile 3 or more automobiles	4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

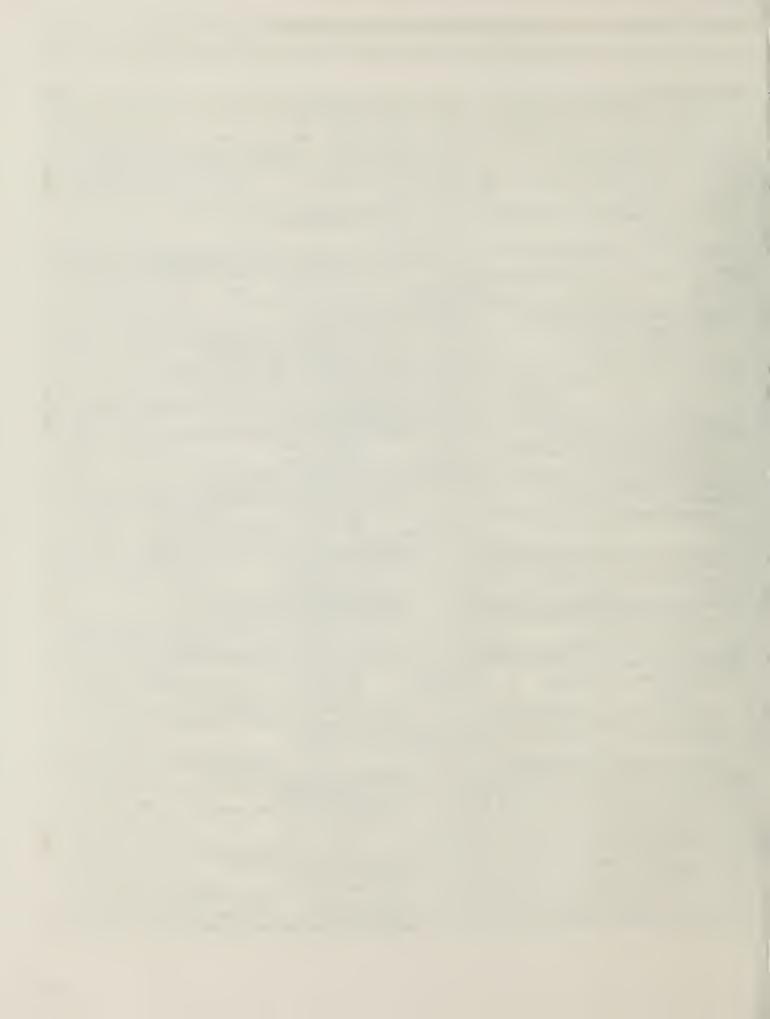
OR YOUR HOUSEHOLD									Per
Please answer H30—H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, <u>unless</u> this is —									
A mobile home or trailer									
A house on 10 or more acres If any of these, or if you	cent wave unit o	e this is a							
* A condominium unit			page 6.						
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property									
30. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	Also li	nclude pay	our total rep	entrect to	purcha	-			
\$ .00 OR O None	second	or junior	mortgeges on	o this pro		lo regular p	avment rec	uired -	- Skip to
31. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?									page 6
40 40 41			ular monthly				d in H32	c) incl	ude
\$ .00 OR O None					-	operty:			
32a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar	7		s included in			<b>-</b>			
debt on this property?		No, taxes	paid separa	tely or ta	ixes not	required			
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt			ular monthly					c) incl	ude
O Yes, contract to purchase						<u></u> [510]	,		
O No — Skip to page 6			rance include ance paid se			Surance			
b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	1			.p. = 1019	<i></i>				
O Yes O No									
						Please tui	n to pag	7e 6	
	1								
	1	~~~	,,,,,	,,,,	<del>, , , ,</del>		11111	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	~~~
FOR CENSU	US USE ONLY								
FOR CENSU	11111	2.	4	2	2.	4.	(3) <sup>2</sup> .		4.
FOR CENSU	1	00	000	0	0 0	000	0		4.
FOR CENSU	11111	0 0	000	2 5.5.	0 0 I I	000	s.s. 2	ī	III
FOR CENSU	1	3 3 5 5 0 0 1 1	333	0	3 3 5 5 1 1 0 0	3 3 3 5 5 5 1 1 1 0 0 0	S.S. 1 Yes 3	3 5 5 1	3 3 3 5 5 5 1 1 1
FOR CENSU	① s.s.	9 4 1 1 2 2 3 3 0 0	000 111 222 333 444	\$.\$.	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4	000	S.S. 1 Yes 3	3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1
FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes	0 0 I I S S 3 4 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000 111 222 333 444 555 666	S.S.	0 0 I I 2 2 3 4 5 5 6	000 111 222 333 444 555 666	S.S. I	3 3 4 4 S	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7	000 111 222 333 444 555 666 777	S.S. Yes O No	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7	S.S. I I 2 2 3 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 6 7 7	1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7
FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes	0 0 I I S S 3 4 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000 111 222 333 444 555 666	S.S.	0 0 I I 2 2 3 4 5 5 6	000 111 222 333 444 555 666	S.S. I	I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 4.	S.S. Yes O No O	Ø Ø Ø I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9	000 111 223 344 555 666 777 888 999	S.S. I 22 Yes 3 4 4 5 6 8 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5	3 3 4	I I I 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O No	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø Ø Ø I I I 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 I I I	S.S. Yes O No O	Ø Ø 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 2. ■	0 0 0 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. I 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 2	1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O No Q	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 2 4 4 9 9 1 1	Ø Ø Ø I I I 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 I I I	S.S. Yes O No O	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 4	S.S. I 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 2	1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 ? ? 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 4.
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O No Q  4 S.S. Yes	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 2 3 3 3	S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	Ø 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 2 3 3 3	S.S. I 2 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 4.    4.   Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O No Q	0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5	Ø1123456 Ø1123456 Ø112345 Ø112345	S.S. Yes O No O S.S.	Ø 1 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	01123456789 01123456789 0112345	\$.\$. 1 Yes 4.5 O 5.6 No 7.7 O 5.5 S.S. 1		1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 4. 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O No Q  4 S.S. Yes	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789	\$.\$. Yes O No O \$.\$. Yes	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 P 1 2 3 3 4 5 6	Ø11234567899 Ø11234567899 Ø1123456	\$.\$. 1 Yes 4.5 O 5.6 No 7.7 O 5.5 S.S. 1		1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O No Q  4 S.S. Yes	0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø112345678         Ø123456789       Ø12345678	S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes	Ø 1 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø112345678         Ø123456789       Ø12345678	S.S. 1 Yes 3.4 O 5.6 No 7.8 S.S. 1 Yes 4.7 O 5.7 O 5.7 O 5.7 O 7.7 O 7.7 O 7.7 O 7.7		1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O No Q  4 S.S. Yes O No	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 5 6 7	Ø1123456789 Ø1123456789 Ø11234567 Ø11234567	\$.\$. Yes O No O \$.\$. Yes O No	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø1123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789	S.S. 1 Yes 4 O 5 S.S. 1 A 7 O 7 O 8 S S.S. 1 A 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 8 O 7 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O No Q  4 S.S. Yes O No	0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø112345678         Ø123456789       Ø12345678	\$.\$. Yes O No O \$.\$. Yes O No	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø1123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789	S.S. 1 Yes 3.4 O 5.6 No 7.8 S.S. 1 Yes 4.7 O 5.7 O 5.7 O 5.7 O 7.7 O 7.7 O 7.7 O 7.7		1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O NO Q (4) S.S. Yes O NO O	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789	\$.\$. Yes O S.\$. Yes O GQ. O GQ.	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 P	0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 Yes 3 O 5 No 7 O 5 S.S. 1 O 5 No 7 O 6 S.S. 1 O 6 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7	H32:	1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O NO Q  S.S. Yes O NO O	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø11233456789 Ø11233456789 Ø1123456789 Ø1123456789	\$.\$.  Yes  No  S.\$.  Yes  GQ.	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Ø 1 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 4 . Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 0 . Ø 1 1 2 3 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 0 . Ø 1 1 2 3 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 0 . Ø 1 1 2 3 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 0 . Ø 1 1 2 3 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 0 . Ø 1 1 2 3 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 0 . Ø 1 1 2 3 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 0 . Ø 1 1 2 3 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 0 . Ø 1 1 2 3 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. I I I I I I I I	1 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O NO Q (4) S.S. Yes O NO O	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø123456789         Ø123456789       Ø123456789         Ø1233456789       Ø1233456789	\$.\$.  Yes  No  S.\$.  Yes  GQ.  GQ.	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 H3 6 7 8 9 H3 6 7 8 9	Ø11234556789 Ø11234556789 4. Ø11234556789 Ø12334566789 Ø12234556789	S.S. 1 Yes 3 O 5 No 7 O 8 S.S. 1 Yes 3 O 6 S.S. 1 Yes 3 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 7 O 8 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7 O 7	H32:	1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 6. 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3
FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O No O No O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789	\$.\$. Yes O No O GQ. O I O GQ.	0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 P 1 2 3 3 4 5 7 8 9 P 1 2 3 3 5 7 8 9 P 1 2 3 3 5 7 8 9 P 1 2 3 3	Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789	S.S. I Yes 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	H32:	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O No O O To S.S. Yes O	0 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789	\$.\$. Yes O No O S \$.\$. Yes O No O GQ.	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789         Ø1234566789	S.S. I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	H32	1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O No O No O	0 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789       Ø1123456789	\$.\$. Yes O No O GQ. O I O G GQ.	0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H: 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H: 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø1123456789         Ø123456789         Ø123456789	S.S. I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	H32:	1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 9 0 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

D	-	

### ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR

Name of Person 1 on page 2:  Last name First name Middle initial  11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?	16. When was this person born?  Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33  Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person	22a. Did this person work at any time last week?  O Yes — Fill this circle if this O NO — Fill this circle if this person worked full if this person time or part time.  (Count part-time work or did only own
Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?  O Yes O No b. Attending college?	such as delivering papers, housework, or helping without pay in school work, a family business or farm, or volunteer Also count active duty work, in the Armed Forces.)
	O Yes O No	Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.  12. If this person was born in a foreign country —  a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the	c. Working at a job or business?  O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	b. How many hours did this person work <u>last week</u> (at all jobs)?  Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
United States?  O Yes, a naturalized citizen	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military	Hours
No, not a citizen     Born abroad of American parents	service in the Armed Forces of the United States?  If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction guide.	23. At what location did this person work last week?  If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?	O Yes O No — Skip to 19	If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.
0 1975 to 1980 0 1965 to 1969 0 1950 to 1959 0 1970 to 1974 0 1960 to 1964 0 Before 1950	b. Was active-duty military service during —  Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.  O May 1975 or later  O Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975)	a. Address (Number and street)
13a. Does this person speak a language other than	O February 1955—July 1964	
English at home?	Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)     World War II (September 1940—July 1947)	if street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.
Yes O No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	■ ○ World War I (April 1917-November 1918)	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language?	Any other time  19. Does this person have a physical mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more	
(For example — Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	months and which Yes No	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
c. How well does this person speak English?	a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area
O Very well O Not well O Well O Not at all	b. <u>Prevents</u> this person from working at a job? O C. <u>Limits or prevents</u> this person	d. County
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about	nom using poole transportation:	
how to report encestry, see instruction guide.	20. If this person is a famale - None 1 2 3 4 5 6  How many babies has she ever 0 0 0 0 0	e. State f. ZIP Code
	had, not counting stillbirths?	24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican,		Minutes
Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once?	b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	Once O More than once	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.
If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	b. Month and year Month and year of marriage?	O Car O Taxicab O Truck Motorcycle
O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for next person	75-11-1-15-10 XI-10-1-12-10	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only
O Yes, this house - Skip to 16	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)  c. If married more than once – Did the first marriage	O Railroad O Worked at home
O No, different house	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	O Subway or elevated O Öther — Specify ————————————————————————————————————
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	O Yes O No	Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country,	FOR CENSU	S USE ONLY
Puerto Rico,	Per. 11. 13b. 14.	15b. 23. O VL 24s.
Guam, etc.:	No.	
(2) 0	5 555 555 555	555 555 555 555 55
(2) County:	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	333 333 333 333 333 333 33
(3) City, town, village, etc.:	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	555 555 555 555 555 55
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	666 666 666 666 66
of that city, town, village, etc.?	?   ? ? ?   ? ? ?       ? ? ?   ? ? ? ?     ? ? ?   ? ? ? ? ? ?     ? ? ?   ?	? ? ? ? ? ?   ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?   ? ?     8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
O Yes O No, in unincorporated area	999 999 999 999	999 999 999 999 999 99

c. When going to work last week, did this person usually -	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few	CENCII	S USE ONLY
O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	USE 21b.	days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	31b. 31	
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	. 00	O Yes No — Skip to 31d	1	0 00
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	' T T			1 1 1 1
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 2 2	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?		8   8 8
0 2 - 0 4 0 6	1133	Count paid vacation, paid sich leave, and military service.		3 3 3
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	09-4-	Weeke		99
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	6.6	Weeks	1	5 5 5
	٦ ''' د د	Ourier the weeks weeked in 1070 have made to did		6 6
5. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	0 7 7	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did		7 7
or business <u>last week?</u>	IV e e	this person usually work each week?		8 8
O Yes, on layoff	099	Hours	1 .	9 9
O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.				
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many weeks	32a.	32b.
	00	was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	0000	0000
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	1 1		1111	
→ ○ Yes ○ No - Skip to 27	s s	Weeks	8888	
	33		3333	
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	9.4	32. Income in 1979 —	4444	
O No, already has a job	5 5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	5555	
O No, temporarily ill	66.	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.		
O No, other reasons (In school, etc.)	L	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income	6666	
O Yes, could have taken a job	7 7	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	7777	1
	88	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	8888	
7. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	99	following sources?	9099	1
O 1980 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974	28.		A C	)   O A O
0 1079 0 1975 to 1977 0 1969 or earlier Skip to		If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	32c.	32d.
O Never worked 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	0000	1
	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	1111	
3-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,		1
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000	dues, or other Items.	3333	1
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which		O V	4444	1
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	0 res - \$ .00	5555	•
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	000	(Annual amount - Dollars)	6666	
lest job or business since 1975.	1	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional		
8. Industry	KLM	practice Report net Income after business expenses.	7777	
	000		8888	
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		● ○ Yes → \$ .00	9999	i
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	No (Annual amount - Dollars)	0 A C	0 40
	III	c. Own farm	32e.	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	5 5 5	Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as		!
	3 3		0000	
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	44	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	1 1 1	
Describe the activity at location where employed.	2.2	○ Yes → \$ .00	888	•
	6.6	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)	3 3 3	3 3 3 3
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	7 7		449	
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	88	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	555	5   555
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)	(n (s)	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	666	666
	1	○ Yes → s .00	777	? ? ? ?
Manufacturing Retail trade  Wholesale trade  Other — (ogriculture, construction)	AF O	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)	888	ន់ ខែឧទ
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	) NW O	(Annual amount - Dollars)	999	999
9. Occupation	1	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement		-
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	■ ○ Yes → \$ .00	32g.	33.
The state of the s	NPQ	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)	0000	0000
	000	(Annual amount - Dollars)	1111	
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of		f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with	8888	8 8888
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	3333	3 3 3 3 3
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments	9999	4449
	UVW	○ Yes → s .00	5555	5 5 5 5 5
75	000	O No	6666	
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	i	(Annual amount - Dollars)	7777	1
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	8888	1
). Was this person — (Fill one circle)	000	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources	9999	
Employee of private company, business, or		of income received regularly		OAG
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions O	00	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an Inheritance		
Foderal reverement employee	I I	or the sale of a home.	I I	11111
Federal government employee	SS	O V		5 5 5 5 5 5
State government employee	3 3 3	O Yes \$		33 333
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	999	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)		33   333 }4   449
		33. What was this person's total income in 1979?		
	555			3 5 I 5 5 5
Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	666			6 6 6 6
Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	1	Add entries in questions 32a	66 6	
Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —  Own business not incorporated	666	Add entries in questions 32a \$ .00	66 6	7 7 7 7 7
Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	666	Add entries in questions 32a	66 6	



### Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

PUBLICATIONS-Con.

GENERAL	
Population and Housing Census	
PHC80-1, Block Statistics PHC80-2, Census Tracts PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental	F-1 F-1 F-2
Units and Standard Metro- politan Statistical Areas PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th	F-2
Congress	F-2
	F-2
and Housing Characteristics.	F-2
Population Census Reports PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	F-2
teristics of the Population PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	F-2
ber of Inhabitants PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	F-2
Population Characteristics PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic	F-2
Characteristics	F-3
Characteristics	F-3
Reports	F-3
Reports	F-3
Housing Census Reports HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	F-3
teristics of Housing Units HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	F-3
General Housing Characteristics	F-3
Detailed Housing Characteristics	F-3
politan Housing Characteristics	F-3
Reports	F-3
nents of Inventory Change	F-3

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
tial Finance	F-4
HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	
Reports	F_4
Evaluation and Reference	•
	F_4
Reports	r-4
PHC80-E, Evaluation and	
Research Reports	F4
PHC80-R, Reference Reports.	F-4
PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-4
PHC80-R2, History	F-4
PHCOU-NZ, HIStory	,
PHC80-R3, Alphabetical	
Index of Industries and	
Occupations	F-4
PHC80-R4, Classified	
Index of Industries and	
Occupations	F-4
PHC80-R5, Geographic	
Identification Code	
Scheme	F-4
COMPLETED TABLE	F-4
COMPUTER TAPES	
Summary Tape Files	F-4
STF 1	F-4
STF 2	F-4
STF 3	F-4
STF 4	F-5
STF 5	F-5
	F-5
Other Computer Tape Files	r-5
P.L. 94-171, Population	
Counts	F-5
Master Area Reference Files	
1 and 2 (MARF)	F-5
Geographic Base File/Dual	
Independent Map Encoding	
(GBF/DIME)	F-5
Public-Use Microdata	
	F-5
Samples	F-5
	F-5
MAPS	
MICROFICHE	F-5
STF 1 Microfiche	F-5
STF 3 Microfiche	F-5
P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche.	F_5
F.L. 34-171 Counts Microfiche	

### **GENERAL**

The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

#### **PUBLICATIONS**

### Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

### **Population Census Reports**

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A. B. C. and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteral. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

### **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and crossclassification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

### **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in loose-leaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

### **COMPUTER TAPES**

### Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists off two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the. District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3)) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are: followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the: summaries below can be found in the: technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2-This STF contains 2,292 cells off detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A) reports.

STF 3-This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the (sample), PC80-1-C, PHC80-2 HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5-This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

### Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

### MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

### **MICROFICHE**

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

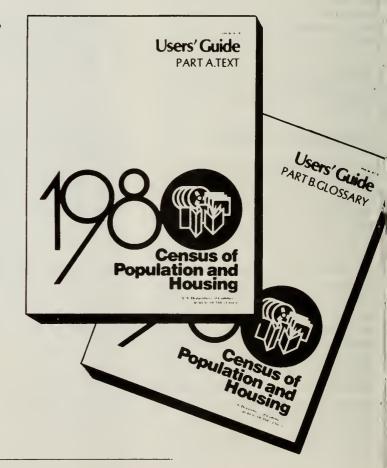
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

### **Users' Guide**

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



Order from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Specify the stock number (S/N) given below and make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents.

Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

Census HD 7293 .A56x 1933 v.2 pt.132 c.2 Census of housing (1980). 1980 census of housing. Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402

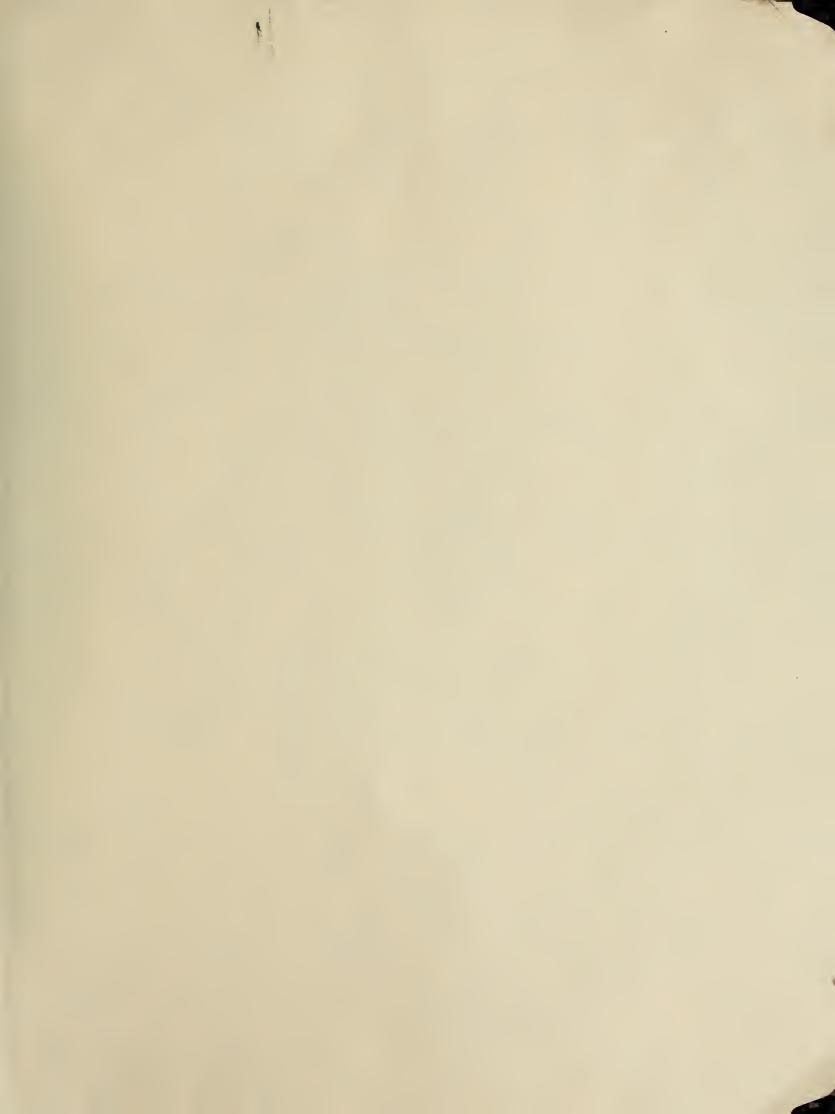
Official Business Penalty for Private Use, \$300



POSTAGE AND FEES PAID U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COM-202

Special Fourth-Class
Rate-Book





CB/Bureau of the Census Library
5 0673 01033272 7